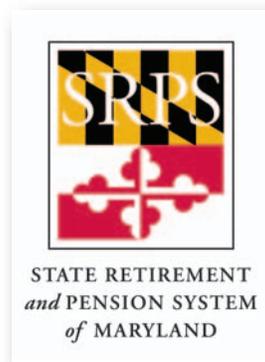


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State Retirement and Pension System  
of Maryland

# *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*

A Pension Trust Fund of the State of Maryland



For the Year Ended June 30, 2003

*Prepared by:*

State Retirement Agency of Maryland  
120 East Baltimore Street  
Baltimore, Maryland 21202

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## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

### STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM OF MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AGENCY

120 EAST BALTIMORE STREET  
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 21202  
TELEPHONE: 410-625-5555  
1-800-492-5909



THOMAS K. LEE  
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR  
TO THE BOARD  
BOARD OF TRUSTEES

December 15, 2003

Honorable Chairman & Members of the Board of Trustees:

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland (the "System") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. We believe this report fairly reflects the results achieved during 2003.

The System is charged with the fiduciary responsibility for properly administering the retirement and pension allowances and other benefits, while striving to keep employer contribution rates as affordable as possible while maximizing investment returns and minimizing the risks inherent in any investment program. Members covered by the plans include State employees, teachers, law enforcement officers, legislators, judges, as well as local government employees and fire fighters whose employers have elected to participate in the System.

Seventy-six years ago, the first statewide retirement plan in Maryland (the Teachers' Retirement System) was established. Fourteen years later, in 1941, the Employees' Retirement System was established. Together these two plans comprise the majority of the System's membership. The System now provides monthly allowances to more than 90,000 retirees and beneficiaries, and is an essential element of the future financial security for over 190,000 active participating members. Descriptions of the membership requirements of, and benefits provided by, each plan administered by the System are included in the Plan Summary Section starting on page 85.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report contains six sections. The Introductory Section includes this letter of transmittal, along with information about the administrative structure of the System. The Financial, Actuarial and Investment Sections provide a comprehensive review of the System's financial position, the results of its operations and its funded status. Viewed separately, each of these three sections provides information about a different aspect of the System's long-standing record of stewardship and financial stability. In this regard, the Financial Section contains the report from the System's independent auditor, the combined

financial statements and supplementary financial data. The Actuarial Section contains the independent actuary's certification, as well as the results of the System's annual actuarial valuation. The Investment Section includes a report from the System's Chief Investment Officer highlighting the past year's performance in addition to various summary level portfolio composition and performance data. The Plan Summary and Statistical Sections provide detailed descriptions of the various plans' provisions and the demographic composition of the membership segments affected by each plan.

In addition to this Letter of Transmittal, additional narrative, overview and analysis can be found in Management's Discussion and Analysis found on pages 15 through 19 of this annual report.

#### **Economic Environment**

As was the case during fiscal years 2001 and 2002, the lackluster economic environment during the first part of fiscal year 2003 presented another significant challenge to public pension funds. A recovery in the latter part of the fiscal year allowed the System to have positive investment returns for the first time in the last 3 years; however, those returns were still below the System's actuarially determined target investment return for fiscal year 2003 of 8.0%. As such, the System had a decrease in its overall funded status for the third year in a row. Despite this temporary downturn, the System remains financially strong and ahead of schedule with regard to its long-term funding goals.

#### **Investment Strategies**

Under the experienced direction of its Board of Trustees, the System plans to continue following its steady course toward maximizing investment returns while minimizing its exposure to risk. In the months ahead, the System will continue to deploy assets at home as well as throughout the expanding global markets in an effort to maintain an appropriate portfolio balance.

## Major Issues and Initiatives

The System contracted with an investment consultant to perform a review of the asset allocation policy. As a direct result of the consultant's recommendations, the Board of Trustees made substantial changes in its asset allocation and investment manager structure during this past fiscal year.

Working to improve the public confidence in corporate governance, the Board of Trustees has stepped up its efforts to advocate for governance reforms. Details of the governance reforms, as well as details of the consultant's recommendations, can be found in the Chief Investment Officer's Report on pages 42 through 44.

## Financial Information

Because System management is responsible for the information contained in this report, we have committed the resources necessary to maintain an internal control structure which provides reasonable assurance that assets are adequately safeguarded and the financial records are consistently and accurately maintained. Accordingly, we are confident that the financial statements, supporting schedules and statistical tables included in this report fairly present the System's financial condition and the results of its operations in all material respects.

## Accounting System and Reports

The System reports its transactions on the accrual basis of accounting, under which revenues are reported in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses are reported when the related liability is incurred. Investments are reported at fair value at fiscal year end. Investment purchases and sales are reported in the accounting period in which the related trade dates occur.

## Revenues

The reserves necessary to finance retirement allowances and other benefits are accumulated through investment earnings and the collection of employer and member contributions. During fiscal year 2003, investment earnings were \$799 million, while revenues from employer and member contributions were \$601 million and \$208 million, respectively. For fiscal year 2003, member contribution rates remained unchanged, while employer rates varied depending on the System.

## Expenses

The System's expenses consist of monthly retirement allowances, refunds of contributions to terminated and transferring members

and withdrawing employers, and the administrative cost of System operations. As expected, payments to retirees, beneficiaries and transferring or withdrawing members and employers continued to be the System's primary disbursements during 2003, totaling \$1,491 million. Of this amount, the System disbursed \$1,474.3 million as retirement allowances to members and beneficiaries. The remaining \$16.3 million was paid to members and withdrawing employers as a result of employment terminations, system transfers or withdrawal. Administrative and investment expenses are entirely funded through investment income. Of the \$94 million disbursed during fiscal year 2003 to manage the investment portfolio and to administer the System, \$73 million was paid for investment management, portfolio custody and securities lending services while \$21 million was used to fund the System's administrative operations.

## Funding and Reserves

Funds, derived from the excess of revenues over expenses, are accumulated by the System in order to meet benefit obligations to both current and future retirees and beneficiaries. The Annotated Code of Maryland requires participating employers to make periodic contributions which, as a level percentage of payroll, will fund the employers' "normal costs" over the members' average active service period, and the System's accrued unfunded liability in separate annual layers. Specifically, the unfunded actuarial liability that existed at June 30, 2000 will continue to be amortized over the remaining 17-year period to June 30, 2020, whereas each subsequent annual liability layer will be amortized over a 25-year period. Each year the Board of Trustees certifies the required employer contribution rates based on the actuary's annual valuation and recommendations.

At June 30, 2003, the System's actuarial accrued liability was \$35.0 billion. With the actuarial value of assets accumulated to pay the liability at \$32.6 billion, the System now stands at 93.3 percent funded.

## Investments

The System engaged in a restructuring of the investment portfolio during the latter part of the fiscal year. The restructuring consisted of a reallocation of \$1.3 billion from internally managed U.S. Treasuries into a corporate bond index fund and a corresponding reallocation of invested funds from international stocks into U.S. Treasuries. Although the domestic equity markets began to recover in the latter part of the fiscal year, they had an overall decrease for the 3rd consecutive fiscal year. Overall, investment performance in fiscal year 2003 improved over the prior two fiscal years as the System realized a 3.2% investment rate of return during the fiscal year.

### **Professional Services**

The System contracts for the services of various independent consulting, investment advisory and financial professionals to assist the Board of Trustees in carrying out its fiduciary responsibility to efficiently and effectively manage the System. For example, actuarial services were provided by Milliman USA and independent financial statement audit services were provided by the State of Maryland's Office of Legislative Audits. The System's asset custody and portfolio accounting services are provided by the State Street Bank & Trust Company under a multi-year, master custody arrangement. A complete listing of the System's professional consultants and external investment advisors is presented on page 11.

### **Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2002. This was the fourteenth consecutive year (1989 through 2002) the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of

Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

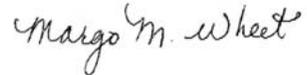
A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

### **Acknowledgments**

This annual report reflects the dedicated efforts of the System's staff under the steady direction of the Board of Trustees. We extend our sincere gratitude to each member of the Board of Trustees, the Agency's staff, the Board's advisors and the many people who worked so hard to make fiscal year 2003 a success.



Thomas K. Lee  
*Executive Director &  
Secretary to the Board*



Margo M. Wheat, CPA  
*Chief Financial Officer*

STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM OF MARYLAND  
STATE RETIREMENT AGENCY

120 EAST BALTIMORE STREET  
BALTIMORE, MARYLAND 21202  
TELEPHONE: 410-625-5555  
1-800-492-5909



THOMAS K. LEE  
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR  
TO THE BOARD  
BOARD OF TRUSTEES

December 15, 2003

Dear Members and Beneficiaries::

A positive investment environment returned to the financial markets in fiscal year ending June 30, 2003. Total investment return of the Maryland Retirement and Pension System (SRPS) was a positive 3.2% compared with a negative 7.6% for fiscal 2002. Total fund assets were \$26.7 billion at the close of fiscal 2003 versus \$26.6 billion in 2002.

Much progress at SRPS has taken place during the fiscal year. In last year's letter, we committed ourselves to an aggressive five-point program needed to address difficult issues facing the Agency. This is to report on that effort.

Specifically, a new strategic investment strategy has been implemented, new governance and administrative policies have been adopted, and a highly qualified and experienced investment professional has joined our senior staff team as Chief Investment Officer. The membership of the Board of Trustees now includes a number of appointed professionals with investment background. We believe we are now a stronger organization as a result of these additions and more capable of handling the challenges faced by us and most public pension funds.

The Board of Directors wishes to express its appreciation for the support and confidence that you have shown during the past year. It is our intention to continue to communicate openly to all members and beneficiaries regarding investment and administrative issues through the newsletters and web site. Should you have any concerns please feel free to call our toll free number 1-800-492-5909 or e-mail us at [sra.state.md.us](mailto:sra.state.md.us) or write to the address on the back cover. Please be assured your inquiries and comments will be reviewed promptly. SRPS welcomes your input and wants to affirm that your benefits are safe and secure.

While we realize much work lies ahead, we are pleased with the progress to date and believe you should be also. Our strategic direction is correct and SRPS will continue to pursue its program with a sense of urgency and a goal of excellence in all that we do.

Sincerely,

Handwritten signature of William Donald Schaefer in black ink.

WILLIAM DONALD SCHAEFER  
*Chairman*

Handwritten signature of Nancy K. Kopp in black ink.

NANCY K. KOPP  
*Vice Chairman*

**BOARD OF TRUSTEES**



**WILLIAM DONALD SCHAEFER, *Chairman***  
**State Comptroller**

Ex Officio since January 25, 1999  
Member, Investment Committee  
Member, Real Estate Subcommittee



**NANCY K. KOPP, *Vice Chairman***  
**State Treasurer**

Ex Officio since February 14, 2002  
Member, Investment Committee  
Member, Executive Committee  
Member, Audit Committee



**WILLIAM D. BROWN**

August 1, 1997 – July 31, 2005  
Chairman, Executive Committee  
Member, Audit Committee



**ARTHUR N. CAPLE, JR.**

August 1, 1985 – July 31, 2005  
Chairman, Investment Committee



**JAMES C. DI PAULA**

Ex Officio since January 15, 2003  
Member, Executive Committee  
Member, Investment Committee  
Member, Audit Committee



**DR. NANCY S. GRASMICK**

Ex Officio since September 16, 1991  
Member, Executive Committee



**DAVID B. HAMILTON**

July 1, 2003 - June 30, 2007  
Member, Executive Committee  
Chairman, Audit Committee



**KENNETH C. HOLT**

August 1, 2003 - July 31, 2005  
Member, Investment Committee

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**BOARD OF TRUSTEES**



**MAJOR MORRIS L. KROME**  
August 1, 1998 – July 31, 2006  
Vice Chairman, Executive Committee  
Member, Audit Committee  
Member, Investment Committee



**CARL D. LANCASTER**  
August 1, 1987 – July 31, 2007  
Vice Chairman, Investment Committee  
Chairman, Real Estate Subcommittee



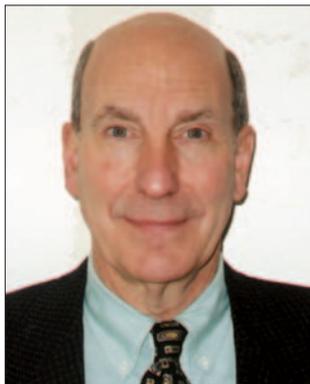
**DR. A. MELISSA MOYE**  
July 1, 2003 - June 30, 2007  
Member, Investment Committee  
Member, Real Estate Subcommittee



**PATRICK A. O'SHEA**  
July 1, 2003 - June 30, 2007  
Member, Investment Committee  
Member, Real Estate Subcommittee

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**PUBLIC ADVISORS TO THE INVESTMENT COMMITTEE**



**ROBERT W. SCHAEFER**



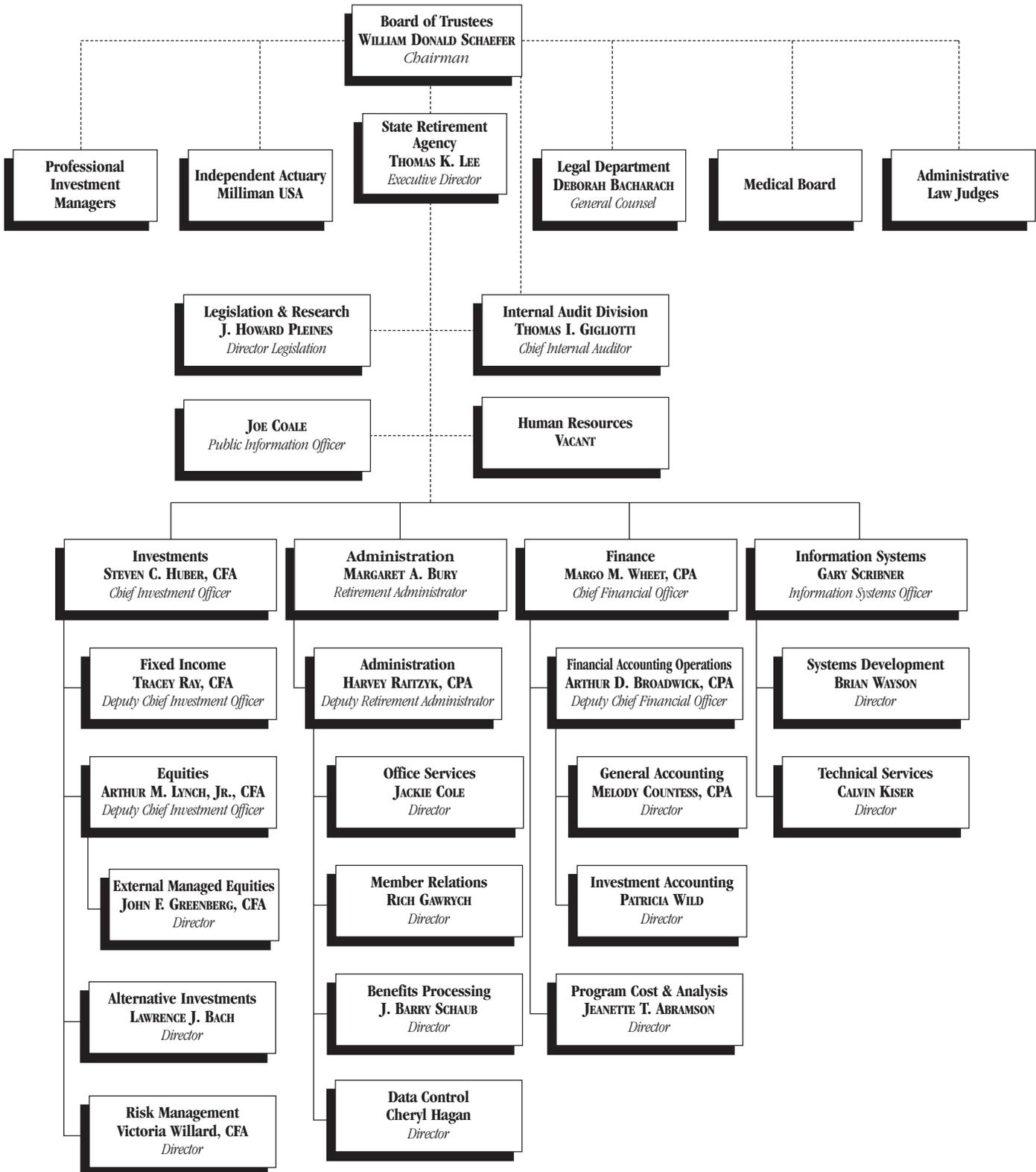
**WAYNE H. SHANER**



**BRIAN B. TOPPING**

**ORGANIZATIONAL CHART**

(November, 2003)



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**PROFESSIONAL SERVICES**

**ASSET & INCOME VERIFICATION SERVICES**

Financial Control Systems, Inc.  
*Chadds Ford, Pennsylvania*

**EQUITY INVESTMENT MANAGERS**

Abbott Capital Management, LLC  
*Boston, Massachusetts*

Adams Street Partners, LLC  
*Chicago, Illinois*

Advent Capital Management  
*New York, New York*

Ariel Capital Management, Inc.  
*Chicago, Illinois*

Bank of Ireland Asset Management Limited  
*Dublin, Ireland*

Brown Capital Management, Inc.  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

Brown Investment Advisory &  
Trust Company  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

Capital Guardian Trust Company  
*Washington, D.C.*

Dimensional Fund Advisors, Inc.  
*Santa Monica, California*

The Edgar Lomax Company  
*Springfield, Virginia*

HarbourVest Partners, LLC  
*Boston, Massachusetts*

Legg Mason Capital Management, Inc.  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

Maryland Venture Capital Trust  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

Relational Investors, LLC  
*San Diego, California*

Robert W. Torray & Co., Inc.  
*Bethesda, Maryland*

State Street Global Advisors  
*Boston, Massachusetts*

T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

Templeton Investment Counsel, Inc.  
*Fort Lauderdale, Florida*

Trust Company of the West (TCW)  
*Los Angeles, California*

**FIXED INCOME INVESTMENT MANAGERS**

Fountain Capital Management, LLC  
*Overland Park, Kansas*

Lazard Asset Management  
*New York, New York*

Morgan Stanley Dean Witter Investment  
Management  
*West Conshohocken, Pennsylvania*

Pacific Investment Management Company  
*Newport Beach, California*

State Street Global Advisors  
*Boston, Massachusetts*

W. R. Huff Asset Management Co. LLC  
*Morristown, New Jersey*

**GLOBAL CUSTODIAL BANK**

State Street Bank and Trust Company  
*Boston, Massachusetts*

**HEARING OFFICERS**

Office of Administrative Hearings  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

**INDEPENDENT ACTUARY**

Milliman USA  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR**

Office of Legislative Audits  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

**INDEPENDENT INVESTMENT CONSULTANT**

Ennis Knupp & Associates  
*Chicago, Illinois*

**MEDICAL BOARD**

John J. Fahey, M.D.  
Norman Freeman, Jr., M.D.  
Arthur Hildreth, M.D.  
Bruce Z. Kohn, M.D.  
William B. Russell, M.D.  
Claudia Thomas, M.D.  
Alfred Wiedmann, M.D.

**OPERATIONAL BANKING SERVICES**

M & T Bank  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

The Harbor Bank of Maryland  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

**REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT MANAGERS**

Chesapeake Maryland Limited Partnership  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc.  
*New York, New York*

LaSalle Investment Management, Inc.  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

LaSalle Investment Management  
Securities, LP  
*Baltimore, Maryland*

Lubert-Adler Management, Inc.  
*Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*

TimesSquare Real Estate Investors  
*Hartford, Connecticut*

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

State Retirement and  
Pension System of  
Maryland

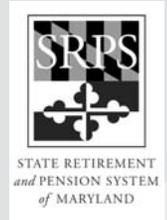
For its Comprehensive Annual  
Financial Report  
for the Fiscal Year Ended  
June 30, 2002

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



*William Patrick Galt*

*Jeffrey R. Emer*



## **TEACHERS' RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEMS**

*The Teachers' Retirement System was established by the General Assembly in 1927 and is the oldest plan administered by the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland. Equally important to the retirement security of state and local teachers is the Teachers' Pension System which was established in 1980. Today, the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems comprise state and local teachers of the public school systems, as well as certain employees of boards of education, public libraries and community colleges. Active membership involves over 97,000 participants. The combined systems provide survivor, disability and retirement benefits to plan members.*



**DEPARTMENT OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES**  
**OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE AUDITS**  
**MARYLAND GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

**Karl S. Aro**  
Executive Director

**Bruce A. Myers, CPA**  
Legislative Auditor

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
STATE RETIREMENT AND  
PENSION SYSTEM OF MARYLAND

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, which is a pension trust fund of the State of Maryland, as of June 30, 2003 and 2002, as listed in the table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the System's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the plan net assets of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland as of June 30, 2003 and 2002, and the changes in plan net assets for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the MD&A. However, we did not audit the information and do not express an opinion on it.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying required supplementary information and other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2003 on our consideration of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, rules, regulations and contracts. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audits.

The other data included in this report have not been audited by us and, accordingly, we express no opinion on such data.

Bruce A. Myers, CPA  
*Legislative Auditor*

November 7, 2003

301 West Preston Street • Room 1202 • Baltimore, Maryland 21201  
410-946-5900/301-970-5900 • FAX 410-946-5999/301-970-5999  
Other areas in Maryland 1-877-486-9964

To help facilitate a better understanding of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland's (the "System") financial condition as of June 30, 2003, the results of its operations for the fiscal year then ended and the fiscal policies that govern its significant business operations, management has prepared this narrative analysis. This narrative is intended to supplement the System's audited financial statements and, as such should be read in conjunction with these statements, which are presented beginning on page 20.

### *Overview of the Financial Statements*

As required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, the System's basic financial statements comprise the comparative Statements of Plan Net Assets and Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets, along with the related note disclosures. In addition, the System's financial statements include certain required supplementary information (e.g., schedules of funding progress, and employer contributions) as well as other supplementary schedules considered relevant to the financial statement user (e.g., schedules of fund balances, administrative and investment expenses, plan net assets and related changes by system). To better understand the relevance of the information presented in the System's financial statements and related notes and supplementary information, it is helpful to first consider what purpose each component is intended to serve.

The Statements of Plan Net Assets present a comparative, summary-level snapshot, as of a specific point in time (i.e., June 30th – the last day of the System's fiscal year), of the market value of the net assets available to pay future pension benefits to retirees and beneficiaries. To assist the reader in understanding the composition of the System's accumulated net assets the most significant components (e.g., cash and cash-equivalent securities, investments) are separately disclosed. In this regard, cash and cash equivalents represent that portion of the System's assets which, as of the end of the fiscal year, reside in the form of actual cash or short-term, highly liquid, investment securities. This amount gives an indication of the System's liquidity at fiscal year end. Conversely, the amounts shown as investments represent those funds invested in longer-term securities (e.g., stocks, bonds, real estate) held for the purpose of generating investment income. The sum of these assets, reduced by any liabilities owed by the System at fiscal year-end, represents the net assets held in trust to pay pension benefits.

By contrast, the Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets are intended to show, on a comparative basis, the major categories of income earned (additions to plan net assets) and expenses incurred (deductions from plan net assets) by the System during the previous fiscal year. As such, the System's net income or loss accounts for the entire change in the net assets held in trust to pay pension benefits during the fiscal year as a result of System operations. As with the System's assets and liabilities, significant categories of income and expense, as reported on the statement of changes in plan net assets, are separately disclosed to help clarify the major sources and uses of System resources.

Finally, the note disclosures are provided as an integral component of the financial statements to help explain in narrative form some of the more complex or less obvious elements of the statements. Further, the notes to the financial statements provide additional information (e.g., significant accounting policies, categorization of custodial credit risk) that is essential for a comprehensive understanding of the System's financial condition and the results of its operations.

Beyond the basic financial statements, the System provides certain required schedules and related note disclosures that collectively demonstrate the System's annual progress toward funding its actuarial accrued liability (i.e., Schedule of Funding Progress) and discloses a ten-year history of required employer contributions (i.e., Schedule of Contributions from Employers and Other Contributing Entity). The importance of these schedules is best explained by reference to the previously discussed basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Funding Progress, while similar in scope to the Statements of Plan Net Assets in that it is primarily focused on reporting on the accumulation of assets, differs from such statements both in its method for valuing such assets and in its approach to explaining their relevance to the liability they are being accumulated to satisfy. In this regard, the Schedule of Funding Progress first takes a long-

term, actuarial view toward valuing the System's investment portfolio, as opposed to the market value approach reflected on the Statements of Plan Net Assets. Specifically, the System's assets are valued (for funding purposes) using a methodology that distributes investment gains and losses over a five-year period in order to minimize the effects of annual market volatility on employer contribution rates. The schedule then discloses the total actuarial accrued liability as projected to reflect the estimated effects of actuarial assumptions about future membership, service credit and covered payroll. Thus computed, the actuarial value of assets and the actuarial accrued liability are compared to disclose both the changes in the amount of unfunded actuarial liability, over a ten-year period, and the System's progress toward accumulating the necessary assets. This final piece, progress toward funding the actuarial accrued liability, is measured on the schedule in two significant ways. First is the funded ratio, which measures the System's ability to pay all projected benefits as they become due. Second is the unfunded liability, as a percentage of covered payroll, which measures the participating employers' capacity to pay all contributions required to fund the actuarial liability.

The Schedule of Contributions from Employers and Other Contributing Entity, much like the Schedule of Funding Progress, shares common characteristics with data disclosed in the basic financial statements. In this regard, both the Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets and the Schedule of Contributions from Employers and Other Contributing Entity disclose the amount of contributions received from participating employers. However, the Schedule of Contributions from Employers and Other Contributing Entity differs from the Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets in that the schedule's only focus is to disclose the contributions required to be made in accordance with the System's funding policy and the percentage of the required contributions actually made during the fiscal years presented. The notes to the required supplementary information provide background information and explanatory detail to aid in understanding the required supplementary schedules.

Finally, the other supplementary schedules, presented immediately after the required supplementary information, summarize the changes in fund balances, disclose major categories of operating and investment expenses, discuss the development of the System's statutory transfer refund rate and provide combining, plan-level detail related to asset, liability, income and expense amounts summarized in the basic financial statements.

## *Analysis of Financial Position and Results of Operations*

The System's overall funding objective is to accumulate sufficient assets over time to meet its long-term benefit obligations as they become due. Accordingly, collecting employer and member contributions as well as earning an adequate long-term rate of return on its investments are essential components of the System's plan for accumulating the funds needed to finance future retirement benefits. In this regard, fiscal year 2003, although much improved over the prior 2 fiscal years, was another difficult year both for the financial markets and the economy as a whole.

### *Fiscal Year 2003 compared to 2002*

Cash and cash equivalents and investments, at fair value, comprised 98.7% of the total assets of the Plan at June 30, 2003 and 2002 respectively, remaining unchanged for the current fiscal year.

The schedule below indicates a modest increase (1.1%) in the managed assets of the System. Cash and cash equivalents were more than double the amount on hand at the end of fiscal year 2002. This was primarily due to a restructuring of the System's investment portfolio that was in progress at the 2003 fiscal year end. The restructuring, consisting of a reallocation of \$1.3 billion out of internally managed U.S. Treasuries into a corporate bond index fund and a corresponding reallocation of invested funds from international stocks into U.S. Treasuries, explains the decreases in international stocks and U.S. government obligations and the increase in domestic corporate obligations. Mortgage and mortgage related securities also saw a significant decrease as part of the above referenced reallocation of assets.

The decrease in domestic stocks was primarily due to a decline in the U.S. equity markets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003. A schedule of the System's investments and changes (by type) from fiscal year 2003 to 2002 is as follows (expressed in millions):

	June 30,		Change	
	2003	2002	Amount	%
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 2,436.7	\$ 1,141.6	\$ 1,295.1	113.4%
U.S. Government obligations	2,439.9	2,892.3	(452.4)	- 15.6%
Domestic corporate obligations	3,955.3	2,743.2	1,212.1	44.2%
International obligations	66.1	77.1	(11.0)	- 14.3%
Domestic stocks	12,017.2	12,641.7	(624.5)	- 4.9%
International stocks	3,981.9	4,715.1	(733.2)	- 15.6%
Mortgage & mortgage related securities	1,522.3	2,005.2	(482.9)	- 24.1%
Real estate	771.5	733.3	38.2	5.2%
Alternative investments	134.0	82.1	51.9	63.2%
<b>Total managed investments</b>	<u>27,324.9</u>	<u>27,031.6</u>	<u>293.3</u>	<u>1.1%</u>
Collateral for loaned securities	2,291.8	2,304.9	(13.1)	- 0.6%
<b>Total investments and cash &amp; cash equivalents</b>	<u><u>29,616.7</u></u>	<u><u>29,336.5</u></u>	<u><u>280.2</u></u>	<u><u>1.0%</u></u>

Contributions collected by the System increased during fiscal year 2003. Additionally, a recovery in the financial markets, especially during the second half of fiscal year 2003, provided significant improvement in net investment income. The system experienced positive investment returns after 2 consecutive years of negative returns. The fund, as expected, continues to pay out more in benefits than it collects in contributions and that, coupled with an increase of over \$100 million in benefits paid to retirees, negated much of the investment gain resulting in a modest net increase in plan net assets of \$59 million.

A schedule of the System's additions to and deductions from plan net assets and related changes (by major category) from fiscal year 2003 to 2002 is as follows (expressed in millions):

	June 30,		Change	
	2003	2002	Amount	%
Employer contributions	\$ 226.3	\$ 226.9	\$ (0.6)	- 0.3%
Member contributions	207.6	199.3	8.3	4.2%
Other & contribution interest	380.6	352.8	27.8	7.9%
Net investment income	756.7	(2,265.3)	3,022.0	133.4%
<b>Total additions</b>	<u>1,571.2</u>	<u>(1,486.3)</u>	<u>3,057.5</u>	<u>205.7%</u>
Benefit payments	1,474.3	1,372.3	102.0	7.4%
Refunds	16.3	17.5	(1.2)	- 6.9%
Administrative expenses	21.3	20.1	1.2	6.0%
<b>Total deductions</b>	<u>1,511.9</u>	<u>1,409.9</u>	<u>102.0</u>	<u>7.2%</u>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in plan net assets</b>	<u><u>59.3</u></u>	<u><u>(2,896.2)</u></u>	<u><u>2,955.5</u></u>	<u><u>102.0%</u></u>

### Fiscal Year 2002 compared to 2001

Contributions collected by the System declined during fiscal year 2002, due primarily to a decrease in the actuarially determined employer contribution rates. Additionally, declining financial markets affected most of the economic sectors in which the System held investments during fiscal year 2002 thus producing the second consecutive year of negative investment returns for the System. As a result, the System experienced a net investment loss of \$2.3 billion for fiscal year 2002. This loss, when coupled with the \$600 million excess of benefits, refunds and administrative expenses incurred over employer and member contributions earned, resulted in a \$2.9 billion reduction in total plan net assets for fiscal year 2002.

During fiscal year 2002, System revenues, which comprise employer and member contributions as well as earnings on investments, increased by \$830 million from \$(2.3) billion in fiscal year 2001 to just under \$(1.5) billion in fiscal year 2002. This positive change was due primarily to better investment performance during fiscal year 2002.

Expenses for fiscal year 2002 totaled \$1.4 billion, an increase of \$95 million (7 percent) over fiscal year 2001. This increase was attributable to an increase in total benefit payments resulting from the steadily increasing number of retirees and beneficiaries in pay status. Expenses incurred to administer the System declined slightly in fiscal year 2002 after having remained fairly level for the past several years.

A schedule of the System's investments and changes (by type) from fiscal year 2002 to 2001 is as follows (*expressed in millions*):

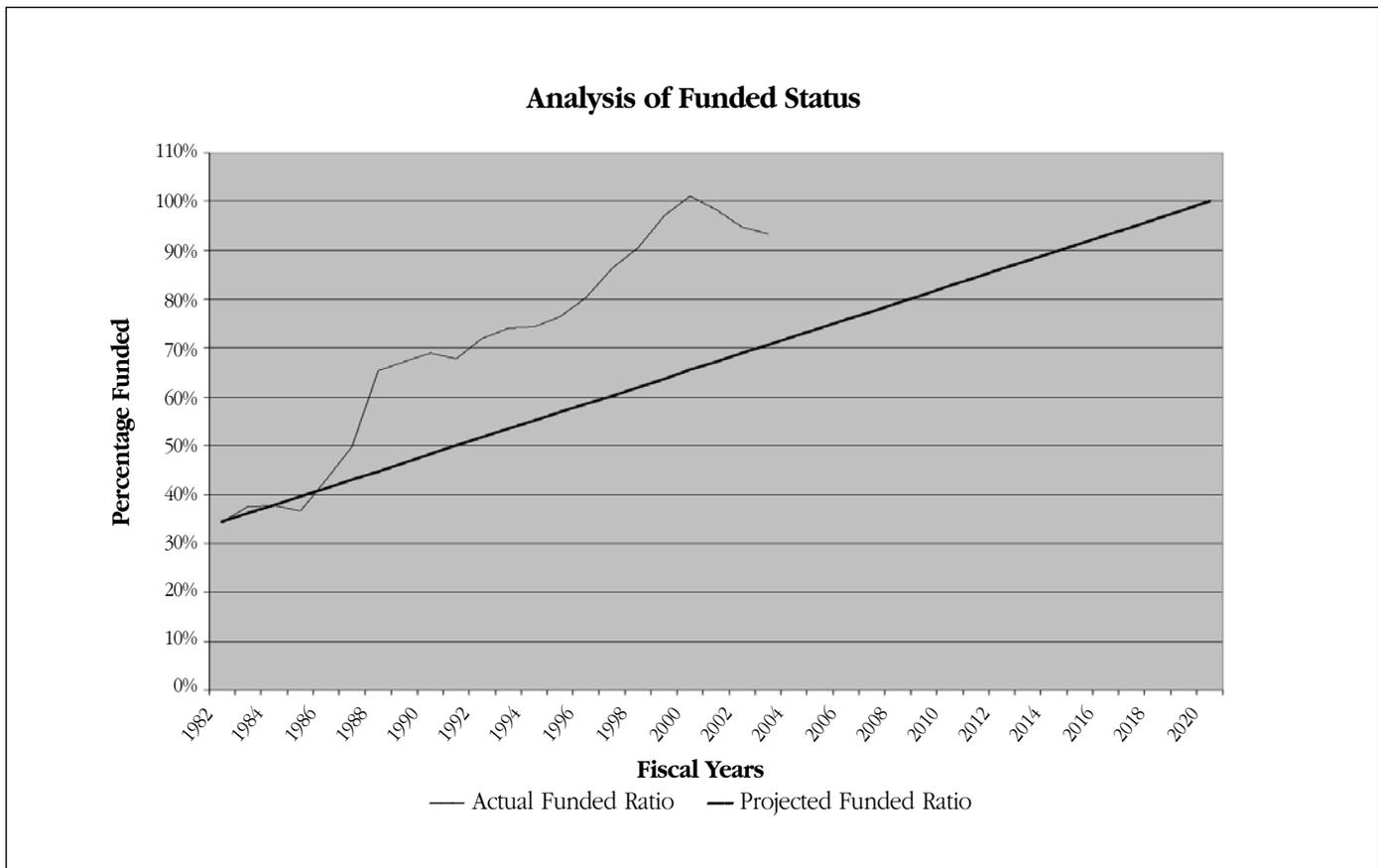
	June 30,		Change	
	2002	2001	Amount	%
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 1,141.6	\$ 919.9	\$ 221.7	24.1%
U.S. Government obligations	2,892.3	2,361.8	530.5	22.5%
Domestic corporate obligations	2,743.2	3,036.1	(292.9)	- 9.6%
International obligations	77.1	185.5	(108.4)	- 58.4%
Domestic stocks	12,641.7	14,391.8	(1,750.1)	- 12.2%
International stocks	4,715.1	5,632.4	(917.3)	- 16.3%
Mortgages & mortgage related securities	2,005.2	2,503.8	(498.6)	- 19.9%
Real estate	733.3	768.3	(35.0)	- 4.6%
Alternative investments	82.1	60.3	21.8	36.2%
<b>Total managed investments</b>	<u>27,031.6</u>	<u>29,859.9</u>	<u>(2,828.3)</u>	- 9.5%
Collateral for loaned securities	<u>2,304.9</u>	<u>2,623.8</u>	<u>(318.9)</u>	- 12.2%
<b>Total investments and cash &amp; cash equivalents</b>	<u>\$29,336.5</u>	<u>\$32,483.7</u>	<u>\$(3,147.2)</u>	- 9.7%

A schedule of the System's additions to and deductions from plan net assets from fiscal year 2002 to 2001 is as follows (*expressed in millions*):

	June 30,		Change	
	2002	2001	Amount	%
Total additions	(1,486.3)	(2,314.7)	828.4	35.8%
Total deductions	<u>1,409.9</u>	<u>1,314.6</u>	<u>95.3</u>	7.2%
<b>Net increase (decrease) in plan net assets</b>	<u>(2,896.2)</u>	<u>(3,629.3)</u>	<u>733.1</u>	20.2%

## Analysis of Funded Status

The System remains financially sound as of June 30, 2003 and significantly ahead of its original actuarial funding schedule, which projected the System to be fully funded by the year 2020. As provided by law, any new unfunded liabilities arising during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, or any fiscal year thereafter, will be funded over a 25 year period. The following chart illustrates this point.



In analyzing the System's overall funded status, it is important to remember that a retirement system's funding plan is based on a long time horizon, where temporary ups and downs in the market are expected. The more critical factor is that the System be able to meet the current expected earnings yield of, on average, a 7.75 percent annual return on investments.

## Requests for Information

Members of the System's Board of Trustees and senior management are fiduciaries of the pension trust fund and, as such, are charged with the responsibility of ensuring that the System's assets are used exclusively for the benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. This financial report is designed to provide an overview of the System's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the resources entrusted to the System for the benefit of all of the System's stakeholders. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland  
 Attn: Mr. Arthur Broadwick  
 120 E. Baltimore Street, Suite 1660  
 Baltimore, Maryland 21202-1600

**STATEMENTS OF PLAN NET ASSETS**  
**as of June 30, 2003 and 2002**  
*(Expressed in Thousands)*

	2003	2002
<b>Assets:</b>		
<b>Cash &amp; cash equivalents</b> (note 3)	\$ 2,436,697	\$ 1,141,644
<b>Receivables:</b>		
Contributions:		
Employers	10,639	10,228
Employers – long term (note 5)	79,713	81,614
Members	3,753	3,783
Accrued investment income	84,595	119,982
Investment sales proceeds	226,391	176,658
Total receivables	<u>405,091</u>	<u>392,265</u>
<b>Investments, at fair value</b> (notes 2 & 3):		
U.S. Government obligations	2,439,957	2,892,274
Domestic corporate obligations	3,955,314	2,743,183
International obligations	66,099	77,116
Domestic stocks	12,017,175	12,641,718
International stocks	3,981,883	4,715,043
Mortgages & mortgage related securities	1,522,255	2,005,226
Real estate	771,507	733,338
Alternative investments	134,042	82,090
Collateral for loaned securities	2,291,759	2,304,930
Total investments	<u>27,179,991</u>	<u>28,194,918</u>
<b>Total assets</b>	<u>30,021,779</u>	<u>29,728,827</u>
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Accounts payable & accrued expenses (note 7)	43,739	44,972
Investment commitments payable	957,197	709,284
Obligation for collateral for loaned securities	2,291,759	2,304,930
Other liabilities	1,262	1,131
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<u>3,293,957</u>	<u>3,060,317</u>
<b>Net assets held in trust for pension benefits</b>	<u>\$26,727,822</u>	<u>\$26,668,510</u>
<i>(A schedule of funding progress is presented on page 30)</i>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS**  
**for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002**  
*(Expressed in Thousands)*

	2003	2002
<b>Additions:</b>		
<b>Contributions</b> (note 4):		
Employers	\$ 226,344	\$ 226,913
Members	207,584	199,304
Other	374,986	347,106
Contribution interest (note 5)	5,570	5,699
Total contributions	814,484	779,022
 <b>Investment income:</b>		
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	107,467	(2,986,680)
Interest	406,860	467,733
Dividends	245,493	264,762
Real estate operating net income	31,016	29,161
Income before securities lending activity	790,836	(2,225,024)
Gross income from securities lending activity	38,712	67,493
Securities lending borrower rebates	(29,037)	(50,016)
Securities lending agent fees	(1,933)	(3,496)
Net income from securities lending activity	7,742	13,981
Total investment income	798,578	(2,211,043)
Less investment expenses (note 2f)	(41,831)	(54,272)
Net investment income	756,747	(2,265,315)
<b>Total additions</b>	1,571,231	(1,486,293)
 <b>Deductions:</b>		
Benefit payments	1,474,257	1,372,325
Refunds (note 6)	16,310	17,476
Administrative expenses (note 2f)	21,352	20,064
<b>Total deductions</b>	1,511,919	1,409,865
<b>Net increase (decrease) in plan assets</b>	59,312	(2,896,158)
 <b>Net assets held in trust for pension benefits:</b>		
Beginning of the fiscal year (as restated - note 2h)	26,668,510	29,564,668
End of the fiscal year	\$26,727,822	\$26,668,510

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE SYSTEM

#### a. Organization

The State Retirement Agency (the "Agency") is the administrator of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland (the "System"), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators and employees of participating governmental units. Responsibility for the System's administration and operation is vested in a 14-member Board of Trustees.

The State of Maryland is the statutory guarantor for the payment of all pensions, annuities, retirement allowances, refunds, reserves and other benefits of the System. The Agency is legally authorized to use all assets accumulated for the payment of benefits to pay such obligations to any plan member or beneficiary as defined by the terms of the plan. Consequently, the System is accounted for as a single plan as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 25, "Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans." Additionally, the System is fiscally dependent on the State by virtue of the legislative and executive controls exercised with respect to its operations, policies and administrative budget. Accordingly, the System is included in the State's reporting entity and disclosed in its financial statements as a pension trust fund.

The System comprises the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems, Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems, State Police Retirement System, Judges' Retirement System, Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System and the Local Fire and Police System.

#### b. Covered Members

The Teachers' Retirement System was established on August 1, 1927 to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to teachers in the State. Effective January 1, 1980, the Teachers' Retirement System was closed to new members and the Teachers' Pension System was established. As a result, teachers hired after December 31, 1979 become members of the Teachers' Pension System as a condition of employment. Members remaining in the Teachers' Retirement System have the opportunity to irrevocably elect to transfer to the Teachers' Pension System. For those transferring, all prior service credit and member contributions on earnings above the social security wage base are transferred from the Teachers' Retirement System to the Teachers' Pension System, with member contributions on earnings up to the social security wage base being refunded (see note 6).

On October 1, 1941, the Employees' Retirement System was established to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, elected and appointed officials and the employees of participating governmental units. Effective January 1, 1980, the Employees' Retirement System was essentially closed to new members and the Employees' Pension System was established. As a result, State employees (other than correctional officers) and employees of participating governmental units hired after December 31, 1979 become members of the Employees' Pension System as a condition of employment, while all State correctional officers and members of the Maryland General Assembly continue to be enrolled as members of the Employees' Retirement System. State employees and employees of participating governmental units remaining in the Employees' Retirement System have the opportunity to irrevocably elect to transfer to the Employees' Pension System. For those transferring, all prior service credit and member contributions on earnings above the social security wage base are transferred from the Employees' Retirement System to the Employees' Pension System with member contributions on earnings up to the social security wage base being refunded (see note 6). Currently, 132 governmental units participate in the Employees' Systems.

The State Police Retirement System was established on July 1, 1949 to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to any police employee or cadet of the Maryland State Police.

The Judges' Retirement System was established on June 30, 1969 to provide retirement allowances and other benefits for State and local, appointed or elected judges.

The Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System was established on July 2, 1990 to provide retirement allowances and other benefits for certain State and local law enforcement officers. This System includes both retirement plan and pension plan provisions which are applicable to separate portions of this System's membership. The retirement plan provisions are only

applicable to those members who, on the date they elected to participate in this System, were members of the Employees' Retirement System. This System's pension plan provisions are applicable to all other participating law enforcement officers.

The Local Fire and Police System was established on July 1, 1989 to provide retirement allowances and other benefits for law enforcement officers and fire fighters employed by participating governmental units. This System includes both retirement plan and pension plan provisions which are applicable to separate portions of this System's membership. The retirement plan provisions are only applicable to those officers and fire fighters who, on the date they elected to participate in this System, were members of the Employees' Retirement System. This System's pension plan provisions are applicable to all other participating governmental unit law enforcement officers and fire fighters.

The following table presents a summary of membership by system as of June 30, 2003, with comparative 2002 totals:

	Inactive & Deferred Vested	Retirees & Beneficiaries	Active Plan Participants		
			Vested	Non-vested	Total
Teachers' Retirement & Pension Systems	18,861	43,675	63,330	33,968	97,289
Employees' Retirement & Pension Systems	26,561	44,591	58,893	30,393	89,286
Judges' Retirement System	13	306	287	0	287
State Police Retirement System	41	1,695	1,182	360	1,542
Local Fire and Police System	35	33	80	47	127
Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	62	503	1,039	442	1,481
Totals as of June 30, 2003	45,573	90,803	124,811	65,210	190,021
Totals as of June 30, 2002	44,355	87,367	122,258	67,865	190,123

**c. Summary of Significant Plan Provisions**

All plan benefits are specified by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Retirement allowances are computed using both the highest three years' average final salary (AFS) and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. Pension allowances are computed using both the highest three consecutive years' AFS and the actual number of years of accumulated creditable service. Various retirement options are available under each system which ultimately determine how a retiree's benefit allowance will be computed. Some of these options require actuarial reductions based on the retiree's and/or designated beneficiary's attained age and similar actuarial factors. A brief summary of the retirement eligibility requirements of, and the benefits available under, the various systems follows:

**Service Retirement Allowances**

A member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System is generally eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 60 or accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals 1/55 (1.8%) of the member's AFS multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service.

A member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 62, with specified years of eligibility service, or accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. Generally, the annual pension allowance for a member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System equals 1.2% of the member's AFS, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated prior to July 1, 1998, plus 1.4% of the member's AFS, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service accumulated subsequent to June 30, 1998. However, the annual pension allowance for a member of the Employees' Pension System, who is employed by a participating governmental unit that does not provide the enhanced pension benefits, equals 0.8% of the member's AFS up to the social security integration level (SSIL), plus 1.5% of the member's AFS in excess of the SSIL, multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service. For the purpose of computing pension allowances, the SSIL is the average of the social security wage bases for the past 35 calendar years ending with the year the retiree separated from service.

A member of the State Police Retirement System is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 50 or accumulating 22 years of eligibility service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals 2.55% of the member's AFS multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service and may not exceed 71.4% of the member's AFS.

A member of the Judges' Retirement System is eligible for full retirement benefits upon attaining age 60. The annual retirement allowance for a member with at least 16 years of accumulated creditable service equals  $\frac{2}{3}$  (66.7%) of the salary of an active judge holding a comparable position. The annual retirement allowance is prorated if the member retires with fewer than 16 years of accumulated creditable service.

A member of the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 50 or accumulating 25 years of eligibility service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance for a member who is covered under the retirement plan provisions equals  $\frac{1}{50}$  (2.0%) of the member's AFS multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service up to 30 years, plus  $\frac{1}{100}$  (1.0%) of the member's AFS multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service in excess of 30 years. For members subject to the pension provisions, full service pension allowances equal 2.0% of AFS up to a maximum benefit of 60% (30 years of credit).

A member of the Local Fire and Police System who is covered under the retirement plan provisions is eligible for full retirement benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 60 or accumulating 25 years of eligibility service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance equals  $\frac{1}{50}$  (2.0%) of the member's AFS multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service up to 30 years, plus  $\frac{1}{100}$  (1.0%) of the member's AFS multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service in excess of 30 years. A member who is covered under the pension plan provisions is eligible for full pension benefits upon the earlier of attaining age 62 or accumulating 25 years of eligibility service regardless of age. The annual pension allowance equals 1.0% of the member's AFS up to the SSIL, plus 1.5% of the member's AFS in excess of the SSIL, multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service.

### **Vested Allowances**

Any member (other than a judge) who terminates employment before attaining retirement age but after accumulating 5 years of eligibility service is eligible for a vested retirement allowance. Judges have no minimum service requirements prior to vesting. A member who terminates employment prior to attaining retirement age and before accumulating 5 years of eligibility service receives a refund of all member contributions and interest.

### **Early Service Retirement**

A member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System may retire with reduced benefits after completing 25 years of eligibility service. Benefits are reduced by 0.5% per month for each month remaining until the retiree either attains age 60 or would have accumulated 30 years of eligibility service, whichever is less. The maximum reduction for a Teachers' or Employees' Retirement System member is 30%. A member of either the Teachers' or Employees' Pension System may retire with reduced benefits upon attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service. Benefits are reduced by 0.5% per month for each month remaining until the retiree attains age 62. The maximum reduction for a Teachers' or Employees' Pension System member is 42%. Members of the State Police, Judges', Law Enforcement Officers' and Local Fire and Police Systems are not eligible for early service benefits.

### **Disability and Death Benefits**

Generally, a member covered under retirement plan provisions who is permanently disabled after 5 years of service receives a service allowance based on a minimum percentage (usually 25%) of the member's AFS. A member covered under pension plan provisions who is permanently disabled after accumulating 5 years of eligibility service receives a service allowance computed as if service had continued with no change in salary until the retiree attained age 62. A member (other than a member of the Maryland General Assembly or a judge, both of which are ineligible for accidental disability benefits) who is permanently and totally disabled as the result of an accident occurring in the line of duty receives  $\frac{2}{3}$  (66.7%) of the member's AFS plus an annuity based on all member contributions and interest. Death benefits are equal to a member's annual salary as of the date of death plus all member contributions and interest.

### **Adjusted Retirement Allowances**

Retirement and pension allowances are increased annually to provide for changes in the cost of living according to prescribed formulae. Such adjustments for retirees are based on the annual change in the consumer price index. Generally, for Teachers' and Employees' Pension System retirees, the pension allowance adjustments are limited to 3% of the preceding

year's allowance. However, annual increases to pension allowances for Employees' Pension System retirees who were employed by a participating governmental unit that does not provide enhanced pension benefits are limited to 3% of the initial allowance. Retirement allowances for legislators and judges are recalculated when the salary of an active member holding a comparable position is increased.

## **2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### **a. Basis of Accounting**

The System's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, investment purchases and sales are recorded as of their respective trade dates and all contributions, benefits and refunds are recognized in the period when due. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, "*Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that use Proprietary Fund Accounting*", the System has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements and only Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989.

### **b. Investment Limitations**

The State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland authorizes the System to invest plan assets in stocks, bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, mortgage notes, real estate, debentures or other obligations, subject to the terms, conditions, limitations and restrictions imposed by the Board of Trustees of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland. As such, no more than 25% of the assets invested in common stocks may be invested in non-dividend paying common stocks. In addition, no investment in any one organization may constitute more than 5% of the total assets of the System (valued at cost). The System did not exceed either of these investment limits.

### **c. Portfolio Valuation Method**

The System investments are reported at fair value. For fixed income securities, fair value is based on quoted market prices provided by independent pricing services. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages and mortgage related securities are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. Fair value for real estate investments is based on estimated current values and independent appraisals. Fair value for alternative investments and mutual funds (other than those funds traded on a national or international exchange) is based on information provided by the applicable fund managers. Investment amounts presented in the Statements of Plan Net Assets represent the fair value of the respective portfolios as of the fiscal year-end. Similarly, investment income amounts reported in the Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets represent the income or loss derived from such investments for the year then ended. Accordingly, significant market fluctuations could periodically occur subsequent to the financial statement valuation date, which are not reflected in either the fair value of investments or the related investment income presented in these financial statements.

### **d. Securities Lending**

The System's investment policies, as approved by the Board of Trustees, permit the System's custodial bank to lend System securities to broker-dealers and other entities. During fiscal year 2003, the System's custodial bank loaned securities of the type on loan at year-end for collateral in the form of cash (see note 3b), other securities, or letters of credit of at least 102% of the fair value of domestic securities and international fixed income securities and 105% of the fair value of international equity securities. Collateral is marked-to-market daily. If the market value of the pledged collateral falls below the specified levels, additional collateral is required to be pledged by the close of the next business day. Each such loan was executed with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. Securities on loan at year-end for cash collateral are presented as uncategorized in the schedule of custodial credit risk (see note 3). Securities on loan at year-end for collateral other than cash are categorized according to the custodial credit risk category applicable to the collateral received. In the event of a borrower's default, the System's custodial bank is obligated to indemnify the System if, and to the extent that, the fair value of collateral is insufficient to replace the loaned securities. Similarly, in the event of a borrower's failure to remit income distributions declared by the issuers of securities on loan, the System's custodial bank is obligated to indemnify the System for any portion of such distributions not recoverable from the borrower's collateral. The System has

not experienced any loss due to credit or market risk on security lending activity since inception of the program. Further, as of June 30, 2003, the System had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the fair value of collateral held exceeded the fair value of securities loaned.

Although the average term of the System's security loans is one week, each loan can be terminated at will by either the System or the borrower. Cash collateral is invested in one of the lending agent's short-term investment pools, which at June 30, 2003 had an average weighted maturity of two hundred fifty-two days and an interest rate sensitivity duration of sixty-four days. Because the relationship between the maturities of the investment pools and the System's security loans is affected by the maturities of the loans made by other entities that use the agent's pools, the System cannot match maturities. The System cannot pledge or sell collateral securities received unless and until a borrower defaults. Investments made with cash received as collateral and the corresponding liabilities are reported in the Statements of Plan Net Assets.

At June 30, 2003, the fair value of loaned securities and the related collateral were as follows (*expressed in thousands*):

	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Collateral</u>	<u>Percent Collateralized</u>
International equity securities	\$ 554,774	\$ 584,141	105.3%
Fixed and domestic equity securities	1,883,951	1,928,101	102.3%
Totals	<u>\$2,438,725</u>	<u>\$2,512,242</u>	

**e. Derivatives**

The System may invest in derivatives as permitted by guidelines established by the Board of Trustees. Compliance with these guidelines is monitored by Agency staff. Pursuant to such authority, the System invests in foreign currency forward contracts, options, futures, collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage related securities, interest-only and principal-only securities. No derivatives were purchased with borrowed funds.

Derivatives are generally used to hedge against foreign currency risk and changes in interest rates, improve yield and adjust the duration of the System's fixed income portfolio. These securities are subject to changes in value due to changes in interest rates or currency valuations. Additionally, mortgage related securities are subject to prepayment risk when interest rates are falling. Credit risk for derivatives results from the same considerations as other counterparty risk assumed by the System, which is the risk that the counterparty might be unable to meet its obligations.

The System enters into forward foreign currency exchange contracts for hedging purposes to minimize the short-term impact of foreign currency fluctuations on the asset positions of foreign investments. These foreign currency exchange contracts are reported at fair value based on published market prices and quotations from major investment firms. The System could be exposed to risk if the counter-parties to the contracts are unable to meet the terms of the contracts. The System seeks to minimize risk from counter-parties by establishing minimum credit quality standards.

**f. Administrative and Investment Expenses**

All of the System's administrative and investment expenses (e.g., salaries of Agency employees, investment advisory fees) are incurred centrally and charged to each individual retirement or pension system on the basis of its percentage ownership in the System's net assets. All of the System's administrative and investment expenses are funded from investment income. See pages 34 and 35 for detailed schedules of administrative and investment expenses, respectively.

**g. Federal Income Tax Status**

During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, the System qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and was exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(a) of the Code.

**h. Reclassifications and Restatements**

Certain adjustments were made to the 2002 financial statements to conform to the 2003 financial statement presentation. The recordation of long-term contributions receivable in fiscal year 2003 (note 5) resulted in related restatements (increase) of the previously reported net asset balances.

**3. CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$2,436,697,000 and \$1,141,644,000 as of June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively. Included as cash equivalents for financial statement presentation purposes were certain short-term investments (e.g., commercial paper) which are categorized in note 3b for custodial credit risk purposes as investments. These cash equivalent investments totaled \$2,334,885,000 and \$1,104,467,000 as of June 30, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

**a. Cash Deposits**

Cash deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the System. Category 1 includes deposits insured or collateralized with securities held by the System or its agent in the System's name. Category 2 includes deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the System's name. Category 3 includes deposits which are uncollateralized. As of June 30, 2003, the carrying amount of both the System's uninsured and uncollateralized deposits and bank balance was \$101,812,000 and comprises the System's Category 3 assets. Due to significantly higher cash flows at certain times of the year, the System's uninsured and uncollateralized deposits and bank balances increased significantly; as a result, the amounts of uninsured and uncollateralized deposits and bank balances at those times were significantly higher.

**b. Investments**

The System's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk assumed by the System. Category 1 includes investments insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the System's custodial bank in the System's name. Category 2 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by a counterparty's trust department or agent in the System's name. Category 3 includes uninsured and unregistered investments for which the securities are held by a counterparty, its trust department or its agent, but not in the System's name.

All of the System's investments that are eligible for categorization meet the criteria of Category 1. All other investments are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

The following table presents a summary of the System's investments, by category of custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2003, with comparative 2002 totals (*expressed in thousands*):

	Category 1	Carrying Value	
		2003	2002
<b>Investments</b>			
Commercial paper	\$343,007	\$343,007	\$323,667
U.S. Government obligations	930,513	930,513	1,687,211
Domestic corporate obligations	1,806,219	1,806,219	2,701,177
Mortgage related securities	1,519,523	1,519,523	2,002,347
Domestic stocks	3,446,377	3,446,377	9,067,542
International obligations	3,593	3,593	4,847
International stocks	2,418,362	2,418,362	3,956,873
<b>Total investments to be categorized</b>	<u>\$10,467,594</u>	<u>10,467,594</u>	<u>19,743,664</u>
Mutual funds		11,630,456	3,400,318
Real estate		771,507	733,338
Mortgages		2,732	2,879
Alternative investments		134,042	82,090
Global pooled short-term investments		1,991,878	780,800
Investments held by borrowers under securities loans with cash collateral:			
U.S. Government obligations		1,509,444	1,205,063
Domestic corporate obligations		10,384	42,006
Domestic stocks		152,134	246,127
International stocks		552,946	758,170
Collateral for loaned securities		<u>2,291,759</u>	<u>2,304,930</u>
<b>Total invested assets</b>		<u>\$29,514,876</u>	<u>\$29,299,385</u>

#### 4. CONTRIBUTIONS

The State Personnel and Pensions Article requires both active members and their respective employers to make contributions to the System. Rates for required contributions by active members are established by law. Members of the Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems are required to contribute 7% or 5% of earnable compensation depending upon the retirement option selected. Members of the State Police and Judges' Retirement Systems are required to contribute 8% and 6% of earnable compensation, respectively. Generally, members of the Teachers' and Employees' Pension Systems are required to contribute 2% of earnable compensation. However, members of the Employees' Pension System who are employed by a participating governmental unit that does not provide the enhanced pension benefits are required to contribute 5% of earnable compensation in excess of the social security taxable wage base.

Contribution rates for employer and other "non-employer" contributing entities are established by annual actuarial valuations using the entry age normal cost method with projection and other actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board of Trustees. These contribution rates have been established as the rates necessary to fully fund normal costs and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized in distinct layers. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability which existed as of the June 30, 2000 actuarial valuation is being amortized over a 40-year period (as provided by law) from July 1, 1980. Also as provided by law, any new unfunded liabilities or surpluses arising during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2001, or any fiscal year thereafter, will be amortized over a 25-year period from the end of the fiscal year in which the liability or surplus arose.

Effective July 1, 2002, the law provides that the contribution rates may be more or less than the actuarially determined rates as described above for the Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems and the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems. When the funding ratio for each of the combined Systems is at least 90% but not more than 110%, the contribution rate will be the rate certified by the Board of Trustees for the previous fiscal year, adjusted to reflect legislative changes that result in changes to the normal cost. If the funding ratio is below 90%, the contribution rate will be the sum of the contribution rate for the previous fiscal year and 20% of the difference between the full funding rate for the current fiscal year and the contribution rate for the previous fiscal year. If the funding ratio is above 110%, the contribution rate will be the difference between the contribution rate for the previous fiscal year and 20% of the difference between the contribution rate for the previous fiscal year and the full funding rate for the current fiscal year.

The State of Maryland (which is also a non-employer contributor to the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems and the Judges' Retirement System), the Maryland Automobile Insurance Fund, the Injured Workers' Insurance Fund and 132 participating governmental units make all of the employer and other (non-employer) contributions to the System.

**5. LONG-TERM CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE**

In addition to actuarially determined contributions, certain withdrawn employers also make annual installment payments, including interest at the actuarially assumed rate of return in effect at the time of withdrawal (7% or 7.5% per year), for liabilities associated with employees that have elected to stay in the System when their employer elected to withdraw. As of June 30, 2003 and 2002, the outstanding balances were \$79,713,000 and \$81,614,000, respectively. These payments are due over various time periods, based on the date of the employer's withdrawal, and all are scheduled to culminate with their final payment in fiscal year 2020.

**6. REFUNDS**

Member contributions plus interest may be refunded to a member who withdraws from the System, or to the designated beneficiary following a member's death. In addition, members of the Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems who elect to transfer to the corresponding pension system receive refunds of all or part (if earnings have been greater than the social security taxable wage base) of their contributions plus interest. That portion of any member's contributions not refunded is transferred with credited interest to the applicable pension system. Employer contributions may also be refunded with interest to any participating governmental unit electing to withdraw from the System. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, refunds to members and withdrawing employers were as follows (*expressed in thousands*):

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
Member refunds .....	\$11,198	\$16,344
Employer refunds .....	5,112	1,132
Total refunds .....	<u>\$16,310</u>	<u>\$17,476</u>

**7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES**

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2003 and 2002, accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following components (*expressed in thousands*):

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
Administrative expenses .....	\$10,783	\$ 6,738
Investment management fees .....	18,107	23,879
Tax and other withholdings .....	<u>14,849</u>	<u>14,355</u>
Total .....	<u>\$43,739</u>	<u>\$44,972</u>

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**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**
**SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS**
*(Expressed in Thousands)*

<b>Actuarial Valuation Date June 30,</b>	<b>Actuarial Value of Assets a</b>	<b>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) b</b>	<b>Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)</b>	<b>Funded Ratio (a / b)</b>	<b>Covered Payroll c</b>	<b>UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b - a) / c]</b>
1994	\$16,272,577	\$21,875,463	\$5,602,886	74.39%	\$5,246,249	107%
1995	17,666,582	23,092,537	5,425,955	76.50	5,532,150	98
1996	19,455,280	24,240,883	4,785,603	80.26	5,640,834	85
1997	21,920,696	25,383,206	3,462,510	86.36	5,657,385	61
1998	24,850,355	27,416,935	2,566,580	90.64	5,900,456	43
1999*	27,646,579	28,475,380	828,801	97.09	6,312,417	13
2000	30,649,380	30,279,866	(369,514)	101.22	6,725,870	(5)
2001	31,914,778	32,469,942	555,164	98.29	7,255,036	8
2002	32,323,263	34,131,284	1,808,021	94.70	7,867,794	23
2003	32,631,465	34,974,601	2,343,136	93.30	8,134,419	29

\* The 1999 actuarial accrued liability does not include an additional \$153 million liability due to municipal employers voluntarily electing enhanced benefits during the period July 1, 1999 to December 31, 1999.

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**SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM  
EMPLOYERS AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITY**
*(Expressed in Thousands)*

<b>Fiscal Year Ended June 30,</b>	<b>Annual Required Contributions</b>	<b>Percentage Contributed</b>
1994	\$657,429	100%
1995	689,342	100
1996	721,615	100
1997	740,258	100
1998	735,788	100
1999	693,353	100
2000	682,422	100
2001	634,309	100
2002	574,019	100
2003	654,578	92

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**NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

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**1. DESCRIPTION OF SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS**

The Schedule of Funding Progress summarizes the actuarial value of the System's assets and actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 2003 and each of the nine preceding fiscal years. The data presented in the schedule were obtained from the System's independent actuary's annual valuation report for each year presented.

The schedule is presented to provide a consistent basis for measuring the System's annual progress toward funding its actuarial accrued liability in accordance with its actuarial funding method. The primary measure of funding progress is the System's funded ratio (i.e., actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability). An increase in the funded ratio indicates improvement in the System's ability to pay all projected benefits as they become due. The System is fully funded if the funded ratio is greater than or equal to 100 percent. During the year ended June 30, 2003, the System's funded ratio decreased from 94.70 percent to 93.30 percent.

The Schedule of Funding Progress also discloses the relationship between the System's covered payroll (i.e., all elements included in compensation paid to active members on which contributions are based) and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. This relationship, expressed as a ratio, is a measure of the significance of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability relative to the capacity to pay all contributions required to fund the liability. A decrease in this ratio indicates improvement in the System's strength. During the year ended June 30, 2003, the System's ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to its covered payroll went from 23 percent to 29 percent.

**2. ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS****a. Funding Method**

The System uses the entry age normal cost method with projection to determine the actuarial accrued liability on which future employer contribution rates will be based. Under this funding method, a total contribution rate is determined which consists of two elements, the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability rate (see note 4).

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is being amortized, as a level percentage of payroll, in distinct pieces. The UAAL which existed as of the June 30, 2000 actuarial valuation is being amortized over the remaining 17-year period to June 30, 2020. Each new layer of UAAL arising subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2000 is being amortized in separate annual layers over a 25-year period. The equivalent single amortization period is 30 years.

**b. Asset Valuation Method**

Assets are valued for funding purposes using a five-year moving average. Under this method, the year end actuarial asset value equals 1/5 of the current fiscal year end fair value, as reported in the financial statements, plus 4/5 of the "expected market value". For purposes of this calculation, the "expected market value" is the preceding fiscal year's actuarial asset value, adjusted for the current fiscal year's cash flows with interest accumulated at the actuarial assumed rate of return on investments.

**c. Actuarial Assumptions**

The assumptions used for the actuarial valuation were recommended by the System's independent actuary, based upon periodic analyses of the System's experience, and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Differences between assumed and actuarial experience (i.e., actuarial gains and losses) are part of the unfunded actuarial liability. The following significant assumptions were used in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2003:

- a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent compounded annually (adopted June 30, 2003);
- projected salary increases of 4 percent compounded annually, attributable to inflation (adopted June 30, 2003);
- additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.00 percent to 11.96 percent per year attributable to seniority and merit (adopted June 30, 2003);

- post-retirement benefit increases ranging from 3 percent to 4 percent per year depending on the system (adopted June 30, 2003);
- rates of mortality, termination of service, disablement and retirement based on actual experience during the period from 1981 through 2002 (adopted June 30, 2003); and
- an increase in the aggregate active member payroll of 4 percent annually (adopted June 30, 2003).

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## OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### FUND BALANCE ACCOUNTS

As provided by law, all System assets must be credited, according to the purpose for which they are held, to either the Annuity Savings Fund, the Accumulation Fund or the Expense Fund. These funds are classified as accounts for financial reporting purposes and are further explained as follows:

**a. Annuity Savings Fund:**

Members' contributions together with interest thereon, at statutory interest rates, are credited to the Annuity Savings Fund. Upon retirement, members' accumulated contributions and interest are transferred from the Annuity Savings Fund to the Accumulation Fund.

**b. Accumulation Fund:**

Contributions made by employers, other contributions and investment income are credited to the Accumulation Fund. All retirement, disability and death benefits are paid from this Fund.

**c. Expense Fund:**

All expenses for the administration and operation of the System are recorded in the Expense Fund. During the year, funds are transferred from the Accumulation Fund to the Expense Fund to cover expenses incurred.

**SCHEDULE OF FUND BALANCES**  
**for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003 (with Comparative 2002 Totals)**  
*(Expressed in Thousands)*

	Annuity Savings Fund	Accumulation Fund	Expense Fund	Totals	
				2003	2002
<b>Fund balances, beginning of year</b>	\$1,858,781	\$24,809,729	\$ -	\$26,668,510	\$29,564,668
<b>Additions:</b>					
Net investment income	-	798,578	(41,831)	756,747	(2,265,315)
Contributions (note 4):					
Employers	-	226,344	-	226,344	226,913
Members	207,584	-	-	207,584	199,304
Other	-	374,986	-	374,986	347,106
Contribution interest	-	5,570	-	5,570	5,699
<b>Deductions:</b>					
Benefit payments	-	(1,474,257)	-	(1,474,257)	(1,372,325)
Refunds (note 6)	(11,198)	(5,112)	-	(16,310)	(17,476)
Administrative expenses (note 2f)	-	-	(21,352)	(21,352)	(20,064)
<b>Transfers:</b>					
From the Accumulation Fund to the Annuity Savings Fund for interest credited to members' accounts	79,533	(79,533)	-	-	-
To the Accumulation Fund from the Annuity Savings Fund for contributions of retiring members	(161,330)	161,330	-	-	-
From the Accumulation Fund to the Expense Fund for administrative and investment expenses	-	(63,183)	63,183	-	-
Net changes in fund balances	114,589	(55,277)	-	59,312	(2,896,158)
<b>Fund balances, end of year</b>	<u>\$1,973,370</u>	<u>\$24,754,452</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$26,727,822</u>	<u>\$26,668,510</u>

**SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES**  
**for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002**  
*(Expressed in Thousands)*

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2002</b>
<b>Personnel services:</b>		
Staff salaries	\$ 9,105	\$ 9,240
Fringe benefits	<u>2,313</u>	<u>2,372</u>
Total personnel services	<u>11,418</u>	<u>11,612</u>
<b>Professional and contractual services:</b>		
Actuarial	102	163
Legal and financial	223	364
Consulting services	65	-
Data processing	5,193	3,882
Other contractual services	<u>402</u>	<u>392</u>
Total professional and contractual services	<u>5,985</u>	<u>4,801</u>
<b>Miscellaneous:</b>		
Communications	1,290	1,146
Rent	1,618	1,475
Equipment and supplies	258	282
Other	<u>783</u>	<u>748</u>
Total miscellaneous	<u>3,949</u>	<u>3,651</u>
<b>Total administrative expenses</b>	<u><u>\$21,352</u></u>	<u><u>\$20,064</u></u>

**SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT EXPENSES**  
**for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2003 and 2002**  
*(Expressed in Thousands)*

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2002</b>
<b>Investment advisors:</b>		
Equity managers	\$23,467	\$35,340
Fixed managers	7,285	8,157
Real estate managers	9,188	9,368
Total investment advisory fees	39,940	52,865
 <b>Other investment service fees:</b>		
Master custody	866	821
Income verification services	284	284
Investment consultant	420	-
Other investment expenses	321	302
Total other investment service fees	1,891	1,407
 <b>Total investment expenses</b>	 <b>\$41,831</b>	 <b>\$54,272</b>

**Transfer Refund Rate**

Members of the Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems who elect to transfer to the corresponding pension systems receive transfer refunds. Such refunds include interest calculated using the transfer refund rate in effect for the calendar year in which the transfer becomes effective. The transfer refund rate is determined at the end of each fiscal year for the upcoming calendar year in accordance with Title 22 of the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland and the related regulations. Accordingly, the refund interest rate is required to be calculated using realized investment income and total investments valued at their historical cost. The transfer refund rates in effect for calendar years 2003 and 2002 were 8.2 and 10.2 percent, respectively. For purposes of computing the 2003 and 2002 transfer refund rates, the following cost basis financial data, in addition to certain preceding years' cost basis financial data, were used (expressed in thousands):

	<b>Fiscal year 2002 data</b>	<b>Fiscal year 2001 data</b>
Realized investment income	\$ 120,971	\$ 951,358
Cost basis of investments	26,208,427	26,773,752

**SCHEDULE OF PLAN NET**  
as of June 30, 2003

*(Expressed in Thousands)*

	<u>Teachers'</u> <u>Retirement</u> <u>and Pension</u> <u>Systems</u>	<u>Employees'</u> <u>Retirement</u> <u>and Pension</u> <u>Systems</u>	<u>Judges'</u> <u>Retirement</u> <u>System</u>
<b>Assets:</b>			
<b>Cash &amp; cash equivalents</b> (note 3)	\$ 1,468,283	\$ 832,173	\$ 22,275
<b>Receivables:</b>			
Contributions:			
Employers	2	9,164	27
Employers - long term (note 5)	-	79,713	-
Members	365	3,037	2
Accrued investment income	52,585	28,770	458
Investment sales proceeds	141,791	76,772	1,117
Due from other systems	20	71	-
Total receivables	<u>194,763</u>	<u>197,527</u>	<u>1,604</u>
<b>Investments, at fair value</b> (notes 2 & 3):			
U.S. Government obligations	1,534,077	826,218	11,442
Domestic corporate obligations	2,486,830	1,339,348	18,549
International obligations	41,558	22,382	310
Domestic stocks	7,147,952	4,152,326	97,735
International stocks	2,369,057	1,375,615	32,327
Mortgages & mortgage related securities	957,089	515,466	7,139
Real estate	457,305	267,273	6,430
Alternative investments	79,627	46,360	1,100
Collateral for loaned securities	1,440,901	776,035	10,747
Total investments	<u>16,514,396</u>	<u>9,321,023</u>	<u>185,779</u>
<b>Total assets</b>	<u>18,177,442</u>	<u>10,350,723</u>	<u>209,658</u>
<b>Liabilities:</b>			
Accounts payable & accrued expenses	27,546	13,751	439
Investment commitments payable	599,849	324,539	4,689
Obligation for collateral for loaned securities	1,440,901	776,035	10,747
Other liabilities	764	435	8
Due to other systems	15	69	-
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<u>2,069,075</u>	<u>1,114,829</u>	<u>15,883</u>
<b>Net assets held in trust for pension benefits</b>	<u>\$16,108,367</u>	<u>\$ 9,235,894</u>	<u>\$ 193,775</u>
<i>(A schedule of funding progress is presented on page 30)</i>			

\* Intersystem due from/due to have been eliminated in the financial statements.

**ASSETS BY SYSTEM**

<u>State Police Retirement System</u>	<u>Local Fire and Police System</u>	<u>Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System</u>	<u>Subtotal</u>	<u>Eliminations*</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 89,779	\$ 2,115	\$ 22,072	\$ 2,436,697	\$ -	\$ 2,436,697
277	-	1,169	10,639	-	10,639
-	-	-	79,713	-	79,713
248	-	101	3,753	-	3,753
2,181	17	584	84,595	-	84,595
5,089	42	1,580	226,391	-	226,391
-	-	-	91	(91)	-
<u>7,795</u>	<u>59</u>	<u>3,434</u>	<u>405,182</u>	<u>(91)</u>	<u>405,091</u>
50,675	431	17,114	2,439,957	-	2,439,957
82,147	698	27,742	3,955,314	-	3,955,314
1,373	12	464	66,099	-	66,099
536,912	3,823	78,427	12,017,175	-	12,017,175
177,555	1,260	26,069	3,981,883	-	3,981,883
31,615	269	10,677	1,522,255	-	1,522,255
35,421	265	4,813	771,507	-	771,507
6,050	44	861	134,042	-	134,042
47,597	405	16,074	2,291,759	-	2,291,759
<u>969,345</u>	<u>7,207</u>	<u>182,241</u>	<u>27,179,991</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>27,179,991</u>
<u>1,066,919</u>	<u>9,381</u>	<u>207,747</u>	<u>30,021,870</u>	<u>(91)</u>	<u>30,021,779</u>
1,672	11	320	43,739	-	43,739
21,263	178	6,679	957,197	-	957,197
47,597	405	16,074	2,291,759	-	2,291,759
47	-	8	1,262	-	1,262
-	-	7	91	(91)	-
<u>70,579</u>	<u>594</u>	<u>23,088</u>	<u>3,294,048</u>	<u>(91)</u>	<u>3,293,957</u>
<u>\$ 996,340</u>	<u>\$ 8,787</u>	<u>\$ 184,659</u>	<u>\$ 26,727,822</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 26,727,822</u>

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN**  
**for the Fiscal Year Ended**  
*(Expressed in Thousands)*

	<b>Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems</b>	<b>Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems</b>	<b>Judges' Retirement System</b>
<b>Additions:</b>			
<b>Contributions</b> (note 4):			
Employers	\$ 13,432	\$ 167,241	\$ 14,652
Members	112,617	83,855	1,479
Other	374,787	-	199
Contribution interest (note 5)	-	5,570	-
Total contributions	<u>500,836</u>	<u>256,666</u>	<u>16,330</u>
<b>Investment income:</b>			
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments	90,724	31,086	(1,846)
Interest	254,563	138,251	2,095
Dividends	141,333	86,330	2,486
Real estate operating net income	18,387	10,746	259
Income before securities lending activity	<u>505,007</u>	<u>266,413</u>	<u>2,994</u>
Gross income from securities lending activity	24,308	13,152	187
Securities lending borrower rebates	(18,233)	(9,865)	(140)
Securities lending agent fees	(1,214)	(657)	(9)
Net income from securities lending activity	<u>4,861</u>	<u>2,630</u>	<u>38</u>
Total investment income	<u>509,868</u>	<u>269,043</u>	<u>3,032</u>
Less investment expenses	<u>(25,305)</u>	<u>(14,403)</u>	<u>(294)</u>
Net investment income	<u>484,563</u>	<u>254,640</u>	<u>2,738</u>
<b>Transfers from other systems</b>	<u>295</u>	<u>883</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Total additions</b>	<u>985,694</u>	<u>512,189</u>	<u>19,068</u>
<b>Deductions:</b>			
Benefit payments	911,059	481,265	17,334
Refunds (note 6)	4,546	11,351	-
Administrative expenses (note 2f)	12,917	7,353	149
Transfers to other systems	877	5,338	1
<b>Total deductions</b>	<u>929,399</u>	<u>505,307</u>	<u>17,484</u>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in plan assets</b>	56,295	6,882	1,584
<b>Net assets held in trust for pension benefits:</b>			
Beginning of the fiscal year	16,052,072	9,229,012	192,191
End of the fiscal year	<u>\$ 16,108,367</u>	<u>\$ 9,235,894</u>	<u>\$ 193,775</u>

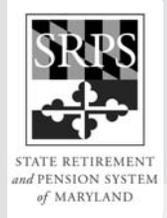
\* Intersystem transfers have been eliminated in the financial statements.

**PLAN NET ASSETS BY SYSTEM**  
**June 30, 2003**

State Police Retirement System	Local Fire and Police System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Subtotal	Eliminations*	Total
\$ 4,850	\$ 822	\$ 25,347	\$ 226,344	\$ -	\$ 226,344
6,694	-	2,939	207,584	-	207,584
-	-	-	374,986	-	374,986
-	-	-	5,570	-	5,570
<u>11,544</u>	<u>822</u>	<u>28,286</u>	<u>814,484</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>814,484</u>
(13,308)	(535)	1,346	107,467	-	107,467
9,431	107	2,413	406,860	-	406,860
13,984	310	1,050	245,493	-	245,493
<u>1,422</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>195</u>	<u>31,016</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,016</u>
<u>11,529</u>	<u>(111)</u>	<u>5,004</u>	<u>790,836</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>790,836</u>
841	7	217	38,712	-	38,712
(631)	(5)	(163)	(29,037)	-	(29,037)
(42)	-	(11)	(1,933)	-	(1,933)
<u>168</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>7,742</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,742</u>
11,697	(109)	5,047	798,578	-	798,578
(1,563)	(11)	(255)	(41,831)	-	(41,831)
<u>10,134</u>	<u>(120)</u>	<u>4,792</u>	<u>756,747</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>756,747</u>
16	2,088	5,673	8,955	(8,955)	-
<u>21,694</u>	<u>2,790</u>	<u>38,751</u>	<u>1,580,186</u>	<u>(8,955)</u>	<u>1,571,231</u>
54,046	600	9,953	1,474,257	-	1,474,257
361	-	52	16,310	-	16,310
798	6	129	21,352	-	21,352
<u>1</u>	<u>2,724</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>8,955</u>	<u>(8,955)</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>55,206</u>	<u>3,330</u>	<u>10,148</u>	<u>1,520,874</u>	<u>(8,955)</u>	<u>1,511,919</u>
(33,512)	(540)	28,603	59,312	-	59,312
<u>1,029,852</u>	<u>9,327</u>	<u>156,056</u>	<u>26,668,510</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>26,668,510</u>
<u>\$ 996,340</u>	<u>\$ 8,787</u>	<u>\$ 184,659</u>	<u>\$ 26,727,822</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 26,727,822</u>



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## **STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

*The General Assembly added a third benefit system, the State Police Retirement System, in 1949. Membership in the police system is restricted to uniformed employees of the Maryland State Police. The mission of the Maryland State Police is to fulfill its role as the state's lead coordinating law enforcement organization with commitment to pride, equality, respect and dignity. More than 1,500 officers throughout 23 counties strive to improve the quality of life for the citizens of Maryland by ensuring public safety.*

### Investment Objectives

The Board of Trustees (the Board) is charged with the responsibility of managing the assets of the State Retirement and Pension System (SRPS or the System). The Board is required to exercise its fiduciary duties solely in the interest of the participants, with the care, skill and diligence that a prudent person would ordinarily exercise under similar circumstances. This standard of care not only permits but also encourages diversifying investments across various asset classes.

Investment objectives are implemented according to investment policies developed by the Board. The prudent person standard allows the Board to establish investment policies based on investment criteria that it defines, and it allows the Board to delegate investment authority to investment professionals. System assets are managed almost exclusively by external investment management firms, who employ both active and passive strategies. Firms retained must have a demonstrated performance record and a clearly defined and applied investment process.

Investment objectives are designed to support fulfillment of the Agency's mission, which is to optimize risk-adjusted returns in order to ensure timely payment of benefits to members and beneficiaries. SRPS is a long-term investor, and consequently, long-term results are emphasized over short-term gains.

The Board has invested SRPS' assets with a goal of achieving an annualized investment return that:

1. **Meets or exceeds the System's static investment policy benchmark.** This is the weighted average of the benchmarks for each asset class and the target weightings for each asset class. The static policy benchmark enables comparison of the System's actual performance to a passively managed proxy, and it measures the contribution of active investment management and policy implementation.
2. **In real terms, exceeds the U.S. inflation rate by at least 3.0 percent.** The inflation related objective compares the investment performance against the rate of inflation as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) plus 3.0 percent. The inflation measure provides a link to SRPS' liabilities.
3. **In nominal terms, equals or exceeds the actuarial investment return assumption of the System adopted by the Board of Trustees.** The actuarial return assumption is reviewed and monitored as a measure of the long-term rate of growth of SRPS' assets. The actuarial rate of return as of FY2003 was 8.0 percent. At its September 2003 meeting, the Board of Trustees adopted 7.75 percent as the rate beginning fiscal year 2004. When adopting the actuarial rate of interest, the Board anticipates the invest-

ment portfolio may achieve higher returns in some years and lower returns in other years.

### Asset Allocation

Asset allocation is a key determinant of a successful investment program, and it may be responsible for determining as much as 90 percent of a pension plan's total return in a given year. Asset allocation is the process used to assign the weights to each asset class. The Board takes both asset and liability side considerations into account when determining its asset allocation policy.

From an asset side perspective, the Board reviews and approves a set of CAPM assumptions (Capital Asset Pricing Model), including risk and return projections for each asset class as well as the correlations among the asset classes. Diversification is achieved by combining asset classes that are not perfectly correlated with each other. This may result in offsetting a market decline in one asset class with market appreciation in another asset class. The expected benefit of this diversification is a reduction in the volatility of the total portfolio's investment performance over time.

The Board weighs three liability-oriented objectives when making asset allocation determinations. The liability-oriented objectives are:

1. To achieve and maintain a fully funded pension plan.
2. To minimize contribution volatility year to year.
3. To achieve parity of assets and liabilities, and hopefully surplus assets.

These liability-related performance objectives recognize that liabilities must be paid in a full and timely manner. The liabilities are the future claims of SRPS' participants. The actuarial rate of return is used to discount the future value of the liabilities and to calculate the funded ratio.

Multiple scenarios for possible asset mixes are reviewed. This process results in targets and ranges, which are approved by the Board for each asset class. The ranges are typically a few percent either side of the target. Rebalancing typically occurs when the asset class weighting is out of range. As of June 30, 2003, the approved targets and ranges for each asset class were:

ASSET CLASS	TARGET	RANGE
<b>Equity Assets</b>		
Domestic Stocks	49%	44 – 54%
International Stocks	15%	12 – 18%
Private Equity	1%	0 – 2%
Real Estate	5%	3 – 7%
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>70%</b>	<b>65 - 75%</b>
<b>Total Fixed Income</b>	<b>30%</b>	<b>25 - 35%</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>100%</b>	

## Capital Market Overview

For fiscal year 2003, bonds and real estate out performed stocks as they did in FY2002, but performance was markedly different the first six months of the period from the last six months. All the major stock market indices saw negative performance for the six months ended December 31 and positive performance for the six months ended June 30. In addition, the broader indices, such as the Russell 3000 and MSCI ACWI, outperformed the narrower indices, such as the S&P 500 and MSCI EAFE, for the entire twelve-month period.

The following chart displays the fiscal year performance for some of the System's key benchmarks in Fiscal 2003:

ASSET CLASS BENCHMARKS	FY 2003 PERFORMANCE
<b>Equity Markets</b>	
<b>U.S. Equities</b>	
S&P 500	0.26%
Russell 3000	0.77%
Russell 2000	0.69%
<b>International Equities</b>	
MSCI EAFE	-6.46%
MSCI ACWI ExUS	-4.60%
<b>Real Estate</b>	
Russell NCREIF (1 quarter lag)	7.13%
Wilshire Real Estate Securities	2.99%
<b>Bond Markets</b>	
Lehman Brother's Aggregate Bond Index	10.41%
Lehman Brother's Universal Bond Index	11.51%
Merrill Lynch High Yield Index	22.28%
<b>Short-Term Markets</b>	
Three-month Treasury Bill	1.53%

The best performing sectors of the U.S. equity markets for the 2003 fiscal year were Health Care, returning 8.2%, and Information Technology, which returned 7.4%. The worst performing were Energy and Basic Materials, which declined 8.2% and 9.8% respectively. For the six months ending June 30, the Information Technology, Utilities, and Consumer Discretionary sectors all returned more than 17%. In the non-U.S. equity markets, emerging markets out performed the developed markets. Among the developed markets, New Zealand, Spain and Austria were the best performers at 36.1%, 18.5% and 18.5% respectively. The best performing of the emerging markets were Argentina at 109.8% and Pakistan at 103.5%.

The fixed income markets saw positive performance across the board, with the less liquid markets, such as high yield and convertible securities markets, outperforming the investment grade

markets. Interest rates declined for all maturities as the Federal Reserve Board lowered its short-term rate target by 0.75% and inflation rose.

## Investment Performance

Investment performance is calculated using time-weighted rates of return in compliance with AIMR standards. Total return includes interest and dividends as well as capital appreciation.

The investment program realized a return of 3.22% for the fiscal year. This was better than that of the equity markets but less than that of the fixed income markets. Returns for 3, 5, and 10-year periods ending June 30 were -4.77%, 0.89% and 5.40%, respectively.

The market value of System assets increased from \$26.6 billion on June 30, 2002 to \$26.7 billion on June 30, 2003. The System's equity investments returned -1.40%, with U.S. equities returning 1.42% and international equities returning -8.13%. The System's fixed income investments returned 11.36%. Real estate investments returned 4.60% for the fiscal year, with REITs (Real Estate Investment Trusts) reported as of June 30, 2003 and the remaining properties reported as of March 31, 2003.

The System out performed its benchmark for the U.S. Equity asset class in Fiscal 2003. Performance of Fixed Income matched the benchmark; and performance of International Equity was below the benchmark.

The System did not meet its three broad investment objectives this fiscal year. The Board has implemented changes that are expected to remedy this and are described in the next section of this report.

## Actions Taken

As discussed last year, Ennis Knupp & Associates was hired as general investment consultant in July 2002, and performed a review of the asset allocation policy. Based on Ennis Knupp's recommendations, the Board of Trustees made substantial changes in its asset allocation and investment manager structure during this past year. This resulted in a slight increase in the System's total equity exposure, and a similar decrease in the fixed income exposure. Additionally, Ennis Knupp recommended increasing the System's allocation to index funds, adding international equity and U.S. fixed income index funds to a long-standing U.S. equity index allocation. Modifications to the asset allocation policy also resulted in the implementation of procedures for automatically rebalancing between asset classes when they are outside of the approved ranges. The new policy is reflected under the Asset Allocation section of this report and is accessible on the SRA website by clicking on the "Investments" link.

### *Corporate Governance*

Over the past several years, proper governance has been shown to be lacking in certain sectors of corporate America. Recognizing that public confidence in corporate governance and the financial markets has seriously eroded, the Board of Trustees has stepped up its efforts to advocate for corporate governance reforms. For example, the Board of Trustees wrote the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission earlier this year, and expressed strong support for the Commission's ongoing review of proxy rules and reforms to streamline and improve the shareholder proposal process. The Board of Trustees has also determined to participate more aggressively in securities litigation and to pursue other legal remedies when investment losses have been incurred as a result of deceit or fraud. Action by the Board, staff and legal counsel in

pursuing claims against Alan Bond for his 'cherry picking' scheme resulted in a \$2.9 million restitution to the System's trust fund.

The System's master custodian has responsibility for filing claims and collecting settlement monies in securities class action lawsuits on behalf of SRPS. An audit of their activity confirmed that the System has participated in all class actions for which it was eligible.

SRPS has taken responsibility for voting its proxies for several years. In fiscal year 2003, there were an estimated 1,112 ballots for approximately 960 U.S. companies. Proxy votes for shares of commingled funds and international investments are typically delegated to the managers of those respective funds.

Respectfully submitted,



Victoria Willard, CFA  
Acting Chief Investment Officer  
Secretary to the Investment Committee

**INVESTMENT PORTFOLIOS BY MANAGER**  
as of June 30, 2003  
(Expressed in Thousands)

	Fair Value	Investment Advisory Fee		Fair Value	Investment Advisory Fee
<b>Equity Managers</b>			<b>Fixed Income Managers</b>		
State Street Global Advisors	\$10,783,157	\$ 537	State Street Global Advisors	\$5,792,175	\$ 54
Bank of Ireland Asset Management Limited	1,479,231	3,319	Pacific Investment Management Company	1,527,659	2,979
Capital Guardian Trust Company	848,712	2,837	W.R. Huff Asset Management Co., LLC	626,481	2,825
Templeton Investment Counsel, Inc.	730,725	2,116	Morgan Stanley Dean Witter Investment Management	131,799	518
Legg Mason Capital Management, Inc.	635,343	1,349	Fountain Capital Management, LLC	112,678	463
Robert W. Torray & Co., Inc.	438,387	1,165	Lazard Asset Management	110,662	446
Dimensional Fund Advisors, Inc.	357,669	689	Internally Managed	44,867	N/A
Ariel Capital Management, Inc.	244,098	797		<u>\$8,346,321</u>	<u>\$ 7,285</u>
Advent Capital Management	239,380	1,075			
The Edgar Lomax Company	192,388	627	<b>Real Estate Managers</b>		
Relational Investors, LLC	174,152	813	LaSalle Investment Management Securities, L.P.	\$ 666,604	\$ 1,351
T. Rowe Price Associates, Inc.	100,354	563	LaSalle Investment Management, Inc.	360,095	3,122
Brown Capital Management, Inc.	92,511	791	Internally Managed	234,501	N/A
Brown Investment Advisory & Trust Company	71,032	488	J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc.	209,068	1,603
Trust Company of the West	67,287	500	TimesSquare Real Estate Investors	176,013	1,728
Internally Managed	42,236	N/A	Lubert-Adler Management, Inc.	44,795	895
Harbour Vest Partners, LLC	29,964	1,000	Chesapeake Maryland Limited Partnership	10,307	424
Adams Street Partners, LLC	29,637	850	Other*	0	63
Abbott Capital Management, LLC	18,407	330		<u>\$1,701,383</u>	<u>\$ 9,188</u>
Other *	23	3,621			
	<u>\$16,574,693</u>	<u>\$ 23,467</u>			

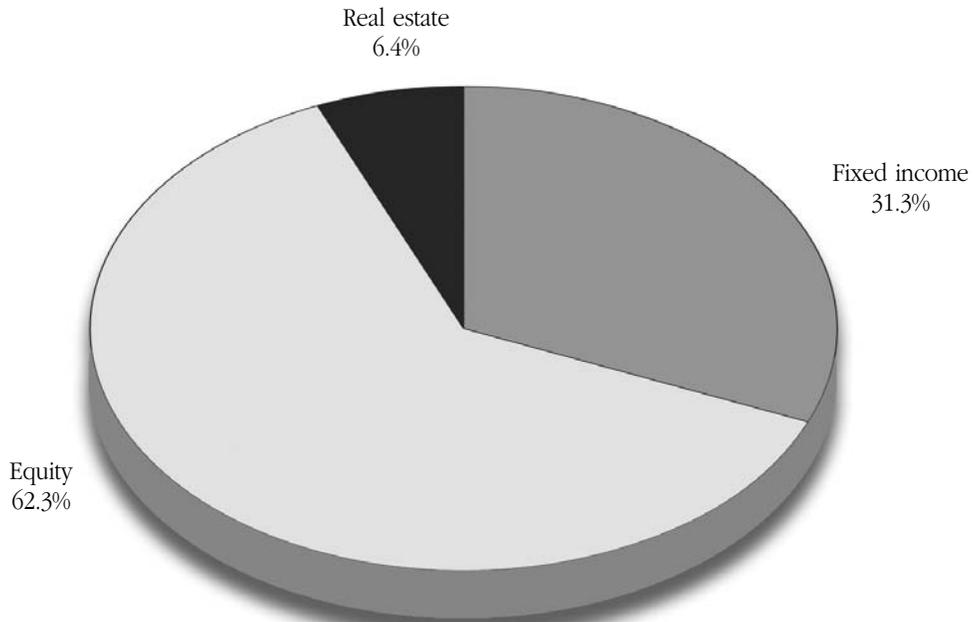
\* Investment managers no longer under contract as of 6/30/03.

**INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO SUMMARY**  
as of June 30, 2003  
(Expressed in Thousands)

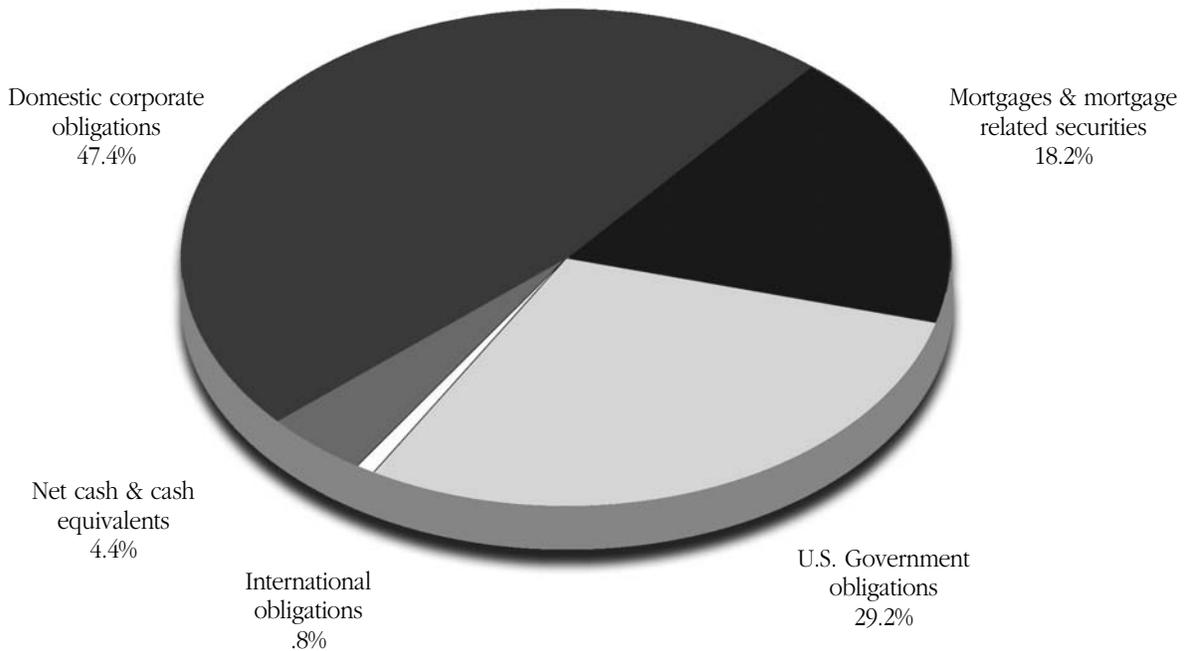
	2003		2002	
	Fair Value	% of Fair Value	Fair Value	% of Fair Value
<b>Fixed Income</b>				
Domestic corporate obligations	\$ 3,955,314	14.8%	\$ 2,743,183	10.4%
Mortgages & mortgage related securities	1,522,255	5.7	2,005,226	7.6
U.S. Government obligations	2,439,957	9.2	2,892,274	10.9
International obligations	66,099	0.2	77,116	0.3
Net cash & cash equivalents	362,696	1.4	216,092	0.8
* Total Fixed Income	<u>8,346,321</u>	<u>31.3</u>	<u>7,933,891</u>	<u>30.0</u>
<b>Equity</b>				
Domestic stocks	11,216,650	42.1	11,855,577	44.7
International stocks	3,981,883	15.0	4,715,043	17.8
Alternative investments	78,940	0.3	58,511	0.2
Net cash & cash equivalents	1,297,220	4.9	329,226	1.2
Total Equity	<u>16,574,693</u>	<u>62.3</u>	<u>16,958,357</u>	<u>63.9</u>
<b>Real Estate</b>				
Real Estate Investment Trusts	800,525	3.0	786,141	3.0
Pooled funds	385,082	1.4	381,888	1.4
Directly owned real estate	386,425	1.5	351,450	1.3
Alternative investments	55,102	0.2	23,579	0.1
Net cash & cash equivalents	74,248	0.3	77,321	0.3
Total Real Estate	<u>1,701,382</u>	<u>6.4</u>	<u>1,620,379</u>	<u>6.1</u>
Total Portfolio	<u>\$26,622,396</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$26,512,627</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

\* Security Lending collateral payable has been netted against the actual collateral. The amounts net to zero.

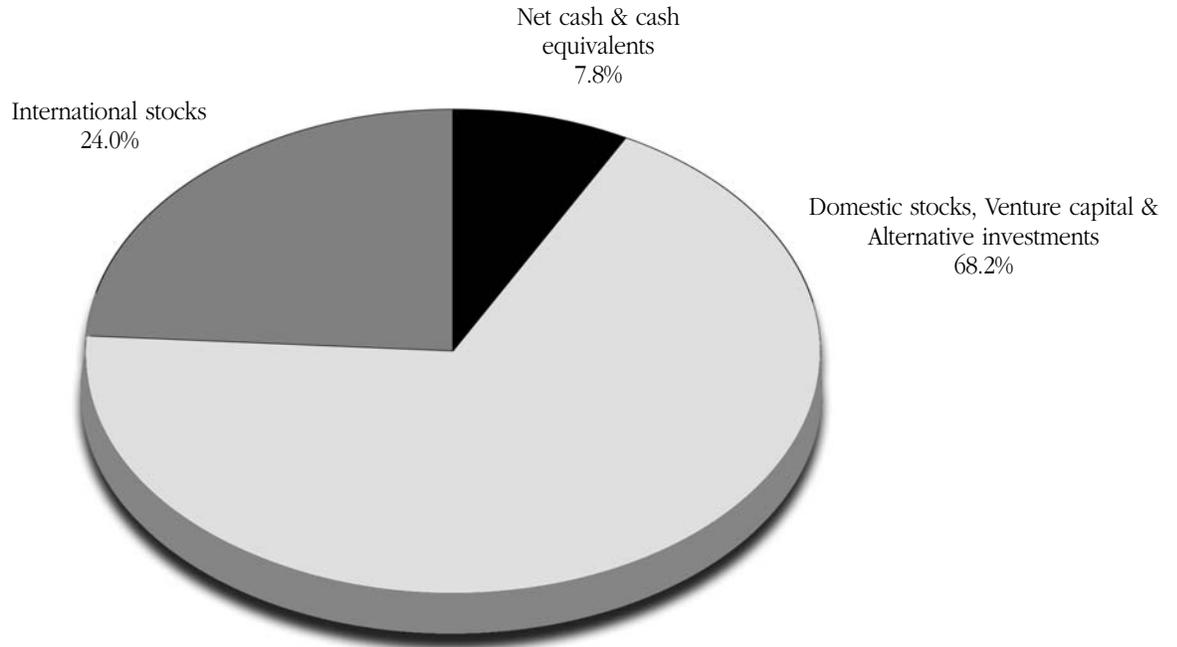
**INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO ALLOCATION  
as of June 30, 2003**



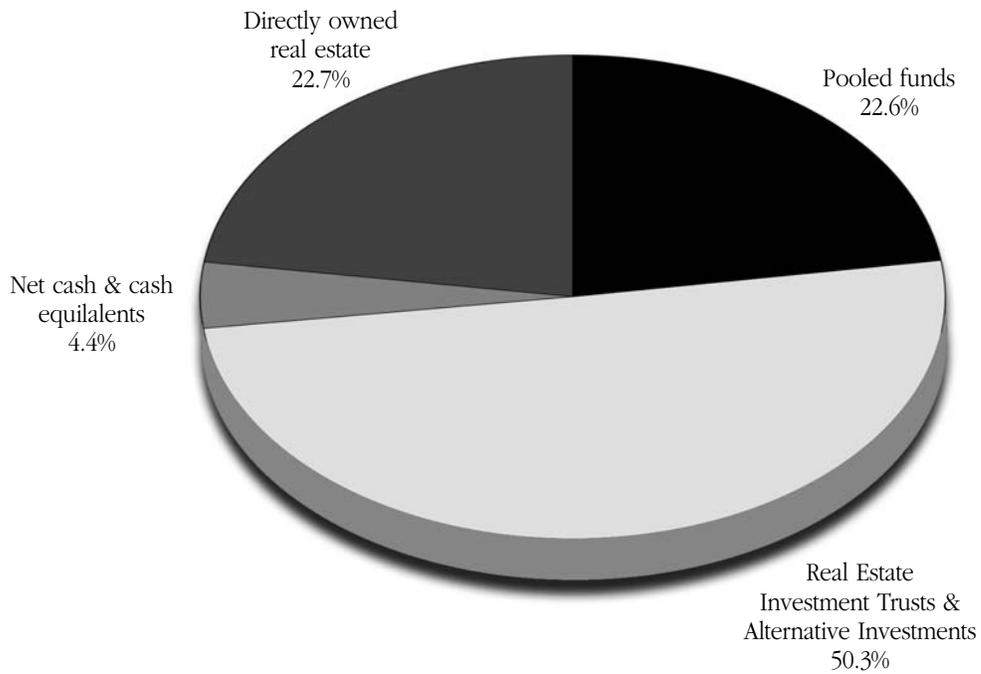
**FIXED INCOME DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE  
as of June 30, 2003**



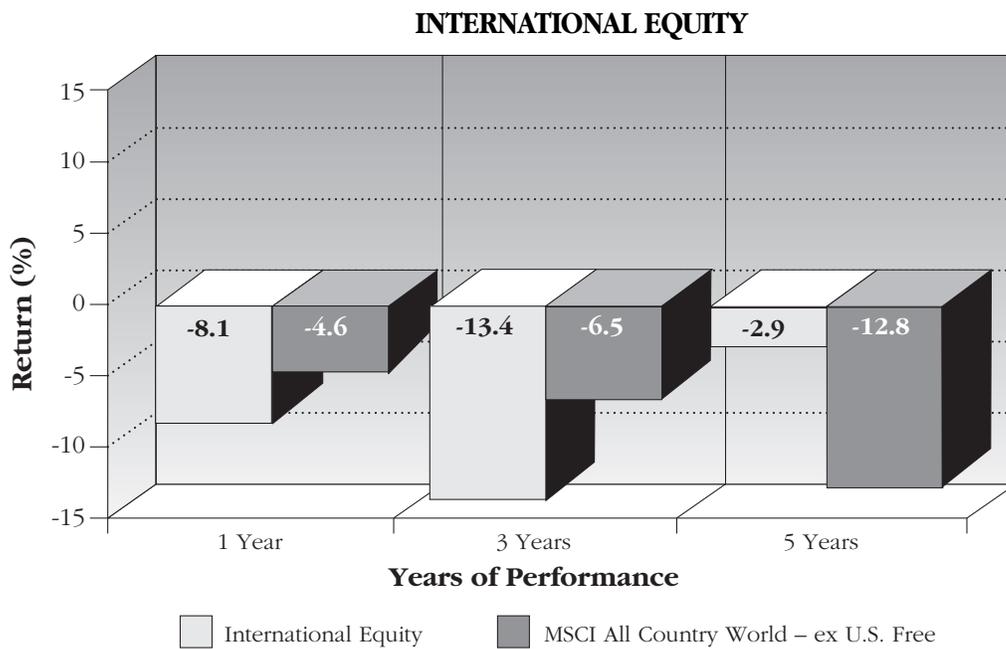
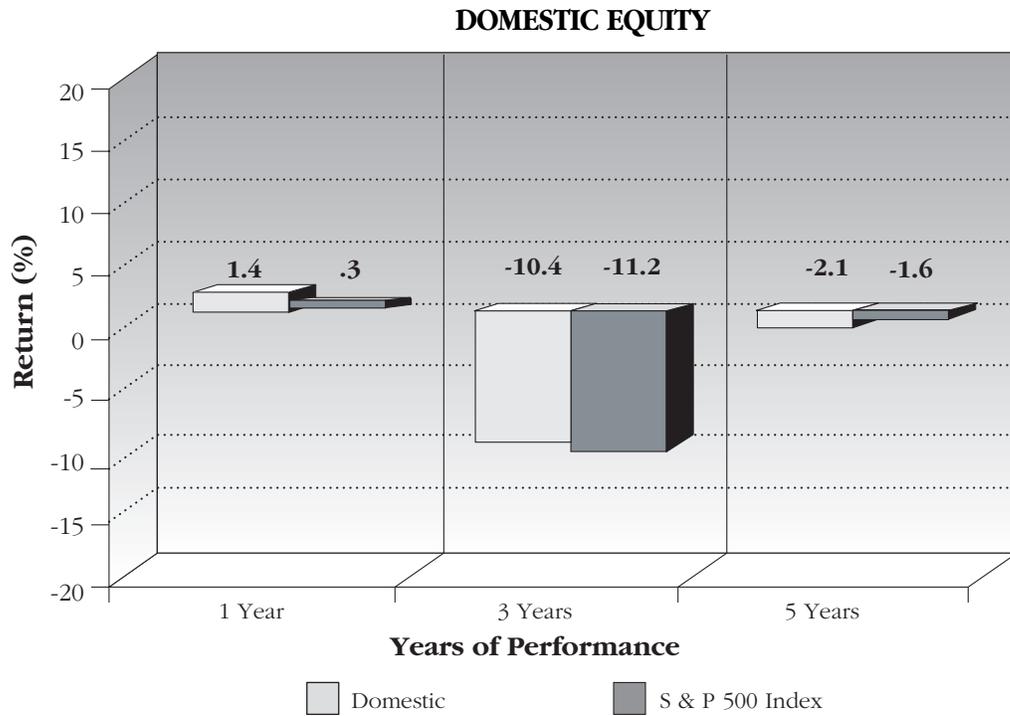
**EQUITY DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE**  
as of June 30, 2003



**REAL ESTATE DISTRIBUTION BY TYPE**  
as of June 30, 2003

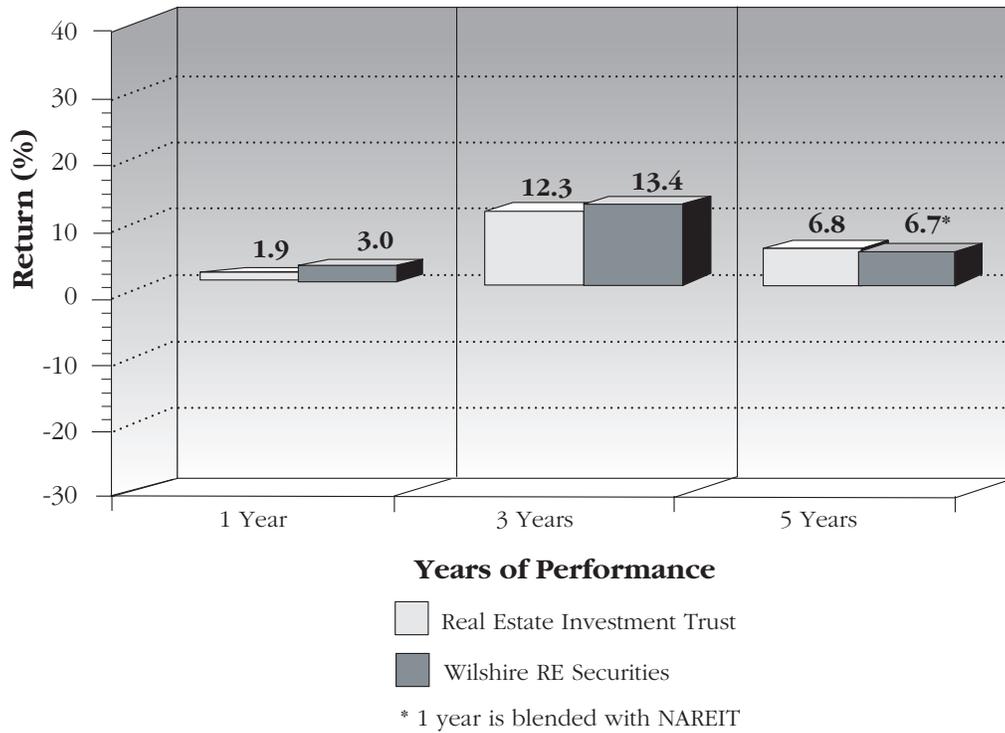


COMPARATIVE INVESTMENT RETURNS ENDING JUNE 30, 2003

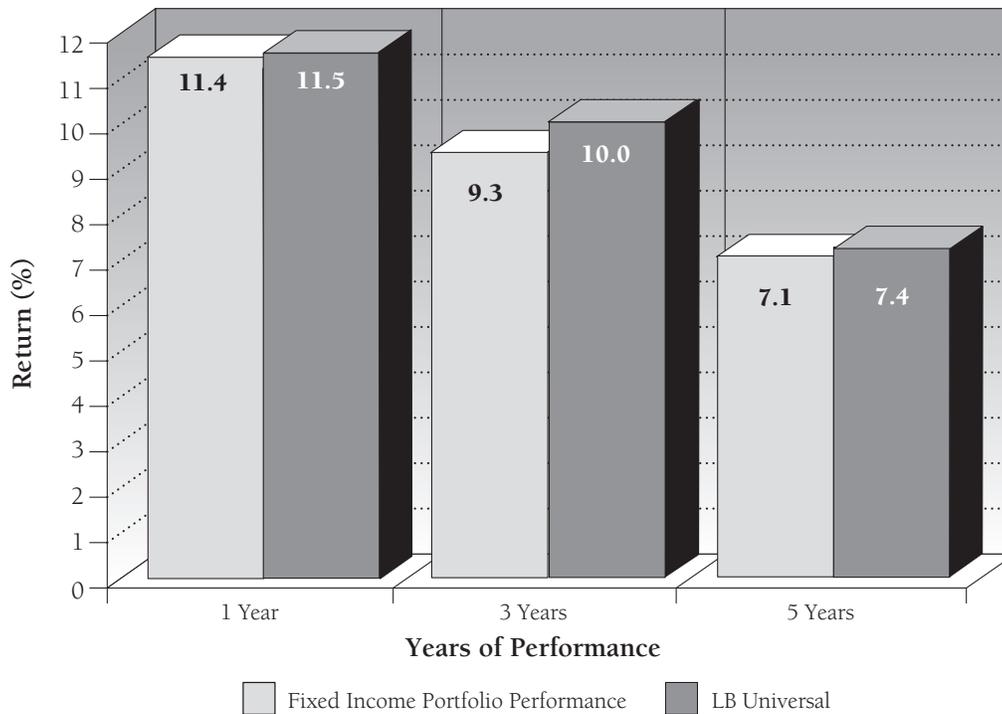


COMPARATIVE INVESTMENT RETURNS ENDING JUNE 30, 2003

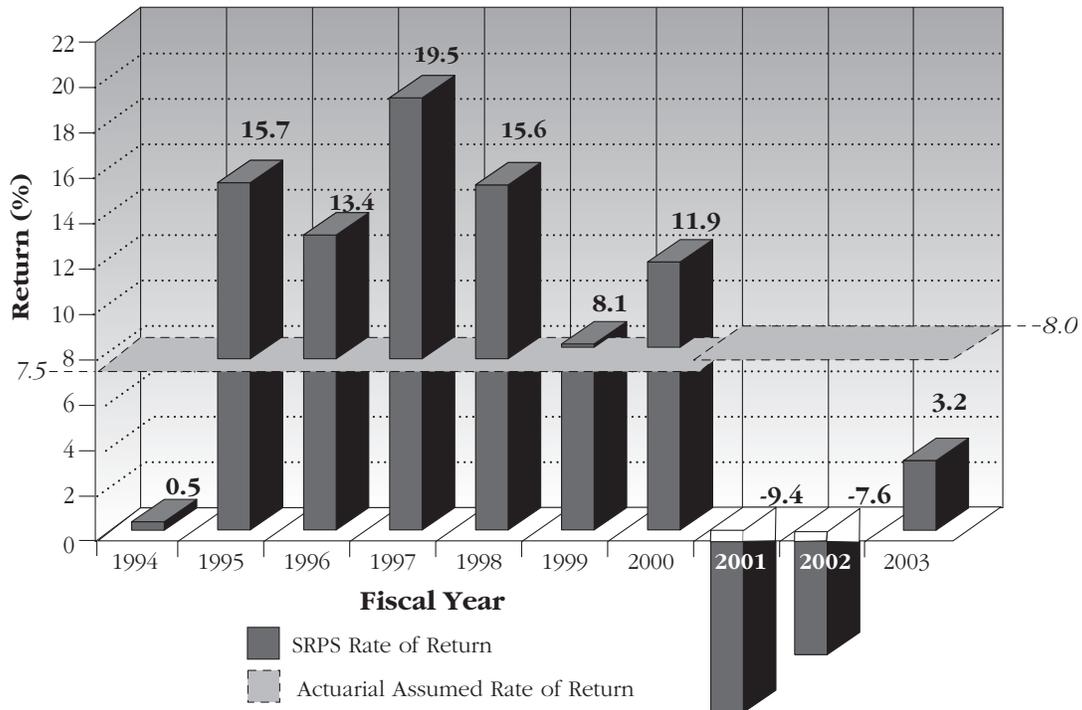
**REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT TRUST**



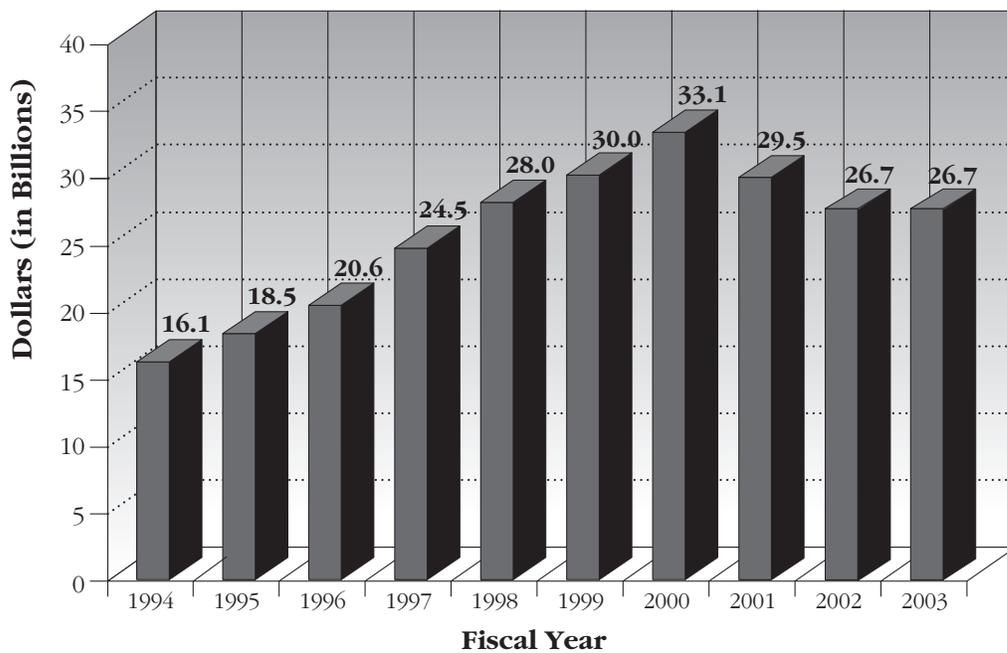
**FIXED INCOME**



**TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF TIME-WEIGHTED ANNUAL RETURNS**



**TEN-YEAR GROWTH OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO**



**LARGEST 25 HOLDINGS**  
as of June 30, 2003

EQUITY INCOME SECURITIES:	No. of Shares	Fair Value
Nestle SA	353,140	\$ 72,867,469
Vodafone Group	32,974,383	64,478,972
Total SA	417,277	63,060,068
UBS AG	1,053,658	58,612,181
Canon Inc.	1,247,000	57,222,319
Aventis SA	937,682	51,588,850
E on AG	1,001,622	51,494,998
SPDR Trust	526,250	51,377,788
ENI	3,387,624	51,233,624
J P Morgan Chase & Co.	1,492,804	51,024,041
Waste Management Inc.	2,095,605	50,483,124
Novartis AG	1,272,929	50,370,230
GlaxoSmithKline	2,493,279	50,317,657
General Electric Company	1,731,710	49,665,443
Unilever	6,133,542	48,835,061
Amazon.Com Inc.	1,268,400	46,283,916
Pfizer, Inc.	1,353,446	46,220,181
Tyco International Ltd	2,417,635	45,886,712
Swiss Reinsurance Company	827,232	45,833,496
ING Groep NV	2,597,365	45,127,992
Barclays	5,997,486	44,535,346
Lloyds TSB Group PLC	6,266,893	44,493,466
Nextel Communications Inc.	2,409,617	43,565,875
ABN Amro Holdings NV	2,267,602	43,356,595
International Business Machines Corporation	495,568	40,884,360
TOTAL		<u>\$1,268,819,764</u>
FIXED INCOME SECURITIES:	Par	Fair Value
Federal National Mortgage Assn. TBA, 5.00% due Dec. 31, 2099	\$154,282,400	\$ 159,393,005
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp, 1.875% due Jan. 15, 2005	110,000,000	110,991,092
United States Treasury Notes, 2.25% due July 31, 2004	105,000,000	106,354,501
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp, 5.125% due Oct. 15, 2008	89,500,000	99,832,780
United States Treasury Bonds, 8.875% due Feb. 15, 2019	53,500,000	81,933,108
GNMA 1 TBA, 5.50% due Dec. 15, 2099	70,000,000	72,641,408
GNMA 1 TBA, 4.55% due Dec. 15, 2099	68,219,166	71,630,124
Federal National Mortgage Assn. TBA, 6.00% due Dec. 31, 2099	68,497,410	71,472,766
United States Treasury Notes, 4.625% due May 15, 2006	65,505,000	71,022,145
United States Treasury Notes, 1.75% due Dec. 31, 2004	67,000,000	67,584,916
GNMA 1 TBA, 7.00% due Dec. 15, 2099	63,113,636	66,703,224
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp, 5.50% due Mar. 01, 2033	64,069,271	66,171,719
United States Treasury Bonds, 6.25% due Aug. 15, 2023	51,400,000	62,993,640
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp, 4.50% due Jan. 15, 2013	57,500,000	60,373,276
United States Treasury Notes, 3.50% due Nov. 15, 2006	57,020,000	60,114,759
United States Treasury Notes, 3.625% due Jan. 15, 2008	47,217,870	52,965,172
GNMA 1 TBA, 6.00% due Dec. 15, 2099	50,432,878	52,836,317
Federal National Mortgage Assn., 1.24% due Aug. 20, 2003	50,000,000	49,920,139
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp, 1.15% due Aug. 28, 2003	50,000,000	49,907,361
United States Treasury Bonds, 7.50% due Nov. 15, 2016	36,600,000	49,710,522
United States Treasury Bonds, 6.125% due Aug.15, 2029	40,000,000	48,884,796
FNMA Pool 555471, 5.50% due Apr. 01, 2018	46,756,173	48,543,543
GNMA 1 TBA, 6.00% due Dec. 15, 2099	44,500,000	46,551,174
United States Treasury Bonds, 5.50% due Aug. 15, 2028	41,000,000	46,137,480
United States Treasury Bonds, 8.125% due Aug. 15, 2019	31,600,000	45,701,789
TOTAL		<u>\$1,720,370,756</u>

A complete list of portfolio holdings is available upon request.

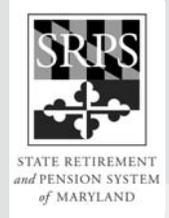
**DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL EQUITY COMMISSIONS TO BROKERS  
for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2003**

*(Expressed in Thousands)*

<b>Brokers *</b>	<b>Total Shares</b>	<b>Total Commission</b>
State Street Brokerage	146,098	\$1,721
Credit Suisse First Boston	114,732	615
Credit Lyonnais	43,683	575
Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc.	43,177	536
UBS AG	16,508	416
Jefferies Company, Inc.	11,303	396
Goldman Sachs & Co.	30,766	375
Morgan Stanley Co.	11,103	328
Bear Stearns & Co., Inc.	12,866	300
Salomon Smith Barney, Inc.	17,329	256
Lehman Brothers, Inc.	6,416	252
Deutsche Bank	19,567	203
Ferris Baker Watts, Inc.	4,683	190
J P Morgan Securities, Inc.	10,776	178
ABN AMRO	7,044	140
Percival Financial Partners, Ltd.	2,683	135
Investment Technology Group	6,053	126
First Union Capital Markets	2,257	113
BHF Securities Corporation	48,976	109
Citibank	18,178	107
Blaylock Partners	2,192	100
Legg Mason, Inc.	2,073	97
Dresdner Kleinworth	5,194	96
Other Broker Fees	<u>125,976</u>	<u>1,953</u>
Total broker commissions	<u>709,633</u>	<u>\$9,317</u>

\* Proceeds from the sale and disbursements for the purchase of securities are reported net of brokers' commissions. As such, brokers' commissions are not included as investment expenses on the Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets. Other broker fees include 173 other brokers each receiving less than \$95,000 in total commissions.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003, total domestic equity commissions averaged 2.29 cents per share, and total international equity commissions averaged 11.72 basis points per share.



## **EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT & PENSION SYSTEMS**

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*The Employees' Retirement System (established in 1941) and the Employees' Pension System (established in 1980) combined account for more than half of all State Retirement and Pension System members. Active membership in the combined employees' systems at the end of fiscal year 2002 exceeded 89,000 participants. Membership includes all regular employees of the State of Maryland. In addition, 132 local governmental units have voluntarily joined the system to provide survivor, disability and retirement benefits for their employees. The governor, members of the General Assembly, and state correctional officers are also included as members of the combined employees' systems.*



A MILLIMAN GLOBAL FIRM

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November 20, 2003

Board of Trustees  
State Retirement and Pension  
System of Maryland  
120 East Baltimore Street  
Baltimore, MD 21202

Dear Members of the Board:

At your request, we have conducted our annual actuarial valuation of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland as of June 30, 2003. The results of the valuation are contained in the following report.

**Funding Objective**

The funding objective of the System is to establish contribution rates which, over time, will remain level as a percent of payroll. In order to achieve this, a contribution rate has been determined which will provide for current cost (i.e., normal cost expressed as a level percent of payroll) plus a level percent of payroll amortization of the pre-2001 unfunded liability to the year 2020, and of each subsequent layer of unfunded liability over a 25 year period from the last year it first arises. Maryland law now contains provisions (i.e. a corridor approach) to prevent large fluctuations in the contribution rate, while adequately funding the liabilities.

**Assumptions**

Based on the most recent review of the System's experience completed during Fiscal Year 2003, the actuarial assumptions used in this year's valuation have been recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board of Trustees. We believe the assumptions used, in the aggregate, represent our best estimate of future experience of the plan.

The actuarial assumptions and methods used for this valuation meet the parameters set for disclosure presented in the financial section of the System's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 25, *Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans*.

**Reliance on Others**

In preparing our report we relied, without audit, on employee census data and financial information provided by the State Retirement Agency. Census data provided to us by the Agency has been reviewed for reasonableness, and for consistency with the data certified by the System's auditors.

**Supporting Schedules**

Certain information presented in the System's June 30, 2003 CAFR was derived from our June 30, 2003 actuarial valuation report. In this regard, we were responsible for producing all supporting schedules to be found in the Actuarial Section.

Additionally we were responsible for producing all data presented in the Schedule of Funding Progress, Schedule of Employer Contributions and Notes to the Required Supplementary Information shown in the Financial Section of the 2003 CAFR.

**Certification**

I, Robert Dezube, am a consulting actuary for Milliman USA. I am also a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein. On the basis of the foregoing, I certify that, to the best of my knowledge this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with Maryland's Annotated Code and generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with the applicable Guides to Professional Conduct, Amplifying Opinions, and supporting Recommendations and Interpretations of the American Academy of Actuaries.

Sincerely,

Milliman USA

Robert S. Dezube, F.S.A.  
Principal

## BOARD SUMMARY

### Valuation Comments

This report presents the results of the June 30, 2003 actuarial valuation of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland (SRPS). The primary purposes of performing the annual actuarial valuation are to:

- 1) **determine the contributions** to be paid by the State in Fiscal Year 2005;
- 2) **measure and disclose**, as of the valuation date, the financial condition of the fund;
- 3) **indicate trends** in the financial progress of the fund;
- 4) **provide specific information** and documentation required by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

In this section of the report, we will present a summary of the above information in the form of:

- the actuary's comments;
- the prior year's experience of the Fund's assets, liabilities, contributions, and membership;
- a series of graphs highlighting key trends experienced by the Fund; and
- a tabular summary, intended for quick reference purposes, of all the principal results from this year's valuation, compared to the prior year's.

### Actuary's Comments

During 2002 Milliman conducted a formal experience review of the actuarial assumptions used to finance the System. Milliman recommended to the Board a specific set of changes to be incorporated in the current and future actuarial valuations of the System. In summary the approved changes are as follows:

Actuarial Assumption:	Change:
1. Investment Assumption	decrease from 8.00% to 7.75%
2. Cost of Living Adjustment	decrease from 5.00% to 3.00%
3. Wage Inflation	decrease from 5.00% to 4.00%
4. Other Actuarial Assumptions*	refine to bring in line with experience study results

\* these include inactive mortality, disability, withdrawal, early retirement and normal retirement

The System's assets earned **3.2%** for the year, which is **4.8%** below the 8% assumption. This was a significant factor leading to the System's unfunded actuarial liability of **\$2,343** million as of June 30, 2003. This compares to a **\$1,808** million unfunded liability measured as of the June 30, 2002 valuation. In relative terms, the overall System funding ratio of assets to liabilities fell from **94.7%** in 2002, to **93.3%** this year. This funded status is still sub-

stantially better than would have been expected when the State first established the goal to extinguish unfunded liabilities by the year 2020.

This marks the third consecutive period of unfavorable market return (i.e. less than the 8.0% assumption). Therefore, the impact on the actuarial, or smoothed, value of assets is more significant without the help of stored gains as in prior years. The actuarial, or smoothed, rate of return measured from this past year was a positive **3.3%**, or approximately 4.7% less than our assumption. This investment loss increased the unfunded liability by **\$1,496** million more than expected. Combined with a liability gain of **\$489** million, the total System experienced a net actuarial loss of **\$1,007** million.

In the 2001 legislative session, the Legislature changed the method used to fund the two largest Systems of the SRPS, the Teachers Combined System and the State portion of the Employees Combined System to a corridor method. Under this funding approach, the State appropriation is fixed at the June 30, 2000 valuation rate as long as the actuarial funded status of these Systems remains in a corridor of 90% funded to 110% funded. Once the ratio falls outside of this corridor, the appropriated rate will be adjusted towards the underlying actuarially calculated rate.

The results of this valuation report disclose the actuarially calculated rate which will be used for purposes of disclosing the Annual Required Contribution rate under Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 25. The analysis in this report will focus on the actuarially determined rate but will strive to footnote the appropriated or budgeted rate where applicable.

Finally, while the results are not on the favorable side this year, we emphasize again, as we have so often in the past, that financing of any retirement system is a long term proposition. Annual fluctuations are to be expected and should not by themselves be cause for concern. We continue to maintain that the overall System's financial condition is healthy, and that there are procedures, assumptions and methods in place, which in our opinion adequately and appropriately finance the emerging long-term liabilities of the System.

The balance of this section summarizes System trends, and provides the principal details on this year's experience.

### Prior Year Experience

#### ASSETS

Plan assets for this Fund are measured on both a market value and an actuarial or smoothed value basis. The actuarial smoothing method, described in detail in Appendix C, essentially reflects

only 20% of a current year's actual market performance. In periods of high returns, this method significantly discounts the amount of asset gains above the assumed return of 8%. Conversely, in periods of returns below assumed, the losses are discounted. The primary advantage of this smoothing technique is contribution stability. The System does not feel the full impact of lower (or higher) costs when assets increase (or decrease) dramatically.

For the plan year ending June 30, 2003, the Fund earned a positive **3.2%** on a market value basis and a positive **3.3%** on a smoothed basis. While on a market basis, the Fund experienced an investment loss of **\$1,285** million, the actuarial or smoothed basis produced a loss of **\$1,496** million. The specific changes between the prior year amounts and this year's are presented below.

Item (In Millions)	Market Value	Actuarial Value
June 30, 2002 value	\$26,587	\$32,323
June 30, 2002 Municipal Withdrawals	(6)	(7)
Employer Contributions	601	601
Member Contributions	208	208
Benefit Payments	(1,554)	(1,554)
Expected Investment Earnings (8%)	2,097	2,556
Expected Value June 30, 2003	\$27,933	\$34,127
INVESTMENT GAIN (LOSS)	(1,285)	(1,496)
June 30, 2003 value	\$26,648	\$32,631

**LIABILITIES**

Three different measures of liabilities are calculated for this fund: a total value of future obligations (PVB), an actuarial liability (EAN), and an accounting liability (PVAB). Section III of this report describes the development of each. Only the actuarial liability is analyzed in terms of a gain or loss experience, which then is used to determine the System's funding and accounting (GASB) disclosures. During the plan year ending in 2003, the actuarial liabilities experienced an overall gain of **\$489 million**, which is **1.43%** of the total actuarial liability being measured. The primary cause for liability experience being better than anticipated this past year was annual salary increases being less than anticipated.

LIABILITIES (In Millions)	Total Value (PVB)	Actuarial (EAN)	Accounting (PVAB)
June 30, 2002	\$41,299	\$34,131	\$27,747
June 30, 2003	\$42,549	\$34,975	\$29,010

**UNFUNDED LIABILITIES AND FUNDING RATIOS**

The difference between assets and liabilities is the unfunded liability. This is measured in two ways: unfunded actuarial liabilities, which compare the actuarial liabilities to the actuarial asset value, and unfunded accrued benefits, which compare the present value

of benefits accrued as of the valuation date to the market value of assets. These amounts are shown for June 30, 2002 and June 30, 2003, as well as the corresponding funding ratios for each (assets divided by liabilities).

Item (In Millions)	Actuarial	PVAB
6/30/2002 Net Surplus (Unfunded)	\$1,808	\$1,160
Funding Ratio	94.7%	95.8%
6/30/2003 Net Surplus (Unfunded)	\$2,343	\$2,362
Funding Ratio	93.3%	91.9%

**CONTRIBUTIONS**

In Section IV, we show the various contribution rates by system. In this summary, we present overall the State contribution rate, and compare it to the rate developed in the June 30, 2002 actuarial valuation. In summary, due to the net impact of investment losses and liability gains, the overall System contribution requirement, payable in FY 2005 on the GASB disclosure basis, has increased by **0.53%** of payroll. It is important to note that this is not the contribution rate upon which the State will base its budget in either FY 2004 or FY 2005. This analysis compares the underlying cost calculations which will be used to disclose the State's pension expense for GASB reporting purposes. The actual appropriations are calculated on a Corridor Funding Method for the two largest plans. This approach produced payroll-weighted averages of **8.06%** at June 30, 2002, decreasing to **7.97%** as of June 30, 2003.

Rate as Percent of Covered Payroll – GASB Disclosure	
June 30, 2002 State Rate	9.44%
Decrease due to Assumption Changes	(0.27%)
Increase due to Investment Loss	1.08%
Decrease due to Liability Gain	(0.28%)
June 30, 2003 State Rate	9.97%

Rate as Percent of Covered Payroll – Budget (Corridor Method)	
June 30, 2002 State Rate	8.06%
Decrease in Systems not within the Corridor	(0.09%)
Increase due to Shift in Payroll	0.00%
June 30, 2003 State Rate	7.97%

**MEMBERSHIP**

There are four types of plan participants, current active workers, previous terminations who retain a right to a deferred vested benefit, previous terminations who are not vested but have member contributions in the System (inactives), and participants in pay status. In Appendix B, we present extensive details on membership statistics. Below, we compare totals in each group between June 30, 2002 and 2003.

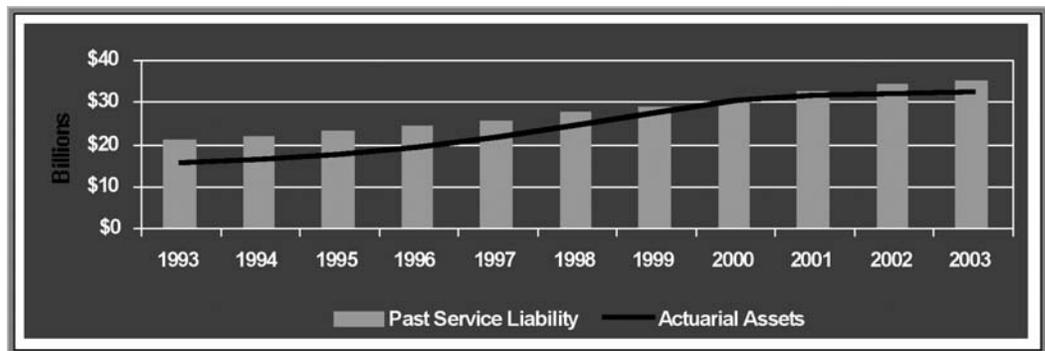
As shown below, there was an overall increase in participation during the year of 1.4%.

	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	Change
Active Participants	190,021	190,123	(0.1%)
Terminated Vested Participants	35,302	30,733	14.9%
Inactive Participants	10,271	13,622	(24.6%)
Participants In Pay Status	90,803	87,367	3.9%
Total Participants	326,397	321,845	1.4%

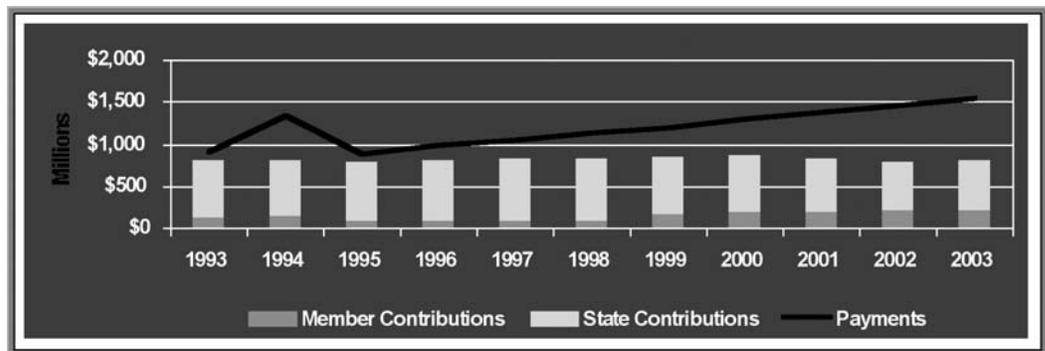
**TRENDS**

One of the best ways to measure or evaluate the financial condition of a pension plan, is to examine the historical trends that are evolving. Below, we present three charts which present trend information from 1993 through the end of 2003, on the System's assets and liabilities, annual cash flows in and out of the fund, and the State contribution rate. Our comments on each follow.

**Chart A:**  
Assets/Liabilities



**Chart B:**  
Cash Flows



**Chart C:**  
State Contribution Rate

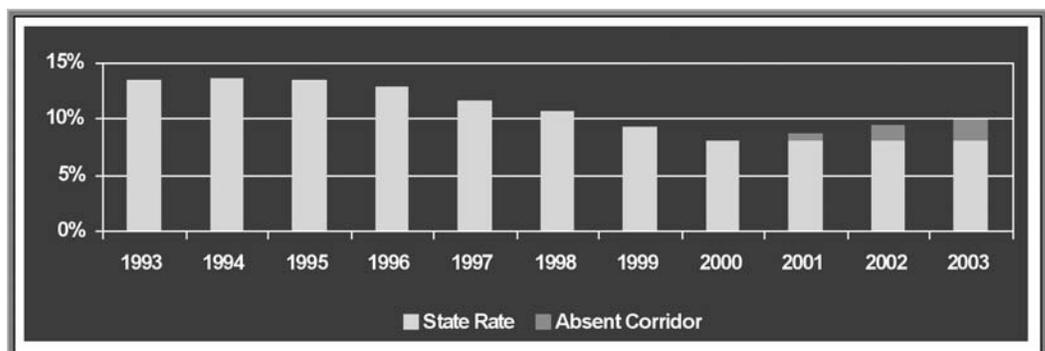


Chart A places into perspective the aforementioned investment and liability performance losses of this past year. The ratio of assets to liabilities (i.e., funding ratio), has grown, not just over the period in the chart but since early 1980's. Despite the investment losses of the past two years, this year's funding ratio is still among the best ever for the State.

Chart B presents an emerging trend that will have investment implications. It is a trend being faced by many state-wide retirement systems, with the aging of our baby boomer generations. Payments to retirees are on the increase, while cash into the fund,

from employer and employee contributions, is stable or declining. This is not unanticipated, and essentially explains the past need for total fund buildup.

Finally, Chart C, looks only at the State contribution rate which is used each year to determine the upcoming fiscal year State appropriation. It shows the impact of the past decade's sustained investment gains, a continuous lowering of the rate until 2000. Effective with the 2001 valuation, the State appropriations are performed under a corridor funding method for the two largest plans. The appropriation has remained essentially level since that time.

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## Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

### FUNDING METHOD

The System uses the entry age normal cost method with projection to determine the actuarial accrued liability on which future employer contribution rates will be based. Under this funding method, a total contribution rate is determined which consists of two elements, the normal cost rate and the unfunded actuarial liability rate.

The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is being amortized, as a level percentage of payroll, in two distinct pieces. The UAAL which existed as of the June 30, 2000 actuarial valuation is being amortized over the remaining 17-year period to June 30, 2020. Each new layer of UAAL arising subsequent to June 30, 2000 is being amortized over a 25 year period. The equivalent single amortization period is 30 years.

### ASSET VALUATION METHOD

Assets are valued for funding purposes using a five-year moving average. Under this method, the year end actuarial asset value equals 1/5 of the current fiscal year end fair value, as reported in the financial statements, plus 4/5 of the "expected market value". For purposes of this calculation, the "expected market value" is the preceding fiscal year's actuarial asset value, adjusted for the current fiscal year's cash flows with interest accumulated at the actuarial assumed rate of return on investments.

### ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The assumptions used for the actuarial valuation were recommended by the System's independent actuary, based upon periodic analyses of the System's experience, and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Differences between assumed and actuarial experience (i.e., actuarial gains and losses) are part of the unfunded actuarial liability. The following significant assumptions were used in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2003:

- a rate of return on investments of 7.75 percent compounded annually (adopted June 30, 2003);
- projected salary increases of 4 percent compounded annually, attributable to inflation (adopted June 30, 2003);
- additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.00 percent to 11.96 percent per year attributable to seniority and merit (adopted June 30, 2003);
- post-retirement benefit increases ranging from 3 percent to 4 percent per year depending on the system (adopted June 30, 2003);
- rates of mortality, termination of service, disablement and retirement based on actual experience during the period from 1981 through 2002 (adopted June 30, 2003); and
- an increase in the aggregate active member payroll of 4 percent annually (adopted June 30, 2003).

**ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION  
THE TOTAL SYSTEMS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND**

	<b>2003</b>	<b>2002</b>
<b>A. FASB #35 basis</b>		
1. Present value of benefits accrued to date:		
a. Members currently receiving payments	\$16,851,546,911	\$16,188,035,658
b. Former vested members	721,570,911	595,923,922
c. Active members	<u>11,436,792,752</u>	<u>10,963,128,706</u>
2. Total present value of accrued benefits (1 (a) + 1 (b) + 1 (c))	29,099,910,574	27,747,088,286
3. Assets at market value	<u>26,648,106,847</u>	<u>26,586,894,393</u>
4. Unfunded value of accrued benefits (2-3)	<u>\$ 2,361,803,727</u>	<u>\$ 1,160,193,893</u>
5. Ratio of assets to value of benefits (3/2)	91.86%	95.82%
<b>B. GASB #25 basis</b>		
1. Actuarial accrued liabilities for retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	\$17,573,117,822	\$16,783,959,580
2. Actuarial accrued liabilities for current employees	<u>17,401,483,044</u>	<u>17,347,324,432</u>
3. Total actuarial accrued liability (1+2)	34,974,600,866	34,131,284,012
4. Net actuarial assets available for benefits	<u>32,631,464,884</u>	<u>32,323,263,153</u>
5. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (3-4)	<u>\$ 2,343,135,982</u>	<u>\$ 1,808,020,859</u>

## SUMMARY OF UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL

Valuation Date June 30,	Actuarial Liabilities For			Total Liabilities	Actuarial Value of Assets
	Active Member Contributions	Retirees, Term Vested and Inactives	Active Members Employer Fin. Portion		
1994	\$ 1,466,974,205	\$ 9,994,023,038	\$ 10,414,465,996	\$ 21,875,463,239	\$ 16,272,576,616
1995	1,503,414,664	10,622,091,333	10,967,030,922	23,092,536,919	17,666,581,953
1996	1,538,891,321	11,552,405,340	11,149,586,097	24,240,882,758	19,455,279,738
1997	1,502,991,713	12,714,514,210	11,165,702,737	25,383,208,660	21,920,695,723
1998	1,505,629,954	12,866,065,299	13,045,239,668	27,416,934,921	24,850,355,227
1999	1,580,530,209	13,583,779,499	13,311,070,338	28,475,380,046	27,646,578,997
2000	1,662,397,147	14,636,664,952	13,980,804,631	30,279,866,730	30,649,380,445
2001	1,752,989,299	15,939,733,140	14,777,219,354	32,469,941,793	31,914,778,425
2002	1,858,783,727	16,783,959,580	15,488,540,705	34,131,284,012	32,323,263,153
2003	1,973,371,055	17,573,117,822	15,428,111,989	34,974,600,866	32,631,464,884

## SUMMARY OF RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES ADDED TO AND REMOVED FROM ROLLS

Fiscal Year Ended	Added to Rolls		Removed from Rolls		Rolls-End of Year		% Increase in Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowance
	Number	Annual Allowance	Number	Annual Allowances	Number	Annual Allowances		
1994	4,505	\$44,993,432	1,933	\$9,358,981	61,890	\$772,412,629	8.56%	\$12,480
1995	4,839	43,915,820	2,143	10,702,372	64,594	827,273,808	7.10	12,807
1996	4,784	47,649,016	2,316	11,930,488	67,062	901,855,498	9.02	13,448
1997	7,157	119,374,380	2,731	33,641,211	71,488	987,588,667	9.51	13,815
1998	5,217	90,497,436	2,366	30,768,198	74,339	1,047,317,905	6.05	14,088
1999	5,514	93,034,053	2,375	30,628,858	77,478	1,109,723,100	5.96	14,323
2000	5,758	115,003,079	2,463	31,450,868	80,773	1,211,400,269	7.41	14,998
2001	6,071	145,073,765	2,659	34,172,397	84,185	1,322,301,637	9.15	15,708
2002	5,925	107,545,768	2,743	36,803,883	87,367	1,393,043,522	5.35	15,945
2003	6,216	123,497,444	2,780	38,449,020	90,803	1,478,091,946	6.11	16,278

**LIABILITIES / SOLVENCY TEST**

<b>Ratio of Assets to Actuarial Liabilities</b>						
<b>Active Member Contributions</b>	<b>Retirees Term Vested and Inactives</b>	<b>Active Members Employer Fin. Portion</b>	<b>Funded Ratio (Assets/Liab. Coverage)</b>	<b>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)</b>	<b>Covered Payroll</b>	<b>UAAL as % of Covered Payroll</b>
100 %	100 %	46.20 %	74.39 %	\$ 5,602,886,623	\$ 5,246,249,283	107 %
100	100	50.52	76.50	5,425,954,966	5,532,149,777	98
100	100	57.08	80.26	4,785,603,020	5,640,833,581	85
100	100	68.99	86.36	3,462,512,937	5,657,384,942	61
100	100	80.33	90.64	2,566,579,694	5,900,456,000	43
100	100	93.77	97.09	828,801,049	6,312,417,000	13
100	100	102.64	101.22	(369,513,715)	6,725,870,000	(5)
100	100	96.24	98.29	555,163,368	7,255,036,000	8
100	100	88.33	94.70	1,808,020,859	7,867,794,200	23
100	100	84.81	93.30	2,343,135,982	8,134,419,291	29

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN TOTAL ACTUARIAL  
PRESENT VALUE OF ALL ACCRUED BENEFITS**  
*(Expressed in Millions)*

	<b>Accumulated Benefit Obligation (FASB 35)</b>
Actuarial present value of accrued benefits at June 30, 2002	<u>\$27,747</u>
Increase (decrease) during year attributable to:	
Passage of Time	2,159
Benefits Paid – FY 2002	(1,554)
Benefits Accrued, Other Gains/Losses	751
Plan Amendment & Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	<u>(93)</u>
Net Increase	<u>1,263</u>
Actuarial present value of accrued benefits at June 30, 2003	<u><u>\$29,010</u></u>

**REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE VALUATION OF THE  
STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEM OF MARYLAND  
AS OF JUNE 30, 2003**

*Summary of Principal Results*

	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	% Change
<b>1. Participant Data</b>			
Number of:			
Active Members	190,021	190,123	(0.1)%
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	90,803	87,367	3.9
Vested Deferred Members	35,302	30,733	14.9
Inactive Status Members	<u>10,271</u>	<u>13,622</u>	(24.6)
 Total Participants	 <u>326,397</u>	 <u>321,845</u>	 1.4
 Covered Annual Salaries of Active Members*	 \$ 8,134,419,291	 \$ 7,867,794,200	 3.4
Annual Retirement Allowances for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	 \$ 1,478,091,946	 \$ 1,393,043,522	 6.1
<b>2. Assets and Liabilities</b>			
Total Actuarial Liability	\$34,974,600,866	\$34,131,284,012	2.5
Assets for Valuation Purposes	<u>32,631,464,884</u>	<u>32,323,263,153</u>	1.0
 Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Surplus)	 <u>\$ 2,343,135,982</u>	 <u>\$ 1,808,020,859</u>	 29.6
FASB Accrued Liability	\$29,009,910,574	\$27,747,088,286	4.6
Market Value of Assets	<u>26,648,106,847</u>	<u>26,586,894,393</u>	0.2
 Unfunded FASB Accrued Liability (Surplus)	 <u>\$ 2,361,803,727</u>	 <u>\$ 1,160,193,893</u>	 103.6

\*Does not include members of State Police and LEOPS who have elected the DROP.

**REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL VALUATION OF THE  
TEACHERS' COMBINED SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND  
AS OF JUNE 30, 2003**

*Summary of Principal Results*

	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	% Change
<b>1. Participant Data</b>			
Number of:			
Active Members	97,298	96,356	1.0%
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	43,675	41,920	4.2
Vested Deferred Members	13,642	11,416	19.5
Inactive Status Members	<u>5,219</u>	<u>6,624</u>	(21.2)
Total Participants	<u>159,834</u>	<u>156,316</u>	2.3
Covered Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$ 4,522,202,402	\$ 4,323,053,923	4.6
Annual Retirement Allowances for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$ 907,422,987	\$ 857,620,744	5.8
<b>2. Assets and Liabilities</b>			
Total Actuarial Liability	\$21,152,062,565	\$21,117,046,756	0.2
Assets for Valuation Purposes	<u>19,626,676,057</u>	<u>19,424,000,237</u>	1.0
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Surplus)	<u>\$ 1,525,386,508</u>	<u>\$ 1,693,046,519</u>	(9.9)
FASB Accrued Liability	\$17,671,561,409	\$17,434,637,904	1.4
Market Value of Assets	<u>16,108,367,651</u>	<u>16,052,071,028</u>	0.4
Unfunded FASB Accrued Liability (Surplus)	<u>\$ 1,563,193,758</u>	<u>\$ 1,382,566,876</u>	13.1

**REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL VALUATION OF THE  
EMPLOYEES' COMBINED SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND  
AS OF JUNE 30, 2003**

*Summary of Principal Results*

	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	% Change
<b>1. Participant Data</b>			
Number of:			
Active Members	89,286	90,306	(1.1)%
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	44,591	43,109	3.4
Vested Deferred Members	21,593	19,274	12.0
Inactive Status Members	<u>4,968</u>	<u>6,902</u>	(28.0)
Total Participants	<u>160,438</u>	<u>159,591</u>	0.5
Covered Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$ 3,424,054,274	\$ 3,356,670,791	2.0
Annual Retirement Allowances for			
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$ 483,702,850	\$ 456,344,866	6.0
 <b>2. Assets and Liabilities</b>			
Total Actuarial Liability	\$12,083,197,248	\$11,385,748,668	6.1
Assets for Valuation Purposes	<u>11,244,007,832</u>	<u>11,162,264,863</u>	0.7
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Surplus)	<u>\$ 839,189,416</u>	<u>\$ 223,483,805</u>	275.5
FASB Accrued Liability	\$ 9,728,910,255	\$ 8,914,453,515	9.1
Market Value of Assets	<u>9,156,181,278</u>	<u>9,147,398,773</u>	0.1
Unfunded FASB Accrued Liability (Surplus)	<u>\$ 572,728,977</u>	<u>\$ (232,945,258)</u>	345.9

**REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE FIFTY-FOURTH ANNUAL VALUATION OF THE  
STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND  
AS OF JUNE 30, 2003**

*Summary of Principal Results*

	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	% Change
<b>1. Participant Data</b>			
Number of:			
Active Members	1,542	1,589	(3.0)%
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	1,695	1,598	6.1
Vested Deferred Members	28	20	40.0
Inactive Status Members	<u>13</u>	<u>7</u>	85.7
 Total Participants	 <u>3,278</u>	 <u>3,214</u>	 2.0
 Covered Annual Salaries of Active Members*	 \$ 80,838,519	 \$ 83,141,520	 (2.8)
Annual Retirement Allowances for			
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$ 56,691,315	\$ 51,669,491	9.7
<b>2. Assets and Liabilities</b>			
Total Actuarial Liability	\$1,062,383,238	\$1,030,575,150	3.1
Assets for Valuation Purposes	<u>1,285,200,743</u>	<u>1,300,401,695</u>	(1.2)
 Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Surplus)	 <u>\$ (222,817,505)</u>	 <u>\$ (269,826,545)</u>	 17.4
FASB Accrued Liability	\$ 986,821,179	\$ 880,447,034	12.1
Market Value of Assets	<u>996,338,671</u>	<u>1,029,851,036</u>	(3.3)
 Unfunded FASB Accrued Liability (Surplus)	 <u>\$ (9,517,492)</u>	 <u>\$ (149,404,002)</u>	 93.6

\* Does not include members who elected DROP.

**REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE TWENTY-FOURTH ANNUAL VALUATION OF THE  
PENSION PLAN OF JUDGES AND THEIR SURVIVING SPOUSES  
AS OF JUNE 30, 2003**

*Summary of Principal Results*

	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	% Change
<b>1. Participant Data</b>			
Number of:			
Active Members	287	281	2.1%
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	306	311	(1.6)
Vested Deferred Members	10	10	0.0
Inactive Status Members	<u>3</u>	<u>0</u>	N/A
Total Participants	<u>606</u>	<u>602</u>	0.7
Covered Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$ 33,168,859	\$ 31,824,096	4.2
Annual Retirement Allowances for			
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$ 17,171,254	\$ 17,222,280	(0.3)
<b>2. Assets and Liabilities</b>			
Total Actuarial Liability	\$279,008,117	\$267,532,209	4.3
Assets for Valuation Purposes	<u>240,207,561</u>	<u>234,558,099</u>	2.4
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Surplus)	<u>\$ 38,800,556</u>	<u>\$ 32,974,110</u>	17.7
FASB Accrued Liability	\$265,105,527	\$238,645,966	11.1
Market Value of Assets	<u>193,773,533</u>	<u>192,192,005</u>	0.8
Unfunded FASB Accrued Liability (Surplus)	<u>\$ 71,331,994</u>	<u>\$ 46,453,961</u>	53.6

**REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE THIRTEENTH ANNUAL VALUATION OF THE  
LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' PENSION SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND  
AS OF JUNE 30, 2003**

*Summary of Principal Results*

	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	% Change
<b>1. Participant Data</b>			
Number of:			
Active Members	1,481	1,410	5.0%
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	503	403	24.8
Vested Deferred Members	18	8	125.0
Inactive Status Members	<u>44</u>	<u>58</u>	(24.1)
 Total Participants	 <u>2,046</u>	 <u>1,879</u>	 8.9
 Covered Annual Salaries of Active Members*	 \$ 69,469,540	 \$ 65,915,519	 5.4
Annual Retirement Allowances for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	 \$ 12,479,011	 \$ 9,683,261	 28.9
 <b>2. Assets and Liabilities</b>			
Total Actuarial Liability	\$382,287,032	\$312,057,677	22.5
Assets for Valuation Purposes	<u>225,111,179</u>	<u>191,099,965</u>	17.8
 Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Surplus)	 <u>\$157,175,853</u>	 <u>\$120,957,712</u>	 29.9
 FASB Accrued Liability	 \$342,486,608	 \$266,438,611	 28.5
Market Value of Assets	<u>184,658,278</u>	<u>156,055,488</u>	18.3
 Unfunded FASB Accrued Liability (Surplus)	 <u>\$157,828,330</u>	 <u>\$110,383,123</u>	 43.0

\* Does not include members who elected DROP.

**REPORT OF THE ACTUARY ON THE THIRTEENETH ANNUAL VALUATION OF THE  
LOCAL FIRE AND POLICE SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND  
AS OF JUNE 30, 2003**

*Summary of Principal Results*

	June 30, 2003	June 30, 2002	% Change
<b>1. Participant Data</b>			
Number of:			
Active Members	127	181	(29.8)%
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	33	26	26.9
Vested Deferred Members	11	5	120.0
Inactive Status Members	<u>24</u>	<u>31</u>	(22.6)
Total Participants	<u>195</u>	<u>243</u>	(19.8)
Covered Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$ 4,685,697	\$ 7,188,351	(34.8)
Annual Retirement Allowances for			
Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$ 624,529	\$ 502,880	24.2
<b>2. Assets and Liabilities</b>			
Total Actuarial Liability	\$15,662,666	\$18,323,552	(14.5)
Assets for Valuation Purposes	<u>10,261,512</u>	<u>10,938,294</u>	(6.2)
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (Surplus)	<u>\$ 5,401,154</u>	<u>\$ 7,385,258</u>	(26.9)
FASB Accrued Liability	\$15,025,596	\$12,465,256	20.5
Market Value of Assets	<u>8,787,437</u>	<u>9,326,064</u>	(5.8)
Unfunded FASB Accrued Liability (Surplus)	<u>\$ 6,238,159</u>	<u>\$ 3,139,192</u>	98.7

**SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP VALUATION DATA BY PLAN**

**Teachers' Retirement**

<b>Valuation Date As of June 30,</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Annual Payroll</b>	<b>Annual Average Pay</b>	<b>% Increase Avg. Pay</b>
1994	19,135	\$ 887,582,851	\$ 46,385	1.80%
1995	18,011	877,613,890	48,727	5.05
1996	16,850	843,710,972	50,072	2.76
1997	15,619	799,096,847	51,162	2.18
1998	14,346	760,092,729	52,983	3.56
1999	13,043	719,046,552	55,129	4.05
2000	11,634	671,990,806	57,761	4.77
2001	10,396	638,864,807	61,453	6.39
2002	9,270	604,172,528	65,175	6.06
2003	8,199	555,522,563	67,755	3.96

**Teachers' Pension**

<b>Valuation Date As of June 30,</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Annual Payroll</b>	<b>Annual Average Pay</b>	<b>% Increase Avg. Pay</b>
1994	58,898	\$ 1,934,173,528	\$ 32,839	3.69%
1995	61,749	2,108,777,126	34,151	4.00
1996	63,818	2,221,492,064	34,810	1.93
1997	66,978	2,352,121,326	35,118	0.88
1998	71,435	2,559,167,548	35,825	2.01
1999	75,578	2,831,567,375	37,465	4.58
2000	79,297	3,057,854,648	38,562	2.93
2001	82,901	3,355,335,942	40,474	4.96
2002	87,086	3,718,881,395	42,704	5.51
2003	89,099	3,966,679,839	44,520	4.25

**Employees' Retirement**

<b>Valuation Date As of June 30,</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Annual Payroll</b>	<b>Annual Average Pay</b>	<b>% Increase Avg. Pay</b>
1994	15,852	\$ 491,015,282	\$ 30,975	0.50%
1995	15,306	491,241,364	32,095	3.62
1996	14,850	490,784,260	33,049	2.97
1997	13,469	445,726,994	33,093	0.13
1998	13,149	439,012,253	33,388	0.89
1999	12,657	436,772,178	34,508	3.35
2000	12,213	444,062,220	36,360	5.37
2001	11,962	457,899,607	38,280	5.28
2002	11,722	470,462,717	40,135	4.85
2003	11,347	462,088,968	40,723	1.47

**SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP VALUATION DATA BY PLAN**  
(continued)

**Employees' Pension**

<b>Valuation Date As of June 30,</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Annual Payroll</b>	<b>Annual Average Pay</b>	<b>% Increase Avg. Pay</b>
1994	69,653	\$ 1,837,305,530	\$ 26,378	2.37%
1995	71,328	1,955,054,635	27,409	3.91
1996	70,215	1,984,030,014	28,257	3.09
1997	68,195	1,953,776,617	28,650	1.39
1998	68,893	2,009,173,639	29,164	1.79
1999	70,426	2,176,887,154	30,910	5.99
2000	73,212	2,385,187,733	32,579	5.40
2001	76,024	2,626,959,051	34,554	6.06
2002	78,584	2,886,208,074	36,728	6.29
2003	77,939	2,961,965,306	38,004	3.47

**Judges' Retirement**

<b>Valuation Date As of June 30,</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Annual Payroll</b>	<b>Annual Average Pay</b>	<b>% Increase Avg. Pay</b>
1994	266	\$ 22,831,506	\$ 85,833	0.24%
1995	260	23,063,700	88,707	3.35
1996	264	23,917,131	90,595	2.13
1997	268	25,007,240	93,311	3.00
1998	273	25,552,537	93,599	0.31
1999	283	29,576,854	104,512	11.66
2000	283	30,146,837	106,526	1.93
2001	281	30,554,439	108,735	2.07
2002	281	31,824,096	113,253	4.16
2003	287	33,168,859	115,571	2.05

**State Police Retirement**

<b>Valuation Date As of June 30,</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Annual Payroll</b>	<b>Annual Average Pay</b>	<b>% Increase Avg. Pay</b>
1994	1,584	\$ 59,097,769	\$ 37,309	1.83%
1995	1,577	60,677,175	38,476	3.13
1996	1,544	60,823,269	39,393	2.38
1997	1,588	62,936,492	39,633	0.61
1998	1,635	70,663,067	43,219	9.05
1999	1,647	75,601,750	45,903	6.21
2000	1,636	79,388,246	48,526	5.71
2001	1,578	79,382,508	50,306	3.67
2002	1,589	83,141,520	52,323	4.01
2003	1,542	80,838,519	52,424	0.19

**SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP VALUATION DATA BY PLAN**  
(continued)

**Law Enforcement Officers' Pension**

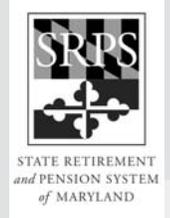
<b>Valuation Date As of June 30,</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Annual Payroll</b>	<b>Annual Average Pay</b>	<b>% Increase Avg. Pay</b>
1994	277	\$ 10,176,944	\$ 36,740	4.11%
1995	301	11,368,811	37,770	2.80
1996	294	11,645,942	39,612	4.88
1997	317	12,904,416	40,708	2.77
1998	755	30,511,663	40,413	(0.72)
1999	862	36,435,243	42,268	4.59
2000	1,130	50,301,859	44,515	5.32
2001	1,318	60,438,291	45,856	3.01
2002	1,410	65,915,519	46,748	1.95
2003	1,481	69,469,540	46,907	0.34

**Local Fire and Police**

<b>Valuation Date As of June 30,</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Annual Payroll</b>	<b>Annual Average Pay</b>	<b>% Increase Avg. Pay</b>
1994	131	\$ 4,065,873	\$ 31,037	0.61%
1995	134	4,353,076	32,486	4.67
1996	133	4,429,929	33,308	2.53
1997	168	5,815,010	34,613	3.92
1998	177	6,287,842	35,525	2.63
1999	178	6,529,920	36,685	3.27
2000	184	6,937,750	37,705	2.78
2001	140	5,600,965	40,007	6.11
2002	181	7,188,351	39,715	(0.73)
2003	127	4,685,697	36,895	(7.10)



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## **JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

*The Judges' Retirement System was established by the General Assembly in 1969. Future survivor, disability and retirement benefits will be provided to its current active membership of 287 participants. The Judicial System of Maryland is responsible for issuing findings of fact and conclusions of law in both criminal and civil matters. Membership includes judges of the District Court, Circuit Court, Court of Appeals and the Court of Special Appeals, as well as State Workers' Compensation Commissioners.*

**SCHEDULE OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE**

as of June 30, 2003

Amount of Monthly Benefit	Number of Retirees	Type of Retirement						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
\$ 1 – 300	13,859	10,279	1,297	934	34	48	940	327
301 – 600	13,945	8,627	1,879	1,045	83	70	1,902	339
601 – 900	11,172	7,079	1,371	760	94	118	1,544	206
901 – 1,200	9,673	6,277	1,163	600	106	286	1,127	114
1,201 – 1,500	8,255	5,368	1,212	416	86	340	774	59
1,501 – 1,800	7,263	4,798	1,200	308	83	312	517	45
1,801 – 2,100	6,333	4,428	938	229	78	292	355	13
2,101 – 2,400	5,539	4,121	768	147	74	193	224	12
2,401 – 2,700	4,810	3,955	429	107	32	150	128	9
2,701 – 3,000	3,596	3,080	237	77	27	121	48	6
Over 3,000	6,358	5,425	286	217	48	309	65	8
	<u>90,803</u>	<u>63,437</u>	<u>10,780</u>	<u>4,840</u>	<u>745</u>	<u>2,239</u>	<u>7,624</u>	<u>1,138</u>

**Type of Retirement:**

- 1 – Normal retirement for age and service
- 2 – Early retirement
- 3 – Survivor payment – normal or early retirement
- 4 – Survivor payment – death in service
- 5 – Accidental disability retirement
- 6 – Ordinary disability retirement
- 7 – Survivor payment – disability retirement

**SCHEDULE OF BENEFIT EXPENSE BY TYPE**

(Expressed In Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Age & Service Benefits		Death In Service	Disability Benefits			Death After Retirement	Total
	Retirees	Survivors	Pre- Retirement Benefits	Retirees		Survivors	Post- Retirement Benefits	
				Accidental	Ordinary			
1994	\$ 668,488	\$37,924	\$7,084	\$18,458	\$ 42,378	\$ 3,904	\$ 7,669	\$ 785,905
1995	713,331	41,036	7,323	20,889	44,764	4,418	12,395	844,156
1996	758,148	44,670	6,863	23,812	48,578	4,885	10,765	897,721
1997	823,755	48,178	6,352	26,419	51,660	5,445	11,294	973,103
1998	887,541	51,908	6,756	28,465	55,661	5,866	11,577	1,047,774
1999	942,736	55,997	6,335	33,788	59,219	6,451	10,560	1,115,086
2000	974,585	62,158	7,372	25,801	96,168	14,073	10,797	1,190,954
2001	1,039,129	66,756	7,561	29,230	103,575	15,599	10,954	1,272,804
2002	1,116,884	72,211	7,908	32,642	113,107	16,836	12,738	1,372,326
2003	1,197,037	78,064	7,443	36,113	122,967	18,355	14,278	1,474,257

**OF RETIREMENT AND OPTION SELECTED**

<b>#Option Selected</b>							
<b>Max.</b>	<b>Opt. 1</b>	<b>Opt. 2</b>	<b>Opt. 3</b>	<b>Opt. 4</b>	<b>Opt. 5</b>	<b>Opt. 6</b>	<b>Opt. 7</b>
5,520	3,358	1,827	1,187	1,167	357	432	11
4,691	2,993	1,690	1,783	1,853	293	625	17
3,454	1,999	1,419	1,610	1,919	213	549	9
2,747	1,568	1,482	1,468	1,666	236	495	11
2,160	1,347	1,401	1,229	1,395	249	469	5
1,942	1,147	1,243	1,100	1,221	197	407	6
1,917	840	1,012	905	1,188	138	322	11
1,724	669	932	824	989	143	250	8
1,454	595	635	748	991	101	280	6
1,299	415	384	549	743	40	155	11
2,455	553	815	1,097	1,124	77	218	19
<u>29,363</u>	<u>15,484</u>	<u>12,840</u>	<u>12,500</u>	<u>14,256</u>	<u>2,044</u>	<u>4,202</u>	<u>114</u>

**Option Selected:**

- Max. – At member’s death, all payments cease. Surviving beneficiary(ies) will receive pro-rated payment for the number of days in the final month.
- Opt. 1 – Guarantees return of the present value of the retirement benefit less the total payments already paid to the member.
- Opt. 2 – Guarantees the same payment to the designated beneficiaries for their lifetime.
- Opt. 3 – Guarantees one half the member’s payment to the designated beneficiaries for their lifetime.
- Opt. 4 – Guarantees return of the member’s accumulated contributions and interest less the member’s accumulated reserves already paid.
- Opt. 5 – Guarantees the same payment to the designated beneficiaries for their lifetime, unless the beneficiaries predecease the respective members. Allowance then increases to the maximum.
- Opt. 6 – Guarantees one half the member’s payment to the designated beneficiaries for their lifetime, unless the beneficiaries predecease the respective members. Allowance then increases to the maximum.
- Opt. 7 – Special option calculation performed by actuary.

**SUMMARY OF MEMBERSHIP**

	<b>Total</b>	<b>Teachers' Retirement</b>	<b>Teachers' Pension</b>	<b>*Employees' Retirement</b>
<b>From 7/1/98 to 6/30/99</b>				
Active Members	174,674	13,043	75,578	12,657
Average Annual Salary	\$36,138	\$56,129	\$37,466	\$34,508
Retired Members	77,478	28,383	7,674	25,730
Average Annual Retirement Allowances	\$14,557	\$21,170	\$10,945	\$11,917
Vested Former Members	39,665	1,906	13,304	1,377
<b>From 7/1/99 to 6/30/00</b>				
Active Members	179,586	11,634	79,294	12,213
Average Annual Salary	\$37,452	\$57,761	\$38,564	\$36,360
Retired Members	80,773	29,061	9,084	25,489
Average Annual Retirement Allowances	\$14,998	\$22,050	\$11,376	\$12,394
Vested Former Members	42,514	1,857	14,860	1,401
<b>From 7/1/00 to 6/30/01</b>				
Active Members	184,600	10,396	82,901	11,962
Average Annual Salary	\$39,301	\$61,453	\$40,474	\$38,280
Retired Members	84,185	29,599	10,527	25,212
Average Annual Retirement Allowances	\$15,707	\$23,282	\$11,893	\$13,137
Vested Former Members	43,199	1,730	15,607	1,350
<b>From 7/1/01 to 6/30/02</b>				
Active Members	190,123	9,270	87,086	11,722
Average Annual Salary	\$41,383	\$65,175	\$42,704	\$40,135
Retired Members	87,367	29,989	11,931	24,904
Average Annual Retirement Allowances	\$15,945	\$23,510	\$12,788	\$13,285
Vested Former Members	44,355	1,643	16,397	1,331
<b>From 7/1/02 to 6/30/03</b>				
Active Members	190,021	8,199	89,099	11,347
Average Annual Salary	\$42,808	\$67,755	\$44,520	\$40,723
Retired Members	90,803	30,305	13,370	24,662
Average Annual Retirement Allowances	\$16,278	\$24,156	\$13,128	\$13,728
Vested Former Members	45,573	1,577	17,284	1,349

\* Includes members of the Maryland General Assembly and correctional officers.

**DATA BY PLAN**

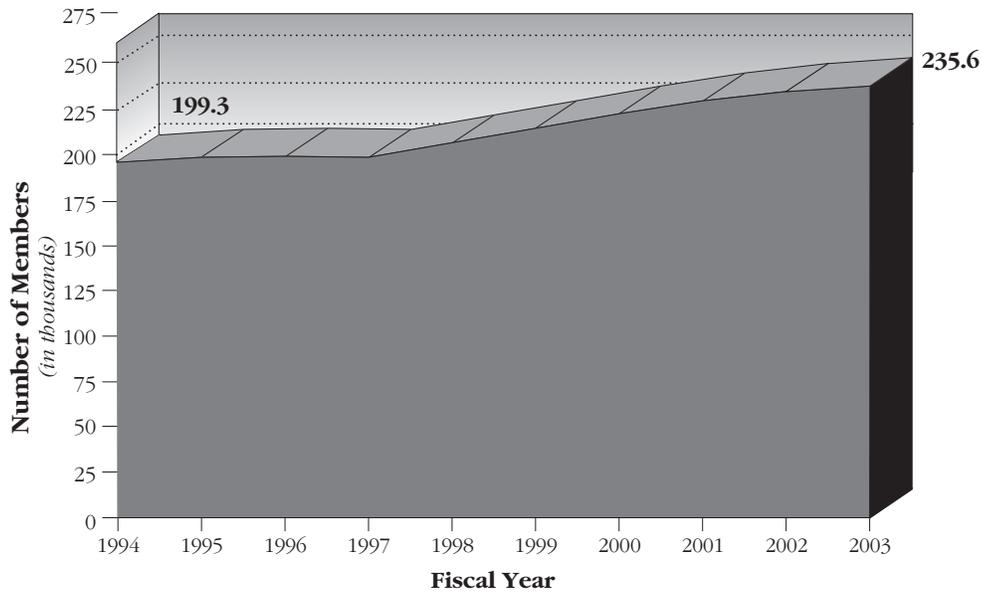
<b>Employees' Pension</b>	<b>Judges' Retirement</b>	<b>State Police Retirement</b>	<b>Law Enforcement Officers' Pension</b>	<b>Local Fire and Police</b>
70,426	283	1,647	862	178
\$30,910	\$104,512	\$45,903	\$42,268	\$36,685
13,937	284	1,286	170	14
\$5,685	\$51,292	\$30,026	\$21,702	\$19,422
22,988	13	29	30	18
73,212	283	1,636	1,130	184
\$32,579	\$106,524	\$48,526	\$44,515	\$37,705
15,241	285	1,388	206	19
\$5,929	\$52,360	\$29,701	\$21,670	\$19,795
24,305	13	22	36	20
76,024	281	1,578	1,318	140
\$34,554	\$108,735	\$50,306	\$45,856	\$40,007
16,702	297	1,518	309	21
\$6,278	\$55,046	\$31,695	\$22,790	\$20,170
24,396	13	24	49	30
78,584	281	1,589	1,410	181
\$36,728	\$113,253	\$52,323	\$46,749	\$39,715
18,205	311	1,598	403	26
\$6,894	\$55,377	\$32,334	\$24,028	\$19,341
24,845	10	27	66	36
77,939	287	1,542	1,481	127
\$38,004	\$115,571	\$52,424	\$46,907	\$36,895
19,929	306	1,695	503	33
\$7,284	\$56,112	\$33,444	\$24,804	\$18,924
25,212	13	41	62	35

**TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF MEMBERSHIP BY PLAN**

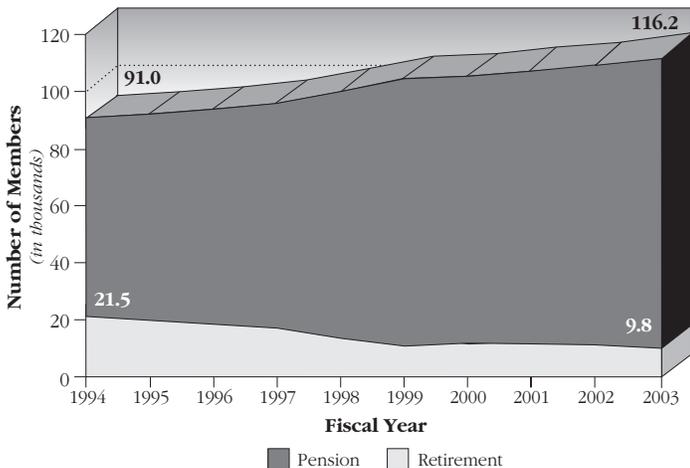
Fiscal Year	Total	Teachers'		Employees'		Judges'	State Police	Law Enforcement Officers'	Local Fire and Police
		Retirement	Pension	Retirement*	Pension	Retirement	Retirement	Pension	
1994	199,310	21,458	69,582	17,403	88,570	275	1,600	284	138
1995	201,058	20,223	71,941	16,842	89,742	273	1,592	307	138
1996	201,832	18,981	74,673	16,326	89,567	277	1,564	304	140
1997	202,568	17,681	78,659	14,912	88,918	282	1,610	328	178
1998	208,139	16,311	83,877	14,521	90,515	289	1,659	776	191
1999	214,339	14,949	88,882	14,034	93,414	296	1,676	892	196
2000	222,100	13,491	94,154	13,614	97,517	296	1,658	1,166	204
2001	227,799	12,126	98,508	13,312	100,420	294	1,602	1,367	170
2002	234,478	10,913	103,483	13,053	103,429	291	1,616	1,476	217
2003	235,594	9,776	106,383	12,696	103,151	300	1,583	1,543	162

Note: Includes vested former members. \*Includes members of the Maryland General Assembly and correctional officers.

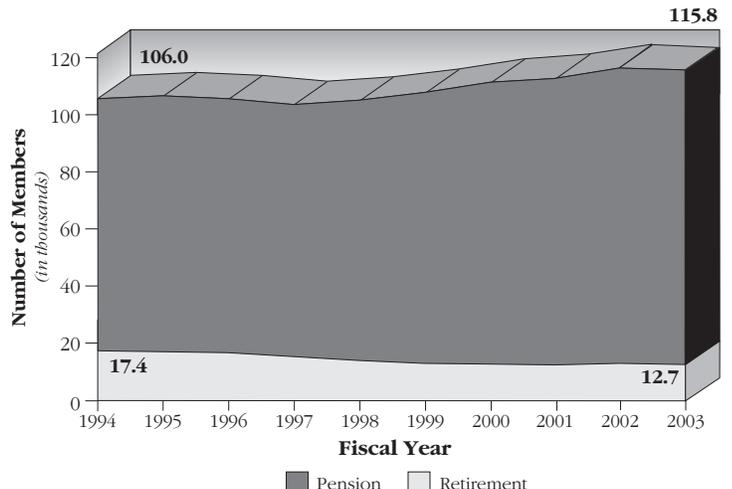
**TOTAL SYSTEM MEMBERSHIP**



**MEMBERSHIP IN TEACHERS' PLANS**



**MEMBERSHIP IN EMPLOYEES' PLANS**

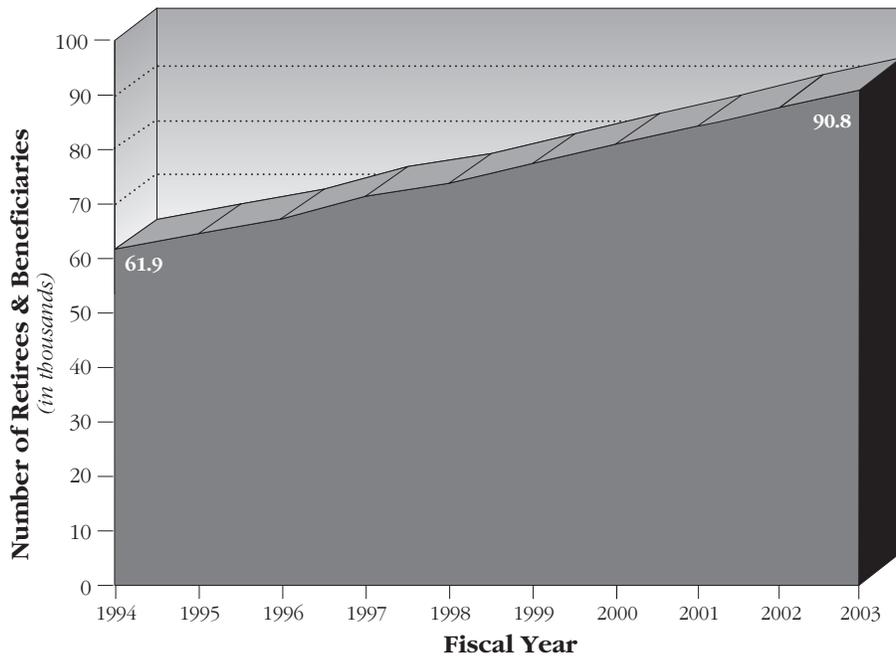


**TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES BY PLAN**

Fiscal Year	Total	Teachers'		Employees'		Judges'	State Police	Law Enforcement Officers'	Local Fire and Police
		Retirement	Pension	Retirement*	Pension	Retirement	Retirement	Pension	
1994	61,890	25,887	2,935	24,802	6,972	240	972	76	6
1995	64,594	26,379	3,686	24,994	8,143	251	1,046	87	8
1996	67,062	26,794	4,530	24,946	9,307	260	1,112	104	9
1997	71,488	27,330	5,481	25,882	11,221	273	1,175	117	9
1998	74,339	27,841	6,499	25,827	12,513	275	1,234	139	11
1999	77,478	28,383	7,674	25,730	13,937	284	1,286	170	14
2000	80,773	29,061	9,084	25,489	15,241	285	1,388	206	19
2001	84,185	29,599	10,527	25,212	16,702	297	1,518	309	21
2002	87,367	29,989	11,931	24,904	18,205	311	1,598	403	26
2003	90,803	30,305	13,370	24,662	19,929	306	1,695	503	33

\* Includes members of the Maryland General Assembly and correctional officers.

**TOTAL SYSTEM RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES**



**TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE  
FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,  
(Expressed in Millions)**

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$16,505.4	\$16,061.1	\$18,467.3	\$20,755.7	\$24,542.8	\$28,061.2	\$29,985.6	\$33,110.7	\$29,564.7	\$26,668.5
Contributions	751.1	779.2	809.5	824.7	814.4	855.7	864.9	907.4	779.0	814.5
Net investment income	90.6	2,497.8	2,436.0	3,985.3	3,782.2	2,225.4	3,487.7	(3,138.8)	(2,265.3)	756.7
Benefit and expense payments	<u>(1,286.0)</u>	<u>(870.8)</u>	<u>(957.1)</u>	<u>(1,022.9)</u>	<u>(1,078.2)</u>	<u>(1,156.7)</u>	<u>(1,227.5)</u>	<u>(1,314.6)</u>	<u>(1,409.9)</u>	<u>(1,511.9)</u>
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$16,061.1</u>	<u>\$18,467.3</u>	<u>\$20,755.7</u>	<u>\$24,542.8</u>	<u>\$28,061.2</u>	<u>\$29,985.6</u>	<u>\$33,110.7</u>	<u>\$29,564.7</u>	<u>\$26,668.5</u>	<u>\$26,727.8</u>

**TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES BY PLAN**

Fiscal Year	State						Participating Governmental Units				
	Combined State Contribution Rate	Teachers' Combined Rate	Employees' Combined Rate	Judges' Retirement	State Police Retirement	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension	Combined Participating Governmental Unit Contribution Rate	Local Fire and Police	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension	Employees' Retirement	Employees' Pension
1994	13.40%	15.76%	8.70%	54.25%	25.74%	32.56%	7.64%	15.85%	N/A	11.97%	6.76%
1995	13.43	15.92	8.70	52.84	19.36	34.07	7.15	16.17	N/A	9.43	6.69
1996	13.61	16.22	8.61	52.51	19.13	35.68	7.96	16.31	N/A	11.58	7.35
1997	13.50	16.09	8.54	52.56	17.65	35.15	7.92	16.19	N/A	10.91	7.46
1998	12.90	15.48	8.21	52.49	13.08	26.27	7.04	16.29	N/A	11.96	6.96
1999	11.67	13.99	7.13	52.12	10.91	25.60	6.02	16.42	N/A	10.91	5.91
2000	10.70	12.54	7.15	48.18	1.26	22.96	3.83	14.99	N/A	8.70	3.70
2001	9.31	10.95	5.71	46.75	8.44	23.38	2.95	15.00	N/A	7.81	2.81
2002	7.98	9.35	4.73	42.66	5.83	32.41	1.94	14.85	31.83%	6.75	1.75
2003	8.70	9.35	4.73	43.92	5.78	36.10	1.95	14.78	29.59	6.95	1.95

**TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENSES BY TYPE**

(Expressed in Thousands)

**REVENUES**

<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Members' Contributions</b>	<b>Employers' and Other Contributions</b>	<b>Annual Covered Payroll</b>	<b>Employers' and Other Contributions as a Percent of Covered Payroll</b>	<b>Net Investment Income</b>	<b>Total Revenues</b>
1994	\$ 93,626	\$657,429	\$5,246,249	12.53%	\$ 90,567	\$ 841,622
1995	89,835	689,342	5,532,150	12.46	2,497,840	3,277,017
1996	87,862	721,615	5,640,834	12.79	2,436,042	3,245,519
1997	84,444	740,258	5,657,385	13.08	3,985,260	4,809,962
1998	78,609	735,788	5,900,456	12.47	3,782,237	4,596,634
1999	162,342	693,353	6,312,417	10.98	2,225,398	3,081,093
2000	182,507	682,422	6,725,870	10.15	3,487,722	4,352,651
2001	189,769	717,576	7,255,036	8.74	(3,138,763)	(2,231,418)
2002	199,304	579,718	7,867,794	7.39	(2,265,315)	(1,486,293)
2003	207,584	606,900	8,134,419	7.46	756,747	1,571,231

**EXPENSES**

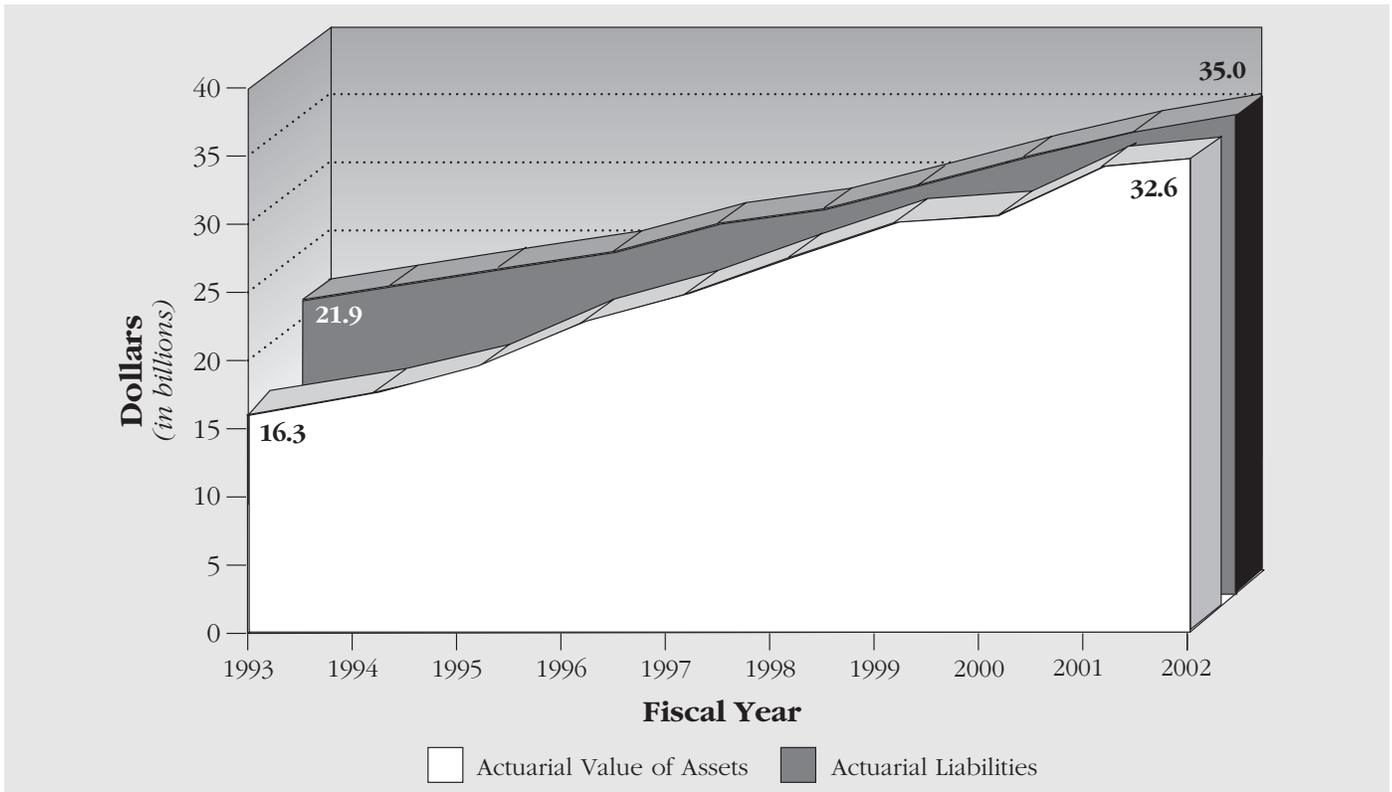
<b>Fiscal Year</b>	<b>Benefits</b>	<b>Administrative Expenses</b>	<b>Refunds</b>	<b>Total</b>
1994	\$ 785,905	\$ 8,687	\$491,361	\$1,285,953
1995	844,156	8,208	18,451	870,815
1996	897,721	8,568	50,871	957,160
1997	973,103	9,717	40,060	1,022,880
1998	1,047,774	10,441	20,007	1,078,222
1999	1,115,086	24,742	16,898	1,156,726
2000	1,190,954	19,751	16,805	1,227,510
2001	1,272,804	24,823	16,977	1,314,604
2002	1,372,325	20,064	17,476	1,409,865
2003	1,474,257	21,352	16,310	1,511,919

**EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED**

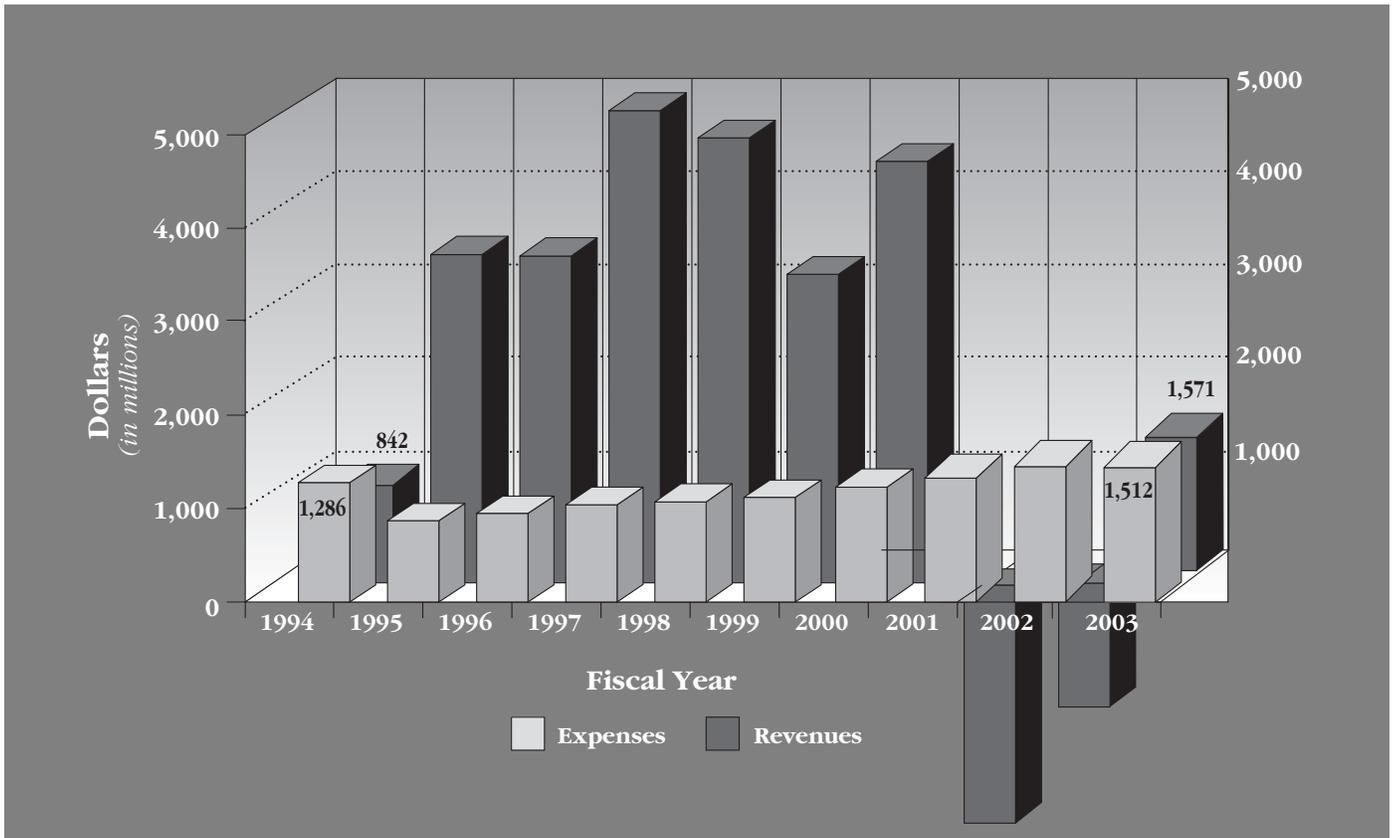
(Expressed in Thousands)

	Teachers' Retirement and Pension System	Employees' Retirement and Pension System	Judges' Retirement System	State Police Retirement System	Local Fire and Police System	Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System	Totals	
							2003	2002
EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS:								
Normal (A)	\$ 336,319	\$273,846	\$12,511	\$28,108	\$ 620	\$16,338	\$667,742	\$664,813
Unfunded Actuarial Liability*	51,901	(106,605)	2,340	(23,258)	202	9,008	(66,412)	(83,442)
Total Employer Contributions	<u>\$ 388,220</u>	<u>\$167,241</u>	<u>\$14,851</u>	<u>\$ 4,850</u>	<u>\$ 822</u>	<u>\$25,346</u>	<u>\$601,330</u>	<u>\$581,371</u>
CONTRIBUTION RATES AS A PERCENTAGE OF PAYROLL:								
State:								
Normal	8.10%	6.15%	37.00%	33.50%	—	23.15%	7.96%	8.00%
Unfunded Actuarial Liability	1.25%	- 1.42%	6.92%	- 27.72%	—	12.95%	0.74%	- 0.02%
Total State	<u>9.35%</u>	<u>4.73%</u>	<u>43.92%</u>	<u>5.78%</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>36.10%</u>	<u>8.70%</u>	<u>7.98%</u>
Participating Governmental Units:								
Normal	—	5.15%	—	—	11.15%	20.25%	5.25%	5.24%
Unfunded Actuarial Liability	—	- 3.20%	—	—	3.63%	9.34%	- 3.10%	- 3.30%
Total Municipal	<u>N/A</u>	<u>1.95%</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>14.78%</u>	<u>29.59%</u>	<u>2.15%</u>	<u>1.94%</u>

**TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF FUNDING PROGRESS**



**TEN-YEAR HISTORY OF REVENUE VS. EXPENSES**

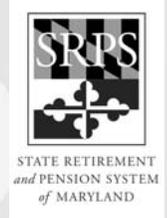


**Governmental Units Participating in the Systems  
as of June 30, 2003**

Allegany Community College	Frederick County Board of Education	Oxford, Town of
Allegany County Board of Education	Fruitland, City of	Pocomoke City
Allegany County Commission	Garrett County Board of Education	Preston, Town of
Allegany County Housing Authority	Garrett County Commission	Prince Georges Community College
Allegany County Library	Garrett County Community Action Committee	Prince Georges County Board of Education
Allegany County Transit Authority	Garrett County Office for Children, Youth and Family	Prince Georges County Crossing Guards
Annapolis, City of	Garrett County Roads Board	Prince Georges County Government
Anne Arundel County Board of Education	Greenbelt, City of	Prince Georges County Memorial Library
Anne Arundel County Community College	Hagerstown, City of	Princess Anne, Town of
Anne Arundel County Economic Opportunity Commission	Hagerstown Junior College	Queen Anne's County Board of Education
Baltimore Metropolitan Council	Harford Community College	Queen Anne's County Commission
Berlin, Town of	Harford County Board of Education	Regional Educational Service Agency of Appalachian Maryland
Brunswick, Town of	Harford County Government	St. Mary's County Board of Education
Calvert County Board of Education	Harford County Library	St. Mary's County Commission
Cambridge, City of	Housing Authority of Cambridge	Salisbury, City of
Caroline County Board of Education	Howard Community College	Shore up!
Carroll County Board of Education	Howard County Board of Education	Snow Hill, Town of
Carroll County Public Library	Howard County Community Action Committee	Somerset County Board of Education
Carroll Soil Conservation District	Hurlock, Town of	Somerset County Commission
Catoctin & Frederick Soil Conservation District	Hyattsville, City of	Somerset County Sanitary District, Inc.
Cecil County Board of Education	Kent County Board of Education	Southern Maryland Tri-County Community Action Committee
Cecil County Commission	Kent County Commissioners	St. Michaels, Commissioners of
Cecil County Library	LaPlata, Town of	Takoma Park, City of
Charles County Community College	Lower Shore Private Industry Council	Talbot County Board of Education
Chesapeake Bay Commission	Manchester, Town of	Talbot County Council
Chestertown, Town of	Maryland Health & Higher Education Facilities Authority	Tri-County Council of Western Maryland
Cheverly, Town of	Middletown, Town of	Upper Marlboro, Town of
Cresaptown Civic Improvement Association	Montgomery College	Walkersville, Town of
Crisfield, City of	Mount Airy, Town of	Washington County Board of Education
Crisfield Housing Authority	Mount Rainier, City of	Washington County Board of License Commission
Cumberland, City of	New Carrollton, City of	Washington County Library
Cumberland, City of – Police Department	North Beach, Town of	Westminister, City of
Denton, Town of	Northeast Maryland Waste Disposal Authority	Worcester County Board of Education
Dorchester County Board of Education	Oakland, Town of	Worcester County Commission
Dorchester County Commission		Worcester County Liquor Board
Dorchester County Roads Board		Wor-Wic Tech Community College
Eastern Shore Regional Library		

**Withdrawn Governmental Units**

Anne Arundel County Government	Howard County Government	Washington County Commission
Bethesda Fire Department	Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin	Washington County License Commissioners
Calvert County Commission	Lexington Market Authority	Washington County Roads Board
Caroline County Roads Board	Maryland Environmental Services	Washington County Sanitary District
Carroll County Government	Maryland National Capital Park & Planning Commission	Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission
Chevy Chase Fire Department	Montgomery County Board of Education	Wicomico County Department of Recreation and Parks
Elkton, Town of	Montgomery County Government	Wicomico County Roads Board
Frederick County Government	Montgomery County Public Library	
Harford County Liquor Board	Rockville, City of	
Health Systems Agency of Western Maryland	St. Mary's Nursing Home	
Howard County Economic Development Authority	University of Maryland Medical System	



## **LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' PENSION SYSTEM**

*The Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System was established by the General Assembly in 1990. This system was designed specifically for law enforcement officers employed by the Department of Natural Resources (DNR). In recent years this system has been expanded to include other Maryland State and local government law enforcement officer groups. The Maryland Natural Resources Police represent the largest participating group as well as the oldest state law enforcement organization in Maryland. This plan comprises highly trained professional officers who perform their duties on land, in the air, and on the water. This system provides future survivor, disability and retirement benefits for over 1,000 participants.*

## TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2003	2002
<b>Total Membership</b>		
Active Vested	8,198	9,269
Active Non-vested	1	1
Terminated Vested	1,577	1,643
Retired Members	30,305	29,989
<b>Active Members</b>		
Number	8,199	9,270
Average Age	55.6	55.0
Average Years of Service	28.7	28.0
Average Annual Salary	\$67,755	\$65,175
<b>Retirees &amp; Beneficiaries</b>		
Number	30,305	29,989
Average Age	72.3	72.1
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 2,013	\$ 1,959

**THE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (TRS)** was established on August 1, 1927 and is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Prior to January 1, 1980, membership in the TRS was a condition of employment for State and local teachers and certain board of education, public library and community college employees, unless those who were eligible elected to participate in an optional retirement program. Effective July 1, 1971 Baltimore City teachers and retired teachers were included in the TRS.

Effective January 1, 1980, the TRS was effectively closed to new membership when the Teachers' Pension System (TPS) was established. Individuals who were members of the TRS on December 31, 1979, continue their TRS membership unless, and until, they elect to transfer to the TPS.

### *Member Contributions*

All member contributions to the TRS are based on a specified percentage of annual earnable compensation. Members who elected in 1984 to receive unlimited future cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) contribute 7% if enrolled after June 30, 1973. Members enrolled before July 1, 1973 contribute the lesser of 7% or 2% more than the rate of contribution in effect on the date of their enrollment. This option is referred to as Selection A (Unlimited COLA).

Members who elected in 1984 to receive limited future COLA's contribute 5% if enrolled after June 30, 1973. Members enrolled before July 1, 1973 contribute the lesser of 5% or the rate of contribution in effect on the date of their enrollment. This option is referred to as Selection B (Limited COLA).

All other TRS members contribute 2%. This option is referred to as Selection C (Combination Formula), that provides a two-part benefit calculation upon retirement.

### *Service Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — TRS members are eligible for full service retirement allowances upon attaining age 60 or upon accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age.

**Allowances** — Full service retirement allowances equal 1/55 (1.8%) of the highest three years' average final salary (AFS) multiplied by the number of years and months of accumulated creditable service. Allowances for members who fail to make all required contributions are reduced by the actuarial equivalent of the total unpaid contributions plus interest to date of retirement. Service is accrued based on a full normal school year (ten months).

TRS members who have elected Selection A, B, or C continue to be eligible to transfer to the TPS. Upon transfer such members will receive a return of all, or a portion of their accumulated contributions, with interest calculated on the average rate of earnings on the cost basis of the System's assets over the five fiscal years preceding the transfer.

### *Early Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — TRS members are eligible for early service retirement allowances upon accumulating at least 25 years of eligibility service prior to attaining age 60.

**Allowances** — Early service retirement allowances equal the amount payable for a full service retirement reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the retirement date precedes the earlier of the date on which the member reaches age 60, or the date on which the member would have completed 30 years of service. The maximum reduction for a TRS member is 30 percent. The maximum reduction for a TRS member who elected Selection C is 42% on the second part of the benefit calculation.

### *Ordinary Disability Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — TRS members are eligible for ordinary disability retirement allowances upon completing five years of eligibility service and receiving certification from the Medical Board that they are permanently incapable of performing their necessary job functions.

**Allowances** — Ordinary disability retirement allowances generally equal 1/55 (1.8%) of the highest three years' AFS multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service. However, the ordinary disability benefits can be no greater than 1.8% of AFS for each year of creditable service the members would have received had they continued to work until age 60.

### *Accidental Disability Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — TRS members are eligible for accidental disability benefits if the Medical Board certifies that, in the course of job performance and as the direct result of an accidental injury, they became totally and permanently disabled.

**Allowances** — Accidental disability allowances equal the sum of an annuity determined as the actuarial value of the members' accumulated contributions, plus  $\frac{2}{3}$  (66.7%) of AFS. Allowances may not exceed the members' AFS.

### *Death Benefits*

**Eligibility** — To be eligible for death benefits, TRS members must have either accumulated at least one year of eligibility service prior to the date of death or died in the line of duty.

**Benefits** — The benefit provided upon death for TRS members equals the members' annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus accumulated contributions. Under certain circumstances, surviving spouses who were named as sole primary beneficiaries may elect to receive either the aforementioned lump sum payment, or a monthly allowance calculated under Option 2 (100% survivor option).

### *Vested Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — TRS members are eligible for vested retirement allowances after separation from service and upon reaching normal retirement age, provided that at least five years of eligibility service was accumulated prior to separation.

**Allowances** — Vested allowances equal the normal service retirement allowances computed on the basis of the members' accumulated creditable service and AFS at the point of separation.

TRS members may elect to either withdraw their accumulated contributions, or transfer to the TPS, within five years of separation in lieu of receiving vested retirement allowances. If members do not withdraw their contributions, and die before attaining age 60, their accumulated contributions are returned to the designated beneficiary.

### *Cost-of-Living Adjustments*

Retirement allowances are adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index. Cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) are effective July 1st of each year and are applied to all allowances payable for the year. However, the method by which the annual COLAs are computed depends upon elections made by members who were active on July 1, 1984 (or within 90 days of returning to service, for members who were inactive on July 1, 1984). Each option is explained in the following column.

**Selection A (Unlimited COLA)** — TRS members who elected Selection A, agreed to contribute no more than 7% of earnable compensation in return for unlimited annual COLAs after retirement.

**Selection B (Limited COLA)** — TRS members who elected Selection B, agreed to contribute no more than 5% of earnable compensation in return for COLAs that are limited to 5% annually after retirement.

**Selection C (Combination Formula)** — TRS members who elected Selection C, agreed to contribute no more than 2% of earnable compensation in return for COLAs that, similar to the retirement benefit, are divided into two parts.

**Part 1:** For creditable service accumulated before electing Selection C, an allowance is calculated using the formula for determining a full service TRS retirement allowance. The COLAs are unlimited unless the member elected Selection B prior to electing Selection C, in which case COLAs are limited to 5%.

**Part 2:** For creditable service accumulated after electing Selection C, an allowance is calculated using the formula for determining a full service TPS pension allowance. The COLAs are limited to 3%.

### *Optional Forms of Payment*

**Option 1:** Payment guarantees a cash reserve equal to the excess of the present value of the retirement allowance at the date of retirement minus the total amount of payments (less COLAs) made to the date of death.

**Option 2:** 100% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 3:** 50% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 4:** Payment guarantees a minimum return of the members' accumulated contributions.

**Option 5:** 100% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 6:** 50% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 7:** Any benefit (monthly allowance) which is actuarially equivalent to the retirement allowance and is approved by the Board of Trustees.

### *Workers' Compensation Benefits Reduction*

Disability retirement allowances are generally reduced by workers' compensation benefits paid after retirement if, and to the extent that, such benefits are for the same injury and the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are payable. The workers' compensation benefit reduction cannot reduce any retirement allowance to less than the amount necessary to cover the retiree's monthly health insurance premiums.

## TEACHERS' PENSION SYSTEM

### A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2003	2002
<b>Total Membership</b>		
Active Vested	55,132	52,338
Active Non-vested	33,967	34,748
Terminated Vested	17,284	16,397
Retired Members	13,370	11,931
<b>Active Members</b>		
Number	89,099	87,086
Average Age	43.0	42.8
Average Years of Service	10.2	10.0
Average Annual Salary	\$44,520	\$42,704
<b>Retirees &amp; Beneficiaries</b>		
Number	13,370	11,931
Average Age	65.2	64.9
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,094	\$ 1,066

**THE TEACHERS' PENSION SYSTEM (TPS)** was established on January 1, 1980 and is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Membership in the TPS was a condition of employment for all State and local teachers and certain board of education, public library and community college employees hired after December 31, 1979, (unless those who are eligible elect to participate in an optional retirement program) until July 1, 1998. As of July 1, 1998, all TPS members, except for those who transfer from the TRS after April 1, 1998, became members of the Teachers' Contributory Pension System (TCPS).

### *Member Contributions*

All TPS members are required to contribute 5% of earnable compensation in excess of the social security taxable wage base. Members of the TCPS are required to contribute 2% of earnable compensation.

### *Service Pension Allowances*

**Eligibility** — TPS and TCPS members are eligible for full service pension allowances upon accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. Absent 30 years of eligibility service, members must meet one of the following conditions to be eligible for full service pension allowances:

- age 62, & five years of eligibility service
- age 63, & four years of eligibility service
- age 64, & three years of eligibility service
- age 65 or older, & two years of eligibility service

**Allowances** — For TPS members, full service pension allowances equal 0.8% of the highest three consecutive years' AFS up to the Social Security Integration Level (SSIL), plus 1.5% of AFS in excess of the SSIL, multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service.

For the purpose of computing pension allowances, the SSIL is the average of the social security wage bases for the 35 years immediately prior to the year of retirement.

For TCPS members, full service pension allowances equals 1.2% of AFS for service accrued prior to July 1, 1998, (or if greater the TPS benefit noted above on service prior to July 1, 1998), plus 1.4% of AFS for service accrued on and after July 1, 1998.

Allowances for members who fail to make all required contributions are reduced by the actuarial equivalent of the total unpaid contributions plus interest to date of retirement. Service is accrued based on a full normal school year (ten months).

### *Early Service Pension Allowances*

**Eligibility** — TPS and TCPS members are eligible for early service pension allowances upon attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service.

**Allowances** — Early service pension allowances for both the TPS and TCPS equal the amount payable for a full service pension reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the retirement date precedes the date on which the members reach age 62. The maximum reduction is 42 percent.

### *Ordinary Disability Pension Allowances*

**Eligibility** — TPS and TCPS members are eligible for ordinary disability pension allowances upon completing five years of eligibility service and receiving certification from the Medical Board that they are permanently incapable of performing their necessary job functions.

**Allowances** — For TPS and TCPS members, ordinary disability pension allowances equal the full service pension allowances if the members are at least age 62 on the date of retirement. Otherwise, the allowances equal the full service pension allowances computed as though the members had continued to accrue service credits until age 62 without any change in the rate of earnable compensation.

### *Accidental Disability Pension Allowances*

**Eligibility** — TPS and TCPS members are eligible for accidental disability pension allowances if the Medical Board certifies that, in the course of their job performance and as the direct result of an accidental injury, they became totally and permanently disabled.

**Allowances** — For TPS and TCPS members, accidental disability pension allowances equal the sum of an annuity determined as the actuarial value of the members' accumulated contributions, and 2/3 (66.7%) of AFS. Allowances may not exceed the members' AFS.

TPS members who apply for disability retirement within two years of transfer from the TRS receive disability benefits as provided under the TRS, reduced by any refunded contributions.

### *Death Benefits*

**Eligibility** — To be eligible for death benefits, TPS and TCPS members must have either accumulated at least one year of eligibility service prior to the date of death or died in the line of duty.

**Benefits** — The benefit provided upon death of TPS or TCPS members equals the members' annual earnable compensation on the date of death plus accumulated contributions. Under certain circumstances, surviving spouses who were named as sole primary beneficiaries may elect to receive either the aforementioned lump sum payment, or a monthly allowance calculated under Option 2 (100% survivor option).

If at the time of death, the members had:

- accrued at least 25 years of eligibility service, or
- attained age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service, or
- attained age 62, then

the survivor's allowance is determined as if the members had been eligible to retire, and had in fact retired, 30 days prior to the date of death.

### *Vested Pension Allowances*

**Eligibility** — TPS and TCPS members are eligible for vested pension allowances after separation from service and upon reaching age 62, provided that at least five years of eligibility service was accumulated prior to separation. TPS and TCPS members may be eligible for reduced vested pension allowances upon attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service. Vested allowances are reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the allowance commencement date precedes the date on which the members attain age 62.

**Allowances** — For the TPS and TCPS, vested allowances equal the normal service pension allowances computed on the basis of the members' accumulated creditable service and AFS at the point of separation.

TPS members who elect to withdraw their accumulated contributions remain eligible to receive the employer-provided share of the vested benefit. If members do not withdraw their contributions, and die before attaining age 62, their accumulated contributions are returned to the designated beneficiary.

### *Cost-of-Living Adjustments*

Retirement allowances for TPS and TCPS members are adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index. COLAs are effective July 1st of each year and, beginning July 1998, are compounded annually for TCPS and TPS members. The Systems limit the increase a retiree may receive to a maximum of 3%.

### *Optional Forms of Payment*

**Option 1:** Payment guarantees a cash reserve equal to the excess of the present value of the pension allowance at the date of retirement minus the total amount of payments (less COLAs) made to the date of death.

**Option 2:** 100% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 3:** 50% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 4:** Payment guarantees a minimum return of the members' accumulated contributions.

**Option 5:** 100% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 6:** 50% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 7:** Any benefit (monthly allowance) which is actuarially equivalent to the retirement allowance and is approved by the Board of Trustees.

### *Workers' Compensation Benefits Reduction*

Disability retirement allowances are generally reduced by workers' compensation benefits paid after retirement if, and to the extent that, such benefits are for the same injury and the same period of time for which the retirement benefits were paid. The workers' compensation benefit reduction cannot reduce any retirement allowance to less than the amount necessary to cover the retiree's monthly health insurance premiums.

## EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2003	2002
<b>Total Membership</b>		
Active Vested	8,669	8,974
Active Non-vested	2,678	2,748
Terminated Vested	1,349	1,331
Retired Members	24,662	24,904
<b>Active Members</b>		
Number	11,347	11,722
Average Age	44.8	44.8
Average Years of Service	16.0	16.0
Average Annual Salary	\$40,723	\$40,135
<b>Retirees &amp; Beneficiaries</b>		
Number	24,662	24,904
Average Age	73.1	72.9
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,144	\$ 1,107

**THE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (ERS)** was established on October 1, 1941 and is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Prior to January 1, 1980, membership in the ERS was a condition of employment for all State employees (other than those eligible for participation in another system) and employees of participating governmental units. For certain elected and appointed officials, participation in ERS was optional.

Effective January 1, 1980, the ERS was effectively closed to new membership when the Employees' Pension System (EPS) was established. Individuals who were members of the ERS on December 31, 1979, continue their ERS membership unless, and until, they elect to transfer to the EPS.

### *Member Contributions*

All member contributions to the ERS are based on a specified percentage of annual earnable compensation. Members who elected in 1984 to receive unlimited future COLAs contribute 7% if enrolled after June 30, 1973. Members enrolled before July 1, 1973 contribute the lesser of 7% or 2% more than the rate of contribution in effect on their date of enrollment. This option is referred to as Selection A (Unlimited COLA).

Members who elected in 1984 to receive limited future COLAs contribute 5% if enrolled after June 30, 1973. Members enrolled before July 1, 1973 contribute the lesser of 5% or the rate of contribution in effect on the date of their enrollment. This option is referred to as Selection B (Limited COLA).

Members who are State employees as well as members whose employer elected to participate in the Employees' Contributory Pension System (ECPS) contribute 2% of earnable compensation under an option that provides a two-part benefit calculation upon

retirement. This option is referred to as Selection C (Combination Formula). All other ERS members whose employer elected not to participate in the ECPS contribute 5% of the portion of annual earnable compensation in excess of the social security wage base under Selection C.

### *Service Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — ERS members are eligible for full service retirement allowances upon attaining age 60 or upon accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age.

**Allowances** — Full service retirement allowances equal 1/55 (1.8%) of the highest three years' AFS multiplied by the number of years and months of accumulated creditable service. Allowances for members who fail to make all required contributions are reduced by the actuarial equivalent of the total unpaid contributions plus interest to date of retirement.

ERS members who have elected Selection A, B or C continue to be eligible to transfer to the EPS. Upon transfer such members will receive a return of all, or a portion of their accumulated contributions, with interest calculated on the average rate of earnings on the cost basis of the System's assets over the five fiscal years preceding the transfer.

### *Early Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — ERS members are eligible for early service retirement allowances upon accumulating at least 25 years of eligibility service prior to attaining age 60.

**Allowances** — Early service retirement allowances equal the amount payable for a full service retirement reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the retirement date precedes the earlier of the date on which the member reaches age 60, or the date on which the member would have completed 30 years of service. The maximum reduction for an ERS member is 30 percent. The maximum reduction for an ERS member who elected Selection C is 42% on the second part of the benefit calculation.

### *Ordinary Disability Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — ERS members are eligible for ordinary disability retirement allowances upon completing five years of eligibility service and receiving certification from the Medical Board that they are permanently incapable of performing their necessary job functions.

**Allowances** — Ordinary disability retirement allowances generally equal 1/55 (1.8%) of the highest three years' AFS multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service. However, the ordinary disability benefits can be no greater than 1.8% of AFS for each year of creditable service the members would have received had they continued to work until age 60.

### *Accidental Disability Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — ERS members are eligible for accidental disability benefits if the Medical Board certifies that, in the course of job performance and as the direct result of an accidental injury, they became totally and permanently disabled.

**Allowances** — Accidental disability allowances equal the sum of an annuity determined as the actuarial value of the members' accumulated contributions, plus 2/3 (66.7%) of AFS. Allowances may not exceed the members' AFS.

### *Death Benefits*

**Eligibility** — To be eligible for death benefits, ERS members must have either accumulated at least one year of eligibility service prior to the date of death or died in the line of duty.

**Benefits** — The benefit provided upon death for ERS members equals the members' annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus accumulated contributions. Under certain circumstances, surviving spouses who were named sole primary beneficiaries may elect to receive either the aforementioned lump sum payment, or a monthly allowance calculated under Option 2 (100% survivor option).

### *Vested Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — ERS members are eligible for vested retirement allowances after separation from service and upon reaching normal retirement age, provided that at least five years of eligibility service was accumulated prior to separation.

**Allowances** — Vested allowances equal the normal service retirement allowances computed on the basis of the members' accumulated creditable service and AFS at the point of separation.

ERS members may elect to either withdraw their accumulated contributions, or transfer to the EPS within two years of separation, in lieu of receiving vested retirement allowances. If members do not withdraw their contributions, and die before attaining age 60, their accumulated contributions are returned to the designated beneficiary.

### *Cost-of-Living Adjustments*

Retirement allowances are adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index. COLAs are effective July 1st of each year and are applied to all allowances payable for the year. However, the method by which the annual COLAs are computed depends upon elections made by members who were active on July 1, 1984 (or within 90 days of returning to service for members who were inactive on July 1, 1984). Each option is explained below.

**Selection A (Unlimited COLA)** — ERS members who elected Selection A, agreed to contribute no more than 7% of earnable compensation in return for unlimited annual COLAs after retirement.

**Selection B (Limited COLA)** — ERS members who elected Selection B, agreed to contribute no more than 5% of earnable compensation in return for COLAs that are limited to 5% annually after retirement.

**Selection C (Combination Formula)** — ERS members who elected Selection C, agreed to contribute 2% of earnable compensation (or 5% of earnable compensation in excess of the social security wage base if the employer did not elect to participate in the ECPS) in return for COLAs that, similar to the retirement benefit, are divided into two parts:

**Part 1:** For creditable service accumulated before electing Selection C, an allowance is calculated using the formula for determining a full service ERS retirement allowance. The COLAs are unlimited unless the members elected Selection B prior to electing Selection C, in which case COLAs are limited to 5%.

**Part 2:** For creditable service accumulated after electing Selection C, an allowance is calculated using the formula for determining a full service EPS pension allowance. Generally, the COLAs are limited to 3%; however, if the employers do not participate in the ECPS, the COLA's are limited to 3% of the initial allowance.

### *Optional Forms of Payment*

**Option 1:** Payment guarantees a cash reserve equal to the excess of the present value of the retirement allowance at the date of retirement minus the total amount of payments (less COLA's) made to the date of death.

**Option 2:** 100% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 3:** 50% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 4:** Payment guarantees a minimum return of the members' accumulated contributions.

**Option 5:** 100% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 6:** 50% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 7:** Any benefit (monthly allowance) which is actuarially equivalent to the retirement allowance and is approved by the Board of Trustees.

### *Workers' Compensation Benefits Reduction*

Disability retirement allowances, except for employees of participating governmental units, are generally reduced by workers' compensation benefits paid after retirement if, and to the extent that, such benefits are for the same injury and the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are payable. The workers' compensation benefit reduction cannot reduce any retirement allowance to less than the amount necessary to cover the retiree's monthly health insurance premiums.

*Miscellaneous Provisions for Members of the Maryland General Assembly*

Upon attaining age 60 with at least eight years of eligibility service, members of the Maryland General Assembly are eligible for a service retirement allowance. The allowance is equal to 3% of the current salary for an active legislator multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service (to a maximum of 22 years, 3 months). The maximum benefit payable is two-thirds of the current legislative salary.

Reduced benefits are payable upon attaining age 50 with at least eight years of eligibility service. Early service retirement allowances equal the amount payable for a full service retirement reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the retirement date precedes the date on which the member reaches age 60.

Legislators contribute 5% of annual earnable compensation during the first 22 years and 3 months of service, after which no employee contributions are required. If legislators are separated from service before accumulating eight years of eligibility service, they may elect to continue to contribute an amount equal to the combined member and employer contributions until the date the members would have completed eight years of eligibility service. By doing so, such legislators would be eligible for a retirement allowance equal to 24% of the current salary for an active legislator, payable at age 60 (or a reduced benefit upon attaining age 50).

Legislators who have a minimum 8 years of service and who are certified as disabled may resign their positions and receive a normal service retirement allowance. Upon the death of a legislator, the surviving spouse generally receives 50% of the amount to which the legislator would have been entitled. However, the surviving spouse of a legislator who dies in office with fewer than eight years of eligibility service will receive a lump sum death benefit equal to the sum of the legislator's annual earnable compensation at the time of death, plus accumulated contributions.

Legislators' retirement allowances are adjusted based on changes in the salaries of current members of the General Assembly.

*Miscellaneous Provisions for State Correctional Officers*

State correctional officers, within certain grades, become members of the Correctional Officers' Retirement System (CORS) as a condition of employment. Correctional officers are eligible for normal service retirement allowances upon accumulating 20 years of eligibility service. Members are eligible to receive vested retirement allowance payments upon attaining age 55. For administrative convenience, the CORS is accounted for as a component of the ERS.

**EMPLOYEES' PENSION SYSTEM**

**A COMPOSITE PICTURE**

	2003	2002
<b>Total Membership</b>		
Active Vested	50,224	49,121
Active Non-vested	27,715	29,463
Terminated Vested	25,212	24,845
Retired Members	19,929	18,205
<b>Active Members</b>		
Number	77,939	78,584
Average Age	46.0	45.4
Average Years of Service	11.4	11.0
Average Annual Salary	\$38,004	\$36,728
<b>Retirees &amp; Beneficiaries</b>		
Number	19,929	18,205
Average Age	65.8	65.6
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 607	\$ 574

**THE EMPLOYEES' PENSION SYSTEM (EPS)** was established on January 1, 1980 and is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Membership in the EPS was a condition of employment for all State employees (other than those eligible for participation in another system) until July 1, 1998, and continues to be a condition of employment for employees of participating governmental units that have not elected to participate in the Employees' Contributory Pension System (ECPS). As of July 1, 1998, EPS members who were State employees, except for those who transfer from the ERS after April 1, 1998, became members of the ECPS. As of July 1, 1999, EPS members who were employees of governmental units were eligible to participate in the ECPS retroactive to July 1, 1998, provided the participating governmental unit elected participation in the ECPS.

*Member Contributions*

All EPS members are required to contribute 5% of earnable compensation in excess of the social security wage base. Members of the ECPS are required to contribute 2% of earnable compensation.

### *Service Pension Allowances*

**Eligibility** — EPS and ECPS members are eligible for full service pension allowances upon accumulating 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age. Absent 30 years of eligibility service, members must meet one of the following conditions to be eligible for full service pension allowances:

- age 62, & five years of eligibility service
- age 63, & four years of eligibility service
- age 64, & three years of eligibility service
- age 65 or older, & two years of eligibility service

**Allowances** — For EPS members, full service pension allowances equal 0.8% of the highest three consecutive years' AFS up to the SSIL, plus 1.5% of AFS in excess of the SSIL, multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service. For the purpose of computing pension allowances, the SSIL is the average of the social security wage bases for the 35 years immediately prior to the year of retirement.

For ECPS members, full service retirement allowances equal 1.2% of AFS for service accrued prior to July 1, 1998, (or if greater, the EPS benefit noted above on service prior to July 1, 1998), plus 1.4% of AFS for service accrued on and after July 1, 1998.

Allowances for members who fail to make all required contributions are reduced by the actuarial equivalent of the total unpaid contributions plus interest to date of retirement.

### *Early Service Pension Allowances*

**Eligibility** — EPS and ECPS members are eligible for early service pension allowances upon attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service.

**Allowances** — Early service pension allowances for both the EPS and ECPS equal the amount payable for a full service pension reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the retirement date precedes the date on which the member reaches age 62. The maximum reduction is 42 percent.

### *Ordinary Disability Pension Allowances*

**Eligibility** — EPS and ECPS members are eligible for ordinary disability pension allowances upon completing five years of eligibility service and receiving certification from the Medical Board that they are permanently incapable of performing their necessary job functions.

**Allowances** — For EPS and ECPS members, ordinary disability pension allowances equal the full service pension allowances if the members are at least age 62 on the date of retirement. Otherwise, the allowances equal the full service pension allowances computed as though the members had continued to accrue service credits until age 62 without any change in the rate of earnable compensation.

### *Accidental Disability Pension Allowances*

**Eligibility** — EPS and ECPS members are eligible for accidental disability pension allowances if the Medical Board certifies that, in the course of their job performance and as the direct result of an accidental injury, they became totally and permanently disabled.

**Allowances** — For EPS and ECPS members, accidental disability pension allowances equal the sum of an annuity determined as the actuarial value of the members' accumulated contributions, and 2/3 (66.7%) of AFS. Allowances may not exceed the members' AFS.

EPS and ECPS members who apply for disability retirement within two years of transfer from the ERS receive disability benefits as provided under the ERS, reduced by any refunded contributions.

### *Death Benefits*

**Eligibility** — To be eligible for death benefits, EPS and ECPS members must have either accumulated at least one year of eligibility service prior to the date of death or died in the line of duty.

**Benefits** — The benefit provided upon death of EPS and ECPS members equals the members' annual earnable compensation on the date of death plus accumulated contributions. Under certain circumstances, surviving spouses who were named sole primary beneficiaries may elect to receive either the aforementioned lump sum payment, or a monthly allowance calculated as payment under Option 2 (100% survivor option).

If at the time of death, the members had:

- accrued at least 25 years of eligibility service, or
- attained age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service, or
- attained age 62, then

the survivor's allowance is determined as if the members had been eligible to retire, and had in fact retired, 30 days prior to the date of death.

### *Vested Pension Allowances*

**Eligibility** — EPS and ECPS members are eligible for vested pension allowances after separation from service and upon reaching age 62, provided that at least five years of eligibility service was accumulated prior to separation. EPS and ECPS members may be eligible for reduced vested pension allowances upon attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service. Vested allowances are reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the allowance commencement date precedes the date on which the members attain age 62.

**Allowances** — For the EPS and ECPS, vested allowances equal the normal service pension allowances computed on the basis of the members' accumulated creditable service and AFS at the point of separation.

EPS members who elect to withdraw their accumulated contributions, remain eligible to receive the employer-provided share of the vested benefit. If members do not withdraw their contributions, and die before attaining age 62, their accumulated contributions are returned to the designated beneficiary.

### Cost-of-Living Adjustments

Retirement allowances for EPS and ECPS members are adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index. COLAs are effective July 1st of each year and beginning July 1998, are compounded annually for ECPS members and EPS members, who are State employees, participating governmental unit employees, and for those who transferred from the ERS after April 1, 1998. The Systems limit the increase a retiree may receive to a maximum of 3%. COLAs for all other EPS members remain limited to 3% of the initial allowance annually.

### Optional Forms of Payment

**Option 1:** Payment guarantees a cash reserve equal to the excess of the present value of the pension allowance at the date of retirement minus the total amount of payments (less COLAs) made to the date of death.

**Option 2:** 100% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 3:** 50% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 4:** Payment guarantees a minimum return of the members' accumulated contributions.

**Option 5:** 100% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 6:** 50% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 7:** Any benefit (monthly allowance) which is actuarially equivalent to the retirement allowance and is approved by the Board of Trustees.

### Workers' Compensation Benefits Reduction

Disability retirement allowances, except for retirees of a participating governmental unit, are generally reduced by workers' compensation benefits paid after retirement if, and to the extent that, such benefits are for the same injury and the same period of time for which the retirement benefits were paid.

The workers' compensation benefit reduction cannot reduce any retirement allowance to less than the amount necessary to cover the retiree's monthly health insurance premiums.

## JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2003	2002
<b>Total Membership</b>		
Active Vested	287	281
Active Non-vested	—	—
Terminated Vested	13	10
Retired Members	306	311
<b>Active Members</b>		
Number	287	281
Average Age	55.7	55.4
Average Years of Service	9.5	9.5
Average Annual Salary	\$115,571	\$113,253
<b>Retirees &amp; Beneficiaries</b>		
Number	306	311
Average Age	77.2	76.7
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 4,676	\$ 4,615

**THE JUDGES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (JRS)** was established on June 30, 1969 and is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Membership is a condition of employment for all District Court, Circuit Court, Court of Appeals and Special Court of Appeals judges. Full-time masters in chancery and masters in juvenile causes appointed prior to June 30, 1989 and Workers' Compensation Commission judges are also members of the JRS.

### Member Contributions

All members contribute 6% of annual earnable compensation during the first 16 years of service. After accruing 16 years of credit, no member contributions are required.

### Service Retirement Allowances

**Eligibility** — JRS members are eligible for full service retirement allowances upon attaining age 60 or upon retirement by order of the Court of Appeals, with at least 16 years of eligibility service. All JRS members must retire at age 70.

**Allowances** — Full service retirement allowances equal 2/3 (66.7%) of the current salary for an active judge holding a comparable position. If members retire with less than 16 years of eligibility service, the annual retirement allowance is prorated accordingly.

### *Early Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — JRS members are not eligible for early service retirement allowances.

### *Disability Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — JRS members are eligible for disability retirement allowances upon receiving certification from the Medical Board that they are permanently incapable of performing their necessary job functions.

**Allowances** — The disability retirement allowances for JRS members generally equal the full service retirement allowance based on the members' actual length of service. However, for members completing at least three years of eligibility service, the disability benefit will be no less than 1/3 (33.3%) of the members' annual earnable compensation at the time of retirement.

### *Death Benefits*

**Eligibility** — All JRS members, and former members, are eligible for death benefits regardless of age or length of service.

**Benefits** — The benefit provided upon death for JRS members, former members or retirees equals 50% of a full service retirement allowance payable to the surviving spouse.

Special provisions apply in circumstances where deceased JRS members, former members or retirees have no surviving spouses, but are survived by a minor child (under age 18). In the event that deceased JRS members or former members are not survived by spouses or minor children, then all accumulated contributions are refunded to the estate.

### *Vested Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — JRS members are immediately vested. Members leaving the bench before attaining age 60 are eligible to receive their service retirement allowances commencing upon attaining age 60.

**Allowances** — Vested allowances equal the normal service retirement allowances computed on the basis of the members' accumulated creditable service and the salaries of active judges holding comparable positions.

JRS members may elect to withdraw their accumulated contributions within six months of separation in lieu of receiving vested retirement allowances.

### *Optional Forms of Payment*

Generally, JRS retirement allowances are paid as a 50% joint and survivor annuity to the retirees' surviving spouse, or if there is no spouse, to any child under age 18. If the retirees have neither a living spouse nor children under 18 at retirement, retirees may select any one of the following seven payment options.

**Option 1:** Payment guarantees a cash reserve equal to the excess of the present value of the retirement allowance at the date of retirement minus the total amount of payments made to the date of death.

**Option 2:** 100% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 3:** 50% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 4:** Payment guarantees a minimum return of the members' accumulated contributions.

**Option 5:** 100% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 6:** 50% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 7:** Any benefit (monthly allowance) which is actuarially equivalent to the retirement allowance and is approved by the Board of Trustees.

## STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2003	2002
<b>Total Membership</b>		
Active Vested	1,182	1,186
Active Non-vested	360	403
Terminated Vested	41	27
Retired Members	1,695	1,598
<b>Active Members</b>		
Number	1,542	1,589
Average Age	35.7	35.6
Average Years of Service	11.5	11.6
Average Annual Salary	\$52,424	\$52,323
<b>Retirees &amp; Beneficiaries</b>		
Number	1,695	1,598
Average Age	58.6	58.4
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 2,787	\$ 2,694

**THE STATE POLICE RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SPRS)** was established on July 1, 1949 and is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Membership is a condition of employment for all uniformed officers of the Maryland State Police. The Superintendent of the Maryland State Police may elect membership in either the SPRS or the ECPS.

### Member Contributions

All SPRS members contribute 8% of annual earnable compensation during employment.

### Service Retirement Allowances

**Eligibility** — SPRS members are eligible for full service retirement allowances upon attaining age 50 or upon accumulating 22 years of eligibility service regardless of age. Except for the Superintendent, all SPRS members must retire at age 60.

**Allowances** — Full service retirement allowances equal 2.55% of the highest three years' AFS up to a maximum 71.4% of AFS (28 years). Allowances for members who fail to make all required contributions are reduced by the actuarial equivalent of the total unpaid contributions plus interest to date of retirement.

### Early Retirement Allowances

**Eligibility** — SPRS members are not eligible for early service retirement allowances.

### Ordinary Disability Retirement Allowances

**Eligibility** — SPRS members are eligible for ordinary disability retirement allowances upon completing five years of eligibility

service and receiving certification from the Medical Board that they are permanently incapable of performing their necessary job functions.

**Allowances** — Ordinary disability retirement allowances generally equal 2.55% of the highest three years' AFS multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to a maximum of 28 years. The minimum ordinary disability retirement allowance is 35% of AFS.

### Special Disability Retirement Allowances

**Eligibility** — SPRS members are eligible for special disability benefits if the Medical Board certifies that they became totally and permanently incapacitated for duty arising out of or in the actual performance of duty.

**Allowances** — Special disability allowances equal the sum of an annuity determined as the actuarial value of the members' accumulated contributions, and 2/3 (66.7%) of AFS. Allowances may not exceed the members' AFS.

### Ordinary Death Benefits

**Eligibility** — To be eligible for ordinary death benefits, SPRS members must have accumulated at least one but less than two years of eligibility service prior to the date of death.

**Benefits** — The ordinary death benefit equals the members' annual earnable compensation at time of death plus accumulated contributions.

### Special Death Benefits

#### Members in Service

**Eligibility** — To be eligible for special death benefits, SPRS members in service must have accumulated at least two years of eligibility service prior to the date of death or died in the line of duty.

**Benefits** — The special benefit provided upon the death of SPRS members in service equals 50% of the members' annual earnable compensation at time of death paid as an annuity plus return of accumulated contributions. In cases where the deceased members are not survived by a spouse, the decedents' children or dependent parents, if any, will continue to receive an annuity equal to 50% of the members' annual earnable compensation until the youngest child reaches age 18, or for the life of each dependent parent. The special death benefit for troopers killed in the line of duty is 2/3 (66.7%) of AFS.

#### Retired Members

**Eligibility** — To be eligible for special death benefits, SPRS retirees must have retired on either a service retirement allowance or a disability allowance.

**Benefits** — The special benefit provided upon the death of an SPRS retiree equals 50% of the retirees' retirement allowance, paid as an annuity. In cases where the deceased members are not survived by a spouse, the decedents' children, if any, will continue to receive 50% of the retirees' allowance until the youngest child reaches age 18.

In addition to the special death benefits explained above, the survivors of both deceased members in service and deceased retirees may be eligible for certain additional benefits based upon Title II of the federal Social Security Act.

### *Vested Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — SPRS members are eligible for vested retirement allowances after separation from service and upon reaching age 50, provided that at least five years of eligibility service was accumulated prior to separation.

**Allowances** — Vested allowances equal the normal service retirement allowances computed on the basis of the members' accumulated creditable service and AFS at the point of separation.

SPRS members may elect to withdraw their accumulated contributions within two years of separation in lieu of receiving vested retirement allowances. If members do not withdraw their contributions, and die before attaining age 50, their accumulated contributions are returned to the designated beneficiary.

### *Cost-of-Living Adjustments*

Retirement allowances are adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index. COLAs are effective July 1st of each year and are applied to all allowances payable for the year.

### *Optional Forms of Payment*

Generally, SPRS retirement allowances are paid as a 50% joint and survivor annuity to the retirees' spouse, or if there is no spouse, to any child under age 18. If the retirees have neither a living spouse nor children under 18 at retirement, the retirees may select any one of the following seven payment options.

**Option 1:** Payment guarantees a cash reserve equal to the present value of the retirement allowance at the date of retirement minus the total amount of payments (less COLAs) made to the date of death.

**Option 2:** 100% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 3:** 50% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 4:** Payment guarantees a minimum return of the members' accumulated contributions.

**Option 5:** 100% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 6:** 50% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 7:** Any benefit (monthly allowance) which is actuarially equivalent to the retirement allowance and is approved by the Board of Trustees.

### *Workers' Compensation Benefits Reduction*

Disability retirement allowances are generally reduced by workers' compensation benefits paid after retirement if, and to the extent that, such benefits are for the same injury and the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are payable. The workers' compensation benefit reduction cannot reduce any retirement allowance to less than the amount necessary to cover the retiree's monthly health insurance premiums.

### *Deferred Retirement Option Program*

SPRS members are eligible to participate in a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). To participate, the SPRS member must have at least 22 years of creditable service, but less than 28 years, and be under age 60. The maximum period of participation is 4 years. During the DROP period, the SPRS member is deemed retired and the retirement allowance is placed in an account earning 6% interest. At the end of the DROP period, the lump sum held in the DROP account is paid to the SPRS retiree. The SPRS member must end employment and fully retire at the end of the DROP period.

## LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' PENSION SYSTEM

### A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2003	2002
<b>Total Membership</b>		
Active Vested	1,039	966
Active Non-vested	442	444
Terminated Vested	62	66
Retired Members	503	403
<b>Active Members</b>		
Number	1,481	1,410
Average Age	39.6	39.7
Average Years of Service	11.5	11.5
Average Annual Salary	\$46,907	\$46,749
<b>Retirees &amp; Beneficiaries</b>		
Number	503	403
Average Age	56.1	57.3
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 2,067	\$ 2,002

### THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS PENSION SYSTEM (LEOPS)

was established on July 2, 1990 and is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Membership in the LEOPS is a condition of employment for all uniformed law enforcement officers of the Maryland State Department of Natural Resources; the Maryland Investigative Services Unit; the Maryland Transportation Authority Police Force; the Baltimore City Sheriff's Department; the State Fire Marshall's Office; the University System of Maryland Police Force; Morgan University Police Force; the BWI Airport Fire and Rescue Department; the Department of General Services Police Force; the Department of Health and Hygiene; the Motor Vehicle Administration; and the Department of Labor, Licensing, and Regulation. In addition, membership includes law enforcement officers employed by a governmental unit that elects to participate in LEOPS.

The LEOPS consists of two separate components — a retirement plan and a pension plan. Retirement plan provisions are applicable to those officers who, on the date they elected to participate in the LEOPS, were members of ERS. Pension plan provisions are applicable to all other LEOPS members.

### Member Contributions

All member contributions to the LEOPS are based on the members' annual earnable compensation. Members subject to retirement plan provisions that elected to receive unlimited future COLAs contribute 7% if enrolled in the ERS after June 30, 1973. Those members enrolled in the ERS before July 1, 1973 contribute the lesser of 7% or 2% more than the rate of contribution in effect on the date of enrollment. This option is referred to as Selection A (Unlimited COLA).

Members subject to retirement plan provisions that elected to receive limited future COLAs contribute 5% if enrolled in the ERS after June 30, 1973. Those members enrolled in the ERS before July 1, 1973 contribute the lesser of 5% or the rate of contribution in effect on the date of enrollment. This option is referred to as Selection B (Limited COLA).

Members subject to pension plan provisions contribute 4% of annual earnable compensation during employment.

### Service Retirement Allowances

**Eligibility** — LEOPS members are eligible for full service retirement allowances upon attaining age 50 or upon accumulating 25 years of eligibility service regardless of age.

**Allowances** — For members subject to the retirement plan provisions, full service retirement allowances equal 2.0% of AFS for the first 30 years of creditable service, plus 1.0% of AFS for each additional year.

For members subject to the modified pension system provisions, full service pension allowances equal 2.0% of AFS up to a maximum benefit of 60% of AFS (30 years of credit). For members subject to the non-modified pension system provisions, full service pension allowances equal 2.3% of AFS for the first 30 years of creditable service, plus 1.0% of AFS for each additional year.

Allowances for members who fail to make all required contributions are reduced by the actuarial equivalent of the total unpaid contributions plus interest to the date of retirement.

### Early Retirement Allowances

**Eligibility** — LEOPS members are not eligible for early service retirement allowances.

### Ordinary Disability Retirement Allowances

**Eligibility** — LEOPS members are eligible for ordinary disability retirement allowances upon completing five years of eligibility service and receiving Medical Board certification as to their permanent incapacity to perform their necessary job functions.

**Allowances** — Ordinary disability retirement allowances for LEOPS members subject to retirement plan provisions equal the greater of the normal service retirement allowance or 25% of AFS.

Ordinary disability retirement allowances for LEOPS members subject to pension plan provisions equal the full service pension allowance if the member is at least age 50 on the date of retirement. Otherwise, the allowances equal full service pension allowances computed as though the member had continued to work until age 50 without any change in the rate of earnable compensation.

### *Accidental Disability Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — LEOPS members are eligible for accidental disability benefits if the Medical Board certifies that they became totally and permanently incapacitated for duty arising out of or in the actual performance of duty.

**Allowances** — Accidental disability allowances equal the sum of an annuity determined as the actuarial value of the members' accumulated contributions, and 2/3 (66.7%) of AFS. Allowances may not exceed the members' AFS.

### *Ordinary Death Benefits*

**Eligibility** — To be eligible for ordinary death benefits, LEOPS members must have accumulated at least one but less than two years of eligibility service prior to the date of death.

**Benefits** — The ordinary death benefit equals the members' annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus accumulated contributions.

### *Special Death Benefits*

#### **Members in Service**

**Eligibility** — To be eligible for special death benefits, LEOPS members in service must have accumulated at least two years of eligibility service prior to the date of death or died in the line of duty.

**Benefits** — The special death benefit provided upon death for LEOPS members in service equals 50% of the applicable ordinary disability allowance. In cases where the deceased members are not survived by a spouse, the decedents' children or dependent parents, if any, will continue to receive the special death benefit until the youngest child reaches age 18, or for the life of each dependent parent. The special death benefit for officers killed in the line of duty is 2/3 (66.7%) of AFS.

#### *Retired Members*

**Eligibility** — To be eligible for special death benefits, LEOPS retirees must have retired on either a service retirement allowance or a disability allowance.

**Benefits** — The special death benefit provided upon death for LEOPS retirees equals 50% of the retirees' retirement allowance, paid as an annuity. In cases where the deceased members are not survived by a spouse, the decedents' children, if any, will continue to receive 50% of the retirees' allowance until the youngest child reaches age 18.

### *Vested Pension Allowances*

**Eligibility** — LEOPS members are eligible for vested pension allowances after separation from service and upon attaining age 50, provided that they accumulated at least five years of eligibility service prior to separation.

**Allowances** — Vested allowances equal the normal service retirement or pension allowances computed on the basis of the members' accumulated creditable service and AFS at the date of separation.

### *Cost-of-Living Adjustments*

Retirement allowances are adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index. COLAs are effective July 1st of each year and are applied to all allowances payable for the year. For LEOPS members subject to retirement plan provisions, annual COLAs are determined under the various methods applicable to ERS members. Each method is explained below:

**Selection A (Unlimited COLA)** — LEOPS members who elected Selection A (while enrolled in the ERS), agreed to contribute 7% of earnable compensation in return for unlimited annual COLAs after retirement.

**Selection B (Limited COLA)** — LEOPS members who elected Selection B (while enrolled in the ERS), agreed to contribute no more than 5% of earnable compensation in return for COLAs which are limited to 5% annually after retirement.

For all other LEOPS members, annual COLA's are limited to 3% of the annual allowance.

### *Optional Forms of Payment*

Generally, LEOPS retirement allowances are paid as a 50% joint and survivor annuity to the retirees' spouse, or if there is no spouse, to any child under age 18. If the retirees have neither a living spouse nor children under 18 at retirement, the retirees may select any one of the following seven payment options.

**Option 1:** Payment guarantees a cash reserve equal to the excess of the present value of the retirement allowance at the date of retirement minus the total amount of payments (less COLAs) made to the date of death.

**Option 2:** 100% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 3:** 50% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 4:** Payment guarantees a minimum return of the members' accumulated contributions.

**Option 5:** 100% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 6:** 50% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 7:** Any benefit (monthly allowance) which is actuarially equivalent to the retirement allowance and is approved by the Board of Trustees.

### Workers' Compensation Benefits Reduction

Disability retirement allowances are generally reduced by workers' compensation benefits paid after retirement if, and to the extent that, such benefits are for the same injury and the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are payable. The workers' compensation benefit reduction cannot reduce any retirement

allowance to less than the amount necessary to cover the retirees' monthly health insurance premiums.

### Deferred Retirement Option Program

LEOPS members are eligible to participate in a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP). To participate, the LEOPS member must have at least 25 years of creditable service, but less than 30 years. The maximum period of participation is 5 years. During the DROP period, the LEOPS member is deemed retired and the retirement allowance is placed in an account earning 6% interest. At the end of the DROP period, the lump sum held in the DROP account is paid to the LEOPS retiree. The LEOPS member must end employment and fully retire at the end of the DROP period.

## LOCAL FIRE AND POLICE SYSTEM

### A COMPOSITE PICTURE

	2003	2002
<b>Total Membership</b>		
Active Vested	80	123
Active Non-vested	47	58
Terminated Vested	35	36
Retired Members	33	26
<b>Active Members</b>		
Number	127	181
Average Age	36.5	36.9
Average Years of Service	11.1	12.2
Average Annual Salary	\$36,895	\$39,715
<b>Retirees &amp; Beneficiaries</b>		
Number	33	26
Average Age	52.0	50.6
Average Monthly Benefit	\$ 1,577	\$ 1,612

**THE LOCAL FIRE AND POLICE SYSTEM (LFPS)** was established on July 1, 1989 and is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Membership in the LFPS is open to all law enforcement officers and fire fighters employed by participating governmental units on the date participation begins. Membership is mandatory for all officers and fire fighters hired after a unit's date of election to participate.

The LFPS consists of two separate components — a retirement plan and a pension plan. Retirement plan provisions are applicable to those officers and fire fighters that, on the date they elected

to participate in the LFPS, were members of ERS. Pension plan provisions are applicable to all other LFPS members.

### Member Contributions

Members subject to retirement plan provisions contribute 7% of annual earnable compensation. Members subject to pension plan provisions contribute 5% of earnable compensation in excess of the social security wage base.

### Service Retirement Allowances

**Eligibility** — All LFPS members are eligible for full service retirement or pension allowances upon accumulating 25 years of eligibility service, regardless of age. Also, regardless of the length of service, LFPS retirement plan members are eligible for full service retirement allowances upon attaining age 60; and LFPS pension plan members are eligible for full service pension allowances upon attaining age 62.

**Allowances** — For members subject to retirement plan provisions, full service retirement allowances equal 1/50 (2.0%) of AFS for the first 30 years of creditable service, plus 1/100 (1.0%) of AFS for each additional year.

For members subject to pension plan provisions, full service pension allowances equal 1.0% of AFS up to the SSIL, plus 1.5% of AFS in excess of the SSIL, multiplied by the number of years of accumulated creditable service. Additionally, LFPS pension plan members whose employers do not contribute to social security receive the difference between the aforementioned pension allowance and 1.5% of their entire AFS as a supplemental pension allowance.

Allowances for members who fail to make all required contributions are reduced by the actuarial equivalent of the total unpaid contributions plus interest to the date of retirement.

### *Early Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — LFPS members are not eligible for early service retirement allowances.

### *Ordinary Disability Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — LFPS members are eligible for ordinary disability retirement allowances upon completing five years of eligibility service with Medical Board certification as to their permanent incapacity to perform their necessary job functions.

**Allowances** — Ordinary disability retirement allowances for LFPS members subject to retirement plan provisions equal the greater of the normal service retirement allowance or 25% of AFS.

Ordinary disability retirement allowances for LFPS members subject to pension plan provisions equal the full service pension allowance if the member is at least age 62 on the date of retirement. Otherwise, the allowances equal full service pension allowances computed as though the member had continued to work until age 62 without any change in the rate of earnable compensation.

### *Accidental Disability Retirement Allowances*

**Eligibility** — LFPS members are eligible for accidental disability benefits if the Medical Board certifies that, in the course of job performance and as the direct result of an accidental injury, they became totally and permanently disabled.

**Allowances** — Accidental disability allowances equal the sum of an annuity determined as the actuarial value of the members' accumulated contributions, and 2/3 (66.7%) of AFS. Allowances may not exceed the members' AFS.

### *Ordinary Death Benefits*

**Eligibility** — To be eligible for death benefits, LFPS members must have accumulated at least one year of eligibility service prior to the date of death or died in the line of duty.

**Benefits** — The benefit provided upon death for LFPS members equals the members' annual earnable compensation at the time of death plus accumulated contributions. Under certain circumstances, surviving spouses who were named sole primary benefi-

ciaries may elect to receive either the aforementioned lump sum payment or a monthly allowance calculated under Option 2 (100% survivor option).

### *Vested Pension Allowances*

**Eligibility** — LFPS members are eligible for vested pension allowances after separation from service and upon attaining age 62, provided that they accumulated at least five years of eligibility service prior to separation. LFPS members subject to pension plan provisions may be eligible for reduced vested pension allowances upon attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service. Vested allowances are reduced by 0.5% for each month by which the allowance commencement date precedes the date on which the members attain age 62.

**Allowances** — Vested allowances equal the normal service retirement or pension allowances computed on the basis of the members' accumulated creditable service and AFS at the date of separation.

LFPS retirement plan members may elect to withdraw their accumulated contributions within two years of separation in lieu of receiving the accrued vested retirement allowances. If members do not withdraw their contributions, and die before attaining age 60, their accumulated contributions are returned to the designated beneficiary.

LFPS pension plan members, who elect to withdraw their accumulated contributions, if any, remain eligible to receive the employer-provided vested benefit.

### *Cost-of-Living Adjustments*

Retirement and pension allowances are adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index. COLA's are effective July 1st of each year and are applied to all allowances payable for the year. For all LFPS members who are not former members of the ERS, annual COLAs are limited to 3% of the initial allowance annually.

### *Optional Forms of Payment*

**Option 1:** Payment guarantees a cash reserve equal to the present value of the retirement allowance at the date of retirement minus the total amount of payments (less COLAs) made to the date of death.

**Option 2:** 100% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 3:** 50% joint and survivor annuity.

**Option 4:** Payment guarantees a minimum return of the members' accumulated contributions.

**Option 5:** 100% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 6:** 50% joint and survivor annuity with adjustment to maximum benefit if beneficiary predeceases retiree.

**Option 7:** Any benefit (monthly allowance) which is actuarially equivalent to the retirement allowance and is approved by the Board of Trustees.

#### *Workers' Compensation Benefits Reduction*

Disability retirement allowances are generally reduced by workers' compensation benefits paid after retirement if, and to the extent that, such benefits are for the same injury and the same period of time for which the retirement benefits are payable. The workers' compensation benefit reduction cannot reduce any retirement allowance to less than the amount necessary to cover the retiree's monthly health insurance premiums.